Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

City of Berkley, Michigan

Year Ended June 30, 2024 with Report of Independent Auditors



Prepared by the City of Berkley's Finance Department

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT



City of Berkley, Michigan For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024 as prepared by the Finance Department

City Council

Bridget Dean – Mayor

Ross Gavin, Mayor Pro-Tempore Steven W. Baker Gregory Patterson Dennis S. Hennen Clarence Black Jessica Vilani

City Manager

Crystal VanVleck

Finance Director

Carl Johnson

City of Berkley, Michigan

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

Year Ended June 30, 2024

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City of Berkley, Michigan List of City Officials June 30, 2024



City Manager

Crystal VanVleck, City Manager Stan Lisica, Chief Innovation Officer Charlaine Stevenson, Assistant to City Manager

City Clerk

Victoria Mitchell, City Clerk Rachel Patterson, Deputy City Clerk

Department of Public Works

Shawn Young, Director Ric Chalmers, Deputy Director Janis Laity, Executive Assistant

Finance/Treasury Department

Carl Johnson, Finance Director Bryan Bemis, Treasurer

Library

Matthew Church, Library Director Lauren Diamond, Office Administrator

Parks and Recreation

Dan McMinn, Interim Director Bobby Green, Manager of Recreation Programs

Community Development

Kristen Kapelanski, Director Kimberly Anderson, Zoning Administrator

Public Safety

Matthew Koehn, Chief Mary Staron, Executive Assistant



LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL

December 30, 2024

The Honorable Mayor Bridget Dean Members of the City Council And Citizens of the City of Berkley

As City Manager and Finance Director, we are pleased to submit the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) of the City of Berkley for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024.

This report is prepared for the purpose of disclosing the City's financial condition to residents, elected officials, and other interested parties. The financial statements contain all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial activities and condition. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including disclosures belongs to the City exclusively. We believe that the information presented is accurate in all material aspects, that it is presented in a manner designated to fairly set forth the financial position and results of operation of the City, and that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain the best understanding of the City's financial affairs have been included.

All local units of governments within the State of Michigan must comply with the Uniform Budgeting and Accounting Act, Public Act 2 of 1968 as amended, which requires an annual audit of the financial records and transactions of the City by independent certified public accountants. Chapter 9.8 of the Berkley City Charter also references Public Act 2 of 1968 and requires an independent audit of the City's financial records and transactions. The primary purpose of the auditing requirements of this act is to maintain the confidence of all interested parties as to the integrity of the record-keeping and financial reporting of the local unit of government such as the City of Berkley. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the detailed MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) has awarded the City of Berkley with a certificate of excellence in financial reporting from GFOA for its first Annual Comprehensive Financial Report that was provided to the leadership and citizens of the City for the last ten fiscal years and we expect to continue this tradition in 2024.

Profile of the Local Government

The City of Berkley became a City in May 1932. Berkley is located in Oakland County, Michigan and encompasses an area of approximately 2.6 square miles and has approximately 15,000 residents. The City is a mature community located eleven miles northwest of downtown Detroit and is directly within the historical Woodward corridor.

The City of Berkley operates under a Council-Manager form of government. The Mayor is elected to a two-year

term and six council members are elected for four-year overlapping terms. The City Council appoints the City Manager and the City Attorney. Both serve at the pleasure of the City Council. All other department heads are appointed by the City Manager. The City provides a full range of municipal services including police and fire through a public safety department; public services, parks, recreational programming for adults, children, and seniors, and cultural services at the City Library. Building inspection, code enforcement, and planning and development are also provided by the City. The City Manager directs all City operations, projects, and programs in accordance with the vision, mission, and goals set by the City Council. In addition to general government services, the activities of the Downtown Development Authority are reported as a discretely presented component unit of the City.

The City of Berkley prepares budgets in accordance with the State of Michigan Uniform Budgeting and Accounting Act, PA 2 of 1968 as amended. Under the direction of the City Manager, the Finance Director prepares an initial projection of revenue for the next fiscal year. Spending priorities are then determined by the City's financial policies, priorities, and mandated requirements of the federal and state governments. Activities of the General Fund/District Court, Special Revenue Funds, and Debt and Construction Funds along with the Downtown Development Authority and the Public Safety Pension System are all appropriated annually by the Berkley City Council. The level of budgetary control (that is the level at which expenditures cannot exceed the appropriated amount) is established by the department. It takes a four-vote majority to adopt and amend the annual appropriations document.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition

City Operation – Future revenues should remain steady or increase at a very slow rate. Each year, the Headlee rollback combined with the Proposal "A" individual property owner restriction of rate increases, keeps the tax revenue increase at or below the rate of inflation. That rate had previously hovered near 2% between 2012 and 2022. However, high inflation drove that rate up to 7.9% in 2023, the highest measured since the implementation of the voter-approved Proposal A of 1994. That rate is expected to fall to approximately 3.1% but the State has yet to publish the rate for 2025 as of authoring this letter.

The City's total tax levy for 2024 was 15.7698 which was unchanged from the 2023 rate. The City has seen a decrease in its Headlee subject millage rates. Michigan municipal funding statutes allow for municipalities to request that voters reset millage rates back to the amount set by the local City Charter.

In August 2012, voters passed a Headlee tax override of \$3.00 per thousand taxable value on all real and personal property in the City to offset the tax base loss and to achieve revenue flexibility. The tax override went into effect on the 7/1/2013 property tax billing. A similar ballot measure to override years of rate decreases in general operating and police/fire millages was denied by voters in May of 2023 leaving these rates at 9.5419 or 3.4581 mills below the rate set by Berkley's 1932 Charter for the 2024/25 fiscal year. It is anticipated that State Shared Revenues will increase slightly in future fiscal years.

Fitch's rating service, which provides credit rating and other financial analysis, confirms the City of Berkley's highquality rating on general obligation bonds as AA with a stable outlook in its most recent report dated February 6, 2017. The report states, "The City has solid flexibility to reduce main expenditure items, and carrying costs for debt service, pension and other post-employment benefits (OPEB) are moderate. The long-term liability burden for the debt and pension is low relative to the City's resource base. The City maintains healthy reserve balances driven by positive operating results." Management has been proactive in maintaining strong financial resilience given the City's small budget and limited ability to independently increase revenues. The City itself completed payment of all outstanding bond debt in 2021. The City currently has only a share of obligations with Oakland County related to improvements with the George W Kuhn Drain as its outstanding debt.

Housing and Local Economy - Wealth levels within the City of Berkley remain above state and national averages. The median household income in Berkley is just over \$96,993 per the Census Bureau's 2021 American Community Survey (ACS). The same survey also listed the per capita income at \$51,070. The City's real estate market has consistently outperformed the region. The 2021 ACS listed the median market rate for housing values as \$238,200 and, as of December 2023, Zillow.com lists that same figure at \$284,949.

Under Michigan state law, market values do not correlate to taxable values and are calculated separately. The City of Berkley's total real property taxable value is \$766,329,150 as of 2024. Per Oakland County Equalization division, there are 7,034 taxable parcels in the City of Berkley, meaning the average taxable value in Berkley is \$108,946.42 across all property types.

The Southeast Michigan Council of Governments is also forecasting that the City of Berkley will maintain a level population of approximately 15,000 people through 2045. As of 2020, the population of the City of Berkley is estimated at 15,513. Per the American Community Survey 2021, there are just over 64,629 single-family homes and another 623 multi-unit residences. Within these 7,252 housing units, 5,934 were owner-occupied and another 1,133 were rented. The City has added owner-occupied and for-rent housing units through private development over the past few years.

Berkley's local economy employs about 13.2% of our residents and the remainder of working-age residents travel to surrounding areas to work in a diverse range of businesses and industries, but with nearly half working within the information & financial activities, leisure & hospitability services, and healthcare services sectors. Within the City of Berkley, Westborn Market, Green Lantern restaurant, Crispelli's restaurant, the Berkley School District, and satellite medical services from Beaumont Hospital are large local employers. Regionally, the main campus of Beaumont Hospital is just outside the City limit.

Employee Pensions and Other Post-Employment Benefits - The City has two pension systems: a Public Safety Pension program created under Public Act 345 of 1937 and a general employee system administered through the Municipal Employee Retirement System (MERS).

The Public Safety Officer pension system is funded through a millage levied locally. The annual rate and level of benefits are overseen by a board appointed by the Mayor and approved by City Council along with union membership representation and the City Treasurer. Internally, the City Finance Department administers the pension benefits of the public safety officers with Board oversight. The pension system has a 67.54% funding ratio with a millage rate set at 2.700 for 2024. All other employees participate in the MERS, a statewide entity that administers the pension benefits of public employees on behalf of municipalities across Michigan. The system covers all eligible non-Public Safety employees for the City of Berkey with the City's Finance Department coordinating all pension issues with MERS locally.

In the case of both systems, the City of Berkley fully funds the annual required contribution (ARC) recommended by the actuary for pensions as determined by an independent actuary engaged by the Public Safety Pension Board and MERS for all other eligible employees. These payments are helped by efforts from the administration to reduce future pension liabilities as well as seek funding outside of tax revenues. City leaders have worked with union and non-union employees to make long-term changes to the structure of Berkley's benefits system. The City ended its previously defined benefit pension program for new hires in 2020. New hires now receive a Defined Contribution Retirement Plan administered by MERS. All non-union and new hires at Public Works must contribute toward their DC and pension benefits. The City has now closed all MERS non-union and Public Works employee pension divisions from new hires effective January 1, 2022.

In 2023, \$1,180,840 in funding was secured through the statewide Protecting MI Pension Act for the Berkley MERS pension system. The City's local system funding ratio was 60% as of its December 31, 2023, financial statement audit report. The new funding rate as of December 31, 2024, should be available from MERS in the summer of 2024 with an improved rate.

In addition to the pension system, the City has been working toward fully funding its other post-employment benefit (OPEB) obligations. In Berkley, this term applies to the costs of providing retiree healthcare to those who were provided this benefit. All Public Safety, non-union, and Public Works employees hired on or after 7/1/2005 or 7/1/2008 no longer receive a defined benefit health care plan at retirement. The City requires contributions to a third-party administrator and matches contributions as defined by contract or policy. As of 2017, the City's net OPEB liability was \$21,622,805, but through aggressive funding and benefit changes, this liability has decreased to \$6,542,038, leaving the plan just over 54% funded in 2024.

Internal Controls and Other Internal Factors - The City continues to review and examine internal controls regularly. Any internal control system contains inherent limitations wherein the objective of internal controls is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of material misstatement. In addition, the cost of an internal control should not exceed the benefit. Our Chief Innovation Officer performs routine checks of file protection and employee separation of critical duties. He also spends time protecting crucial data and separating accounting input and financial transaction duties. These are important internal controls that the City takes very seriously. Automated Clearing House (ACH) and banking transaction controls are separated from the set-up of vendor templates for these transactions. Approval of those financial functions is then completed by another employee. Internal controls can be challenging in a small office environment, but the City will continue to protect data and finances with regular reviews of internal controls and make improvements wherever necessary.

Gratitude & Appreciation

The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report was assembled by an independent auditor, AHP, who provided guidance and assistance in putting this document together. This was made possible by the efficient and dedicated service of many individuals. I wish to express my sincere appreciation to Finance Director Carl Johnson, City Treasurer Bryan Bemis, Deputy Treasure Gina Harold, and Cashier Phyllis Brown. Finally, we would like to also express our appreciation to the Mayor and City Council for their guidance and leadership in the financial matters of the City.

Sincerely,

| Crystal VanVleck | Carl Johnson |
|------------------|------------------|
| Crystal VanVleck | Carl Johnson |
| City Manager | Finance Director |

Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Berkley Michigan

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2023

Christophen P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

City of Berkley, Michigan Fund Organization Chart



GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

General Fund

Special Revenue Funds

Major Street Local Street Infrastructure Fund Solid Waste Community Development Block Grant (CDGB) Recreation Revolving Seniors' Program

Capital Projects

Court Projects Sidewalk Fund

Debt Service

Eleven Mile Road Debt Service

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Water & Sewer System

FIDUCIARY - PENSION TRUST FUNDS

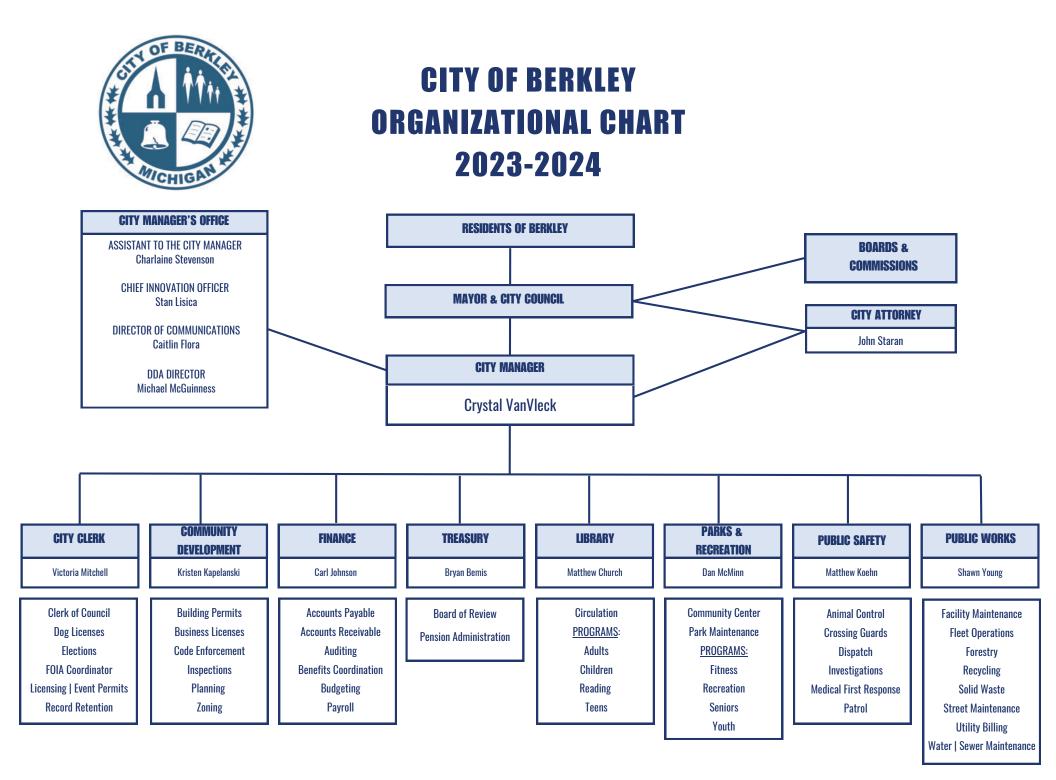
Public Safety Pension System Other Postemployment Benefits

FIDUCIARY - CUSTODIAL FUND

Tax Collection Fund

COMPONENT UNIT

Downtown Development Authority





43252 WOODWARD AVENUE | SUITE 150 | BLOOMFIELD HILLS, MI 48302

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council The City of Berkley, Michigan

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Berkley, Michigan, as of and for the year ended Juned 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Berkley's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Berkley, as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City of Berkley and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Berkley's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

P: 248.340.6050 | <u>WWW.AHP.CPA</u> | F: 248.340.6104

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Berkley's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Berkley's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the required supplementary information, as identified in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Berkley's basic financial statements. The other supplementary information, as identified in the table of contents, is presented for the purpose of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information, as identified in the table of contents is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance on them.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or whether the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 30, 2024, on our consideration of the City of Berkley's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Berkley's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City of Berkley's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

andrews Looper Faulik PLC

Bloomfield Hills, Michigan December 30, 2024

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Year Ended June 30, 2024

As management of the City of Berkley, Michigan, we offer readers this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Berkley (City) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024.

Financial Highlights

- The City Council adopted a Fund Balance Policy that sets a minimum and target range for the unassigned fund balance for the General Fund when compared against the average of the previous three years of General Fund expenditures. As of the end of this fiscal year, the General Fund's unassigned fund balance was \$4,724,607 which is compared to three-year average expenses of \$13,416,944 for a funding ratio of 35%. This ratio falls within the target range 25% to 35%. Unassigned fund balance is the portion of the total that is retained for the purpose of responding for unforeseen challenges after non-spendable, restricted, committed, and assigned classifications have been identified.
- The City's overall taxable value increased 8.3% from \$707,328,110 in 2023 to \$766,329,150 for the July 1, 2023 tax collection season that funds the 2023-2024 fiscal year. Per state law, this growth lags behind the growth in assessed values. Thankfully, this fiscal year marks over ten straight years of positive growth in both taxable and assessed values as the City's residents continue to gain values in their property investments.
- Millage rates in the general operating, police/fire, sanitation, public safety pension, and infrastructure millages remained flat compared to fiscal year 2023 after Michigan's Headlee provision of the state constitution. Our Community Promotions millage decreased by 8.3% from .0706 to .0652.
- Last year, a ballot measure to offset years of millage rate decreases in general operating and police/fire millages was denied by voters in May of 2023 leaving these rates at 9.5419 or 3.4581 mills below the rate set by Berkley's 1932 Charter for the 2023/2024 fiscal year.
- It is anticipated that State Shared Revenues will increase slightly in future fiscal years. Constitutional and city, village, and township revenue-sharing payments (CVTRS), the City's second largest revenue source, increased by \$27,979 or 1.5%, in fiscal year 2023-2024, as compared to 2022-2023.
- The City continued to maintain the structural integrity of its water mains and sewer system by investing approximately \$2,027,000 in water and sewer equipment and improvements in fiscal year 2023-2024.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Year Ended June 30, 2024

- The City also continued to invest in its general infrastructure with over \$5 million worth of capital improvements in fiscal year 2023-2024. Improvements included major and local street improvements, sidewalk improvements, City Hall and Community Center improvements, and equipment purchases.
- For the 24th consecutive year, the City invested in the Library collection. The Library purchased approximately \$34,000 in new reading and rental materials.
- Since 2017, the City has made a conscious effort to prefund its other postemployment benefit (OPEB) liability. Since that time, the City's net unfunded OPEB liability has decreased from \$21,622,805 in 2017 to \$6,542,038 as of June 30, 2024. The chart below shows how the Plan has grown from 17.71% funded to 54.76% funded in eight years. The main factors in this are the closure of this benefit to new hires since 2008 which has allowed the total OPEB liability to fall from \$26,275,808 in 2017 to \$14,462,282 this year. The City also has \$7,920,244 of investments held in trust with the Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS) to fund OPEB liabilities. The City continues to cover all annual costs OPEB costs and paid \$748,991 in this fiscal year.

| Year Ending June 30 | Total OPEB Liability | Plan Net Position | Net OPEB Liability | Plan Net Position as a % of Total OPEB Liability | Covered Payroll | Net OPEB Liability as a % of Covered Payroll |
|------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|--|--------------------|--|
| 2017 | \$ 26,275,808 | \$ 4,653,003 | \$ 21,622,805 | 17.71% | \$ 3,760,501 | 575.00% |
| 2018 | 19,045,830 | 5,007,973 | 14,037,857 | 26.29% | 3,722,725 | 377.09% |
| 2019 | 19,281,920 | 5,403,052 | 13,878,868 | 28.02% | 3,652,907 | 379.94% |
| 2020 | 17,755,924 | 5,528,578 | 12,227,346 | 31.14% | 4,913,491 | 248.85% |
| 2021 | 17,953,275 | 7,272,274 | 10,681,001 | 40.51% | 5,129,064 | 208.24% |
| 2022 | 14,258,100 | 6,680,695 | 7,577,405 | 46.86% | 5,753,643 | 131.70% |
| 2023 | 14,359,955 | 7,192,453 | 7,167,502 | 50.09% | 5,632,492 | 127.25% |
| 2024 | 14,462,282 | 7,920,244 | 6,542,038 | 54.76% | 5,088,064 | 128.58% |

Using this Annual Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The statement of net position and the statement of activities provide information about the activities of the City as a whole and present a longer-term view of the City's finances. This longer-term view uses the accrual basis of accounting so that it can measure the cost of providing services during the current year and whether the taxpayers have funded the full cost of providing government services.

The fund financial statements present a short-term view; they tell the reader how the taxpayers' resources were spent during the year and how much is available for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements by providing information about the City's most significant funds. The fiduciary fund statements provide financial information about activities for which the City acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the government.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Year Ended June 30, 2024

Government-wide Overall Financial Analysis

The following table shows, in a condensed format, the net position as of June 30, 2024 and 2023:

The City's Net Position

| | Governmental Activities | | | Business-ty | Activities | Total | | | | | |
|---|--------------------------------|---|----|---|---|-------|---------------------------------------|----|---|----|---|
| | | 2024 | | 2023 | 2024 | | 2023 | | 2024 | | 2023 |
| Current and other assets Capital assets Total assets | \$ | 10,967,886 24,463,369 35,431,255 | \$ | 14,752,237 20,885,995 35,638,232 | \$ 3,362,725 22,842,676 26,205,401 | \$ | 2,721,399 23,320,324 26,041,723 | \$ | 14,330,611 47,306,045 61,636,656 | \$ | 17,473,636 44,206,319 61,679,955 |
| Deferred outflows | | 7,858,385 | | 1,247,885 | 416,253 | | 380,097 | | 8,274,638 | | 1,627,982 |
| Liabilities Current liabilities Long-term liabilities Total liabilities | | 2,443,583 26,621,181 29,064,764 | | 3,932,099 25,613,359 29,545,458 | 463,746 2,271,303 2,735,049 | | 2,670,878 3,843,499 6,514,377 | | 2,907,329 28,892,484 31,799,813 | | 6,602,977 29,456,858 36,059,835 |
| Deferred inflows | | 5,164,110 | | 3,616,885 | 313,397 | | 714,253 | | 5,477,507 | | 4,331,138 |
| Net position (deficit) Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted | | 24,225,019 3,091,738 (18,255,991) | | 20,885,995 6,311,248 (23,473,469) | 22,590,635 982,573 | | 22,732,304 (3,539,114) | | 46,815,654 3,091,738 (17,273,418) | | 43,618,299 6,311,248 (27,012,583) |
| Total net position | \$ | 9,060,766 | \$ | 3,723,774 | \$ 23,573,208 | \$ | 19,193,190 | \$ | 32,633,974 | \$ | 22,916,964 |

The City's combined total net position increased 42.4% from a year ago – increasing from \$22.9 million to \$32.6 million. Unrestricted net position of the governmental activities and the business-type activities (the part of net position used to finance day-to-day operations) increased 34.9% at June 30, 2024, from (27.0) million to (17.6) million. This increase is due to the increased investment in capital assets using restricted resources.

The governmental activities unrestricted net position increased by approximately \$5,000,000. Analyzing this further, the increase is largely due to decreases in the net position restricted for Streets in relation to increased investment in governmental capital asset.

The unrestricted net position for business-type activities saw an increase of approximately \$4,500,000 and the investment in capital assets decreased by approximately \$73,000.

In reviewing the City's net position of governmental activities, the net investment in capital assets increased approximately \$3,200,000 due to capital improvement within the City.

The following table shows the changes in net position during the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023:

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Year Ended June 30, 2024

The City's Changes in Net Position

| | Governmei | ntal 4 | Activities | | Business-type Activities | | | | | | | | otal | | |
|-----------------------------|--------------|--------|-------------------|----|---------------------------------|----|-------------|----|------------|----|------------|--|------|--|--|
| | 2024 | | 2023 | | 2024 | | 2023 | | 2024 | | 2023 | | | | |
| Revenues | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Program revenue: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Charges for services | \$ 4,266,244 | \$ | 3,918,823 | \$ | 8,282,957 | \$ | 6,722,000 | \$ | 12,549,201 | \$ | 10,640,823 | | | | |
| Operating grants and | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| contributions | 1,958,597 | | 1,916,057 | | - | | - | | 1,958,597 | | 1,916,057 | | | | |
| Capital grants and | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| contributions | 921,061 | | 750,870 | | - | | - | | 921,061 | | 750,870 | | | | |
| General revenue: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Property taxes | 12,493,374 | | 11,260,203 | | - | | - | | 12,493,374 | | 11,260,203 | | | | |
| State-shared revenue | 1,939,765 | | 1,887,088 | | - | | - | | 1,939,765 | | 1,887,088 | | | | |
| Investment earnings | 454,314 | | 167,701 | | 5,629 | | 6,012 | | 459,943 | | 173,713 | | | | |
| Other revenue: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Franchise fees | 184,507 | | 243,759 | | - | | - | | 184,507 | | 243,759 | | | | |
| Sale of capital assets | 5,500 | | 53,398 | | 181,620 | | - | | 187,120 | | 53,398 | | | | |
| Total revenue | 22,223,362 | | 20,197,899 | | 8,470,206 | | 6,728,012 | | 30,693,568 | | 26,925,911 | | | | |
| Expenses: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| General government | 4,856,682 | | 4,402,918 | | - | | - | | 4,856,682 | | 4,402,918 | | | | |
| Public safety | 4,126,161 | | 7,241,289 | | - | | - | | 4,126,161 | | 7,241,289 | | | | |
| Public works | 4,634,453 | | 4,351,707 | | - | | - | | 4,634,453 | | 4,351,707 | | | | |
| Health and welfare | 46,764 | | 78,070 | | - | | - | | 46,764 | | 78,070 | | | | |
| Recreation and culture | 1,777,633 | | 2,335,123 | | - | | - | | 1,777,633 | | 2,335,123 | | | | |
| Water and sewer | - | | - | | 5,096,616 | | 7,740,235 | | 5,096,616 | | 7,740,235 | | | | |
| Total expenses | 15,441,693 | | 18,409,107 | | 5,096,616 | | 7,740,235 | | 20,538,309 | | 26,149,342 | | | | |
| Change in net position | , | | / / | | , , | | , , , | | , , | | , , | | | | |
| before transfers | 6,781,669 | | 1,788,792 | | 3,373,590 | | (1,012,223) | | 10,155,259 | | 776,569 | | | | |
| Net position at beginning | •,••=,••• | | -,, ,, | | - , ,- ,- , - , | | (-,•-=,===) | | | | | | | | |
| of year | 3,723,774 | | 1,934,982 | | 19,193,190 | | 20,205,413 | | 22,916,964 | | 22,140,395 | | | | |
| Restatement for correction | -, -, - | |))- - | | , , - • | | ,, | | y y | | , ., | | | | |
| of error | (1,444,677) | | - | | 1,006,428 | | - | | (438,249) | | | | | | |
| Net position at beginning | | | | | ,, | | | | (,) | | | | | | |
| of year - restated | 2,279,097 | | - | | 20,199,618 | | - | | 22,478,715 | | - | | | | |
| Net position at end of year | \$ 9,060,766 | \$ | 3,723,774 | \$ | 23,573,208 | \$ | 19,193,190 | \$ | 32,633,974 | \$ | 22,916,964 | | | | |
| 1 | ,, | 4 | - ,. == , | 4 | - , , 50 | Ŧ | . ,, | 4 | ,, | * | ., 0,. 0 | | | | |

Governmental Activities

Overall, the net position for governmental activities increased by approximately \$5.34 million in fiscal year 2023-2024 as compared to a decrease of approximately \$1.79 million in fiscal year 2022-2023. This is due to a decrease in expenses coupled with a small increase in revenues. The City received more than \$1.2 million in property tax revenue compared to prior year. Changes in OPEB and pension resulted in the overall net decrease in Public Safety expenditures by approximately \$2.05 million.

Business-type Activities

The City's business-type activities include water and sewer enterprise operations. The City provides water and sewer services to residents through contracts or consortiums with the Great Lakes Water Authority and the Southeastern Oakland County Water Authority. Total net position for all business-type activities increased approximately \$4.38 million in fiscal year 2023-2024. Charges for services increased significantly by more than \$1.56 million or 23.2%. On the expenditure side of the ledger there was an overall decrease in costs of \$2.6 million, primarily a result of the decrease in OPEB and pension liabilities of approximately \$1.57 million.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Year Ended June 30, 2024

The City of Berkley's Funds

The City of Berkley's major fund financial statements follow the statement of net position and statement of activities. The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds, not the City as a whole.

The City's major funds for the year ended June 30, 2024 include the General Fund & the Major Streets Fund.

The General Fund pays for most of the City's governmental services. The General Fund recorded \$13.9 million in expenses to provide city service and purchase capital equipment in fiscal year 2023-2024. When adding in operating transfers to other funds, the total General Fund expenditures for the fiscal year were approximately \$14.9 million. The most significant of these costs is public safety (police and fire), which incurred expenses of approximately \$5.95 million within the General Fund. Public safety expenses were 42.8% of the total operating General Fund expenses. The City ended the fiscal year with an increase of fund balance of approximately \$1.0 million which included \$547,000 of capital expenditures spent during the fiscal year. The City recognized \$500,000 of ARPA Federal Grant revenue during fiscal year 2023-2024 and has a remaining balance of \$500,000 which is recorded as unearned revenue as of June 30, 2024 as the funds have not been spent as of year-end. Those funds can be used to offset some of the lost revenue incurred during COVID-19 shutdowns and other infrastructure projects approved by the federal government.

The Major Streets Fund recognized nearly \$1.5 million in total revenue, primarily from the State of Michigan related to Act 51 roads and streets funding. It's expenditures totaled \$2.9 million related to roads and streets improvements and capital outlay, and transferred \$200,000 to the Local Streets Fund.

This year, the Infrastructure Fund (previously referred to as the Road Millage Fund), moved to a nonmajor fund and recognized \$1.4 million in revenue, primarily from property taxes and expended \$1.6 million in capital outlay related to infrastructure improvements.

Public safety services are partially supported by two special public safety millages, which are recorded in the General Fund. The first millage is for operations, and the second millage is for retirement contributions and legacy costs (PA 345 levy). Revenue generated by these two millage rates was approximately \$3.23 million. During the 2023-2024 fiscal year, expenditures recorded in the General Fund directly related to public safety amounted to approximately \$5.95 million. The remaining cost of the police and fire protection is funded by other general revenue sources of the General Fund.

The City presents the Solid Waste Service Fund activity in the nonmajor fund category of the financial statements. The City spent \$1.64 million to collect and dispose of the City's solid waste, recyclables, and leaves in fiscal year 2023-2024. In addition to property taxes collected of approximately \$1.28 million, the fund also recorded approximately \$830,000 in charges for service. As of June 30, 2024, \$886,859 remains in the Solid Waste Service Fund fund balance.

The Recreation Revolving Fund recorded approximately \$1.33 million in operating and capital expenses. Recreation program revenue amounted to approximately \$2.16 million and the fund received

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Year Ended June 30, 2024

support of \$900,000 from the General Fund. This resulted in an ending fund balance of \$295,210 as of June 30, 2024 for the Recreation Revolving Fund.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The General Fund had an original budgeted increase of fund balance of approximately \$50,000 and had a final amended increase of fund balance of approximately \$162,000. Actual revenues came in approximately \$1.61 million lower than anticipated and expenditures were less than anticipated by approximately \$2.49 million resulting in a final net increase in General Fund fund balance of \$1,033,054. Some of the favorable expenditure variances were a result of projects budgeted in fiscal year 2023-2024 that were not completed and will need to be rolled over or rebudgeted in fiscal year 2024-2025.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

At the end of fiscal year June 30, 2024, the City had a net book value of approximately \$47.3 million invested in a broad range of capital assets, including buildings, police and fire equipment, and water and sewer lines. In addition, the City invested significantly in its major and local road system.

Additions to capital assets include city building improvements, road & sidewalk improvements throughout the City, equipment for various city departments, and several vehicles for both the department of public works & police department. Additional information regarding the City's capital assets and long-term debt can be found in Note 4 and 6, respectively, within the financial statements.

All bond obligations of the City are business-type debt in the Water and Sewer Fund. Total bond obligations for the Water and Sewer Fund are down approximately \$405,000 from fiscal year 2022-2023 to approximately \$183,000 in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024.

In January 2017, Fitch Ratings services affirmed the City's bond rating as AA stable for the general obligation road bonds, Series 2066. Fitch Ratings stated, "The City has maintained very stable financial operations throughout the most recent economic recession. Management has been proactive in maintaining strong financial resilience given the City's small budget and limited ability to independently increase revenue. Fitch believes that the City will maintain strong financial resilience based on management's history of conservative budgeting practices and solid expenditure flexibility."

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Year Ended June 30, 2024

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The Oakland County Assessor's Office projected a 7.28% increase in property taxable value within the City of Berkley for the July 2024 tax year (fiscal year 2024-2025). Due to an inflation above 5.00%, the negative effects of the Headlee amendment will continue and the City will be required to reduce its millage rate for fiscal year 2024-2025 for its operating, public safety, sanitation, and infrastructure millages.

It is anticipated that the State of Michigan will have a 3.2% increase in state-shared revenue payments to local governments as the State is on solid footing thanks to a one-time influx of Federal funds. This should create increases in state income and sales tax, which make up the components of state-shared revenue payment distribution in fiscal year 2024-2025.

As stated earlier in this discussion, the City sought but was not able to pass a restoration of 3.4581 mills lost to the State's Headlee Amendment. The restoration of these mills would have added approximately \$2.5 million to the City's General Fund and Public Safety budget. The City has adopted a 2024-2025 budget that includes maintain services at existing levels and provides for minimal amounts for capital outlay. The administration will formulate a long-term plan on how to address the significant unfunded capital needs.

The voters approved an infrastructure millage for road repair/replacement and water and sewer line replacement of up to 2 mills in November 2018. This millage has been permanently rolled back by Headlee to 1.8507 at June 30, 2024. The City continued repair and replacement of the worst condition roads over a 10-year program utilizing this millage and supplementing with Major Streets, Local Streets and Water and Sewer Funds.

In order to fund needed capital projects, the City was able to secure \$1.7 million in state and federal grant awards for the replacement of HVAC units throughout city owned facilities. Unfortunately, costs significantly increased over the three years the City was waiting on grant approval and the current estimate for the project is approximately \$2.7 million. The City is working on a plan to fund the cost overage. These will improve energy efficiency and reduce consumption. These new units will improve reliability in heating and cooling which has not been a guarantee for city staff or residents who work in or visit city buildings.

During fiscal year 2022-2023, \$1,180,840 in funding was secured through the statewide Protecting MI Pension Act for the Berkley MERS pension system. The City's local system funding ratio was 54.7% as of its December 31, 2021 financial statements and audit report. The new funding ratio as of December 31, 2023 actuary report was 60%.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Year Ended June 30, 2024

On the expenditure side of operations, the City continues to carefully manage resources that are available for operations and improvements. The City evaluates all current operating programs in order to determine if the program provides a quality level of service at a fair cost. The City continues to evaluate revenue to ensure that revenue charged ratepayers meet program expenses.

Salaries and fringes continue to be the largest expenditures, making up approximately 70% of the General Fund budget. The City will also continue to make investments in its capital structure, such as police vehicles, department of public works equipment, upgrades to parks and park structures, various street repair projects, a sidewalk program, and water and sewer improvements and lining.

Requests for Further Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Berkley's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Municipal Offices at 400 Sixth Street, Berkley, Michigan 48307.

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2024

| | | Primary Governme | nt | | | | |
|---|-------------|---------------------------------------|---------------|------------|--|--|--|
| | Governmenta | | | | | | |
| | Activities | Activities | Total | Unit | | | |
| Assets | | | | | | | |
| Cash and investments | \$ 9,432,99 | 3 \$ 73,544 | \$ 9,506,537 | \$ 271,402 | | | |
| Receivables: | | | | | | | |
| Customers | 484,80 | 2 3,277,500 | 3,762,302 | - | | | |
| Other governmental units | 667,23 | - 3 | 667,233 | - | | | |
| Interest | 32 | 5 - | 325 | - | | | |
| Inventories | 75,07 | 9 - | 75,079 | - | | | |
| Prepaid costs | 307,45 | 4 11,681 | 319,135 | - | | | |
| Capital Assets: | | | | | | | |
| Assets not subject to depreciation | 971,26 | 8 13,795 | 985,063 | - | | | |
| Assets subject to depreciation - net | 23,492,10 | 1 22,828,881 | 46,320,982 | - | | | |
| Total assets | 35,431,25 | 5 26,205,401 | 61,636,656 | 271,402 | | | |
| Deferred outflows of resources | | | | | | | |
| Deferred pension cost increases | 6,402,03 | 5 304,606 | 6,706,641 | - | | | |
| Deferred OPEB cost increases | 1,456,35 | | 1,567,997 | - | | | |
| Total deferred outflows of resources | 7,858,38 | | 8,274,638 | - | | | |
| T in hillsing | | | | | | | |
| Liabilities | 911.06 | 7 424.249 | 1 245 415 | 50 177 | | | |
| Accounts payable | 811,06 | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 1,245,415 | 58,477 | | | |
| Cash bonds and deposits | 504,29 | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 508,241 | - | | | |
| Accrued liabilities and other | 414,37 | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 439,826 | 3,292 | | | |
| Unearned revenue | 713,84 | | 713,847 | - | | | |
| Noncurrent liabilities: | | | | | | | |
| Due within one year: | | 50 | (2.525 | | | | |
| Compensated absences | - | 62,727 | 62,727 | - | | | |
| Current portion of long-term debt | - | 39,666 | 39,666 | - | | | |
| Due in more than one year: | 721.00 | 2 | 721.002 | | | | |
| Compensated absences | 731,80 | | 731,803 | | | | |
| Net pension liability | 19,813,15 | | 21,372,675 | - | | | |
| Net OPEB liability | 6,076,22 | , | 6,542,038 | - | | | |
| Long-term debt – net of current portion | - | 143,575 | 143,575 | - | | | |
| Total liabilities | 29,064,76 | 4 2,735,049 | 31,799,813 | 61,769 | | | |
| Deferred inflows of resources | | | | | | | |
| Deferred pension cost decreases | 2,571,15 | 5 114,615 | 2,685,770 | - | | | |
| Deferred OPEB cost decreases | 2,592,95 | 5 198,782 | 2,791,737 | - | | | |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | 5,164,11 | 0 313,397 | 5,477,507 | - | | | |
| Net position | | | | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | 24,225,01 | 9 22,590,635 | 46,815,654 | - | | | |
| Restricted: | | | , , | | | | |
| Streets | 2,134,18 | | 2,134,182 | - | | | |
| Community development and promotion | 70,69 | | 70,697 | - | | | |
| Sanitation | 886,85 | | 886,859 | - | | | |
| Unrestricted | (18,255,99 | | (17,273,418) | | | | |
| Total net position | \$ 9,060,76 | 6 \$ 23,573,208 | \$ 32,633,974 | \$ 209,633 | | | |

Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

| | | | Program Reven | ues | Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net | | | Position |
|--|---------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|--|-----------------------------|----------------|-------------------|
| | | | | | Р | Primary Governmen | | |
| | | | Operating Grants and | Capital Grants and | Governmental | D • • | | C |
| | Expenses | Charges for Services | Contributions | and Contributions | Activities | Business-type Activities | Total | Component Unit |
| Functions/Programs | | ~~~~~~ | | | | | | |
| Primary government: | | | | | | | | |
| Governmental activities: | | | | | | | | |
| General government | \$ 4,856,682 | \$ 1,848,381 | \$ 19,518 | \$ 786,011 | \$ (2,202,772) | - \$ | \$ (2,202,772) | \$ - |
| Public safety | 4,126,161 | 390,567 | 24,000 | 7,990 | (3,703,604) |) – | (3,703,604) | - |
| Public works | 4,634,453 | 1,195,117 | 1,899,671 | - | (1,539,665) |) – | (1,539,665) | - |
| Health and welfare | 46,764 | 332,219 | - | 33,060 | 318,515 | - | 318,515 | - |
| Recreation and cultural | 1,777,633 | 499,960 | 15,408 | 94,000 | (1,168,265) |) – | (1,168,265) | - |
| Total governmental activities | 15,441,693 | 4,266,244 | 1,958,597 | 921,061 | (8,295,791) | - | (8,295,791) | - |
| Business-type activities: | | | | | | | | |
| Water and sewer | 5,096,616 | 8,282,957 | - | - | - | 3,186,341 | 3,186,341 | - |
| Total primary government | \$ 20,538,309 | \$ 12,549,201 | \$ 1,958,597 | \$ 921,061 | (8,295,791) | 3,186,341 | (5,109,450) | - |
| Component unit: | | | | | | | | |
| Downtown Development Authority | \$ 578,297 | \$ 11,851 | \$ - | \$ 7,500 | - | - | - | (558,946) |
| General revenue: | | | | | | | | |
| Property taxes | | | | | 12,493,374 | - | 12,493,374 | 466,953 |
| Unrestricted state-shared revenue | | | | | 1,939,765 | - | 1,939,765 | - |
| Unrestricted investment income | | | | | 454,314 | 5,629 | 459,943 | 11,768 |
| Franchise fees | | | | | 184,507 | - | 184,507 | - |
| Gain on sale of capital assets | | | | | 5,500 | 181,620 | 187,120 | - |
| Total general revenue | | | | | 15,077,460 | 187,249 | 15,264,709 | 478,721 |
| Change in net position | | | | | 6,781,669 | 3,373,590 | 10,155,259 | (80,225) |
| Net position at beginning of year, as previously prese | ented | | | | 3,723,774 | 19,193,190 | 22,916,964 | 289,858 |
| Restatement for correction of an error | | | | | (1,444,677) | 1,006,428 | (438,249) | - |
| Net position at beginning of year - restated | | | | | 2,279,097 | 20,199,618 | 22,478,715 | 289,858 |
| Net position at end of year | | | | | \$ 9,060,766 | \$ 23,573,208 | \$ 32,633,974 | \$ 209,633 |

Governmental Funds Balance Sheet

June 30, 2024

| | Jui | Juie 30, 2024 | | | | | | |
|---|-----|---------------|----|----------------------|----|-------------------|----|-------------------------------|
| | Ge | eneral Fund | M | ajor Streets Fund | ľ | Nonmajor Funds | Go | Total overnmental Funds |
| Assets | | | | | | | | |
| Cash and investments | \$ | 6,317,037 | \$ | 1,235,344 | \$ | 1,880,612 | \$ | 9,432,993 |
| Receivables: | | | | | | | | |
| Taxes | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Customers | | 56,486 | | - | | 428,316 | | 484,802 |
| Other governmental units | | 373,462 | | 209,855 | | 83,916 | | 667,233 |
| Interest | | 325 | | - | | - | | 325 |
| Due from other funds | | 155,136 | | - | | - | | 155,136 |
| Inventories | | 75,079 | | - | | - | | 75,079 |
| Prepaid expenses | | 301,398 | | - | | 6,056 | | 307,454 |
| Total assets | \$ | 7,278,923 | \$ | 1,445,199 | \$ | 2,398,900 | \$ | 11,123,022 |
| Liabilities and fund balances | | | | | | | | |
| Liabilities: | | | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ | 592,041 | \$ | 28,845 | \$ | 190,181 | \$ | 811,067 |
| Due to other funds | | - | | - | | 155,136 | | 155,136 |
| Cash bonds and deposits | | 504,294 | | - | | - | | 504,294 |
| Accrued liabilities and other | | 365,342 | | 1,045 | | 47,988 | | 414,375 |
| Unearned revenue | | 682,162 | | - | | 31,685 | | 713,847 |
| Total liabilities | | 2,143,839 | | 29,890 | | 424,990 | | 2,598,719 |
| Deferred inflows of resources: | | | | | | | | |
| Unavailable revenue | | 34,000 | | - | | - | | 34,000 |
| Fund balances: | | | | | | | | |
| Nonspendable - inventory and prepaid items | | 376,477 | | - | | 6,056 | | 382,533 |
| restricted for: | | | | | | | | |
| Streets | | - | | 1,415,309 | | 718,873 | | 2,134,182 |
| Community service | | - | | - | | 70,697 | | 70,697 |
| Solid waste service | | - | | - | | 886,859 | | 886,859 |
| Committed - recreation | | - | | - | | 291,425 | | 291,425 |
| Unassigned | | 4,724,607 | | - | | - | | 4,724,607 |
| Total fund balances | | 5,101,084 | | 1,415,309 | | 1,973,910 | | 8,490,303 |
| Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, | | | | | | | | |
| and fund balances | \$ | 7,278,923 | \$ | 1,445,199 | \$ | 2,398,900 | \$ | 11,123,022 |
| | | , , - | - | , , | | , , | - | , , |

Governmental Funds Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2024

| Fund Balance Reported in Governmental Funds | \$ 8,490,303 |
|--|-----------------|
| Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because: | |
| Capital assets used in the governmental activities are not financial resources and are reported in the funds. | 24,463,369 |
| Receivables that are not collected soon after year end are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds. | 34,000 |
| Some employee fringe benefits are payable over a long period of years and do not represent a claim on current financial resources; therefore, they are not reported as fund liabilities: | |
| Employee compensated absences are payable over a long period of years and do not represent a claim on current financial resources; therefore, they are not reported as fund liabilities. | (731,803) |
| Net pension liability and related deferred inflows of resources and deferred outflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds. | (15,982,278) |
| Net OPEB liability and related deferred inflows of resources and deferred outflows of resources and are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds. | (7,212,825) |
| Net Position of Governmental Activities | \$ 9,060,766 |

Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

| | Ge | neral Fund | M | ajor Streets Fund | Infra | erly Major) astructure Fund | ľ | Nonmajor Funds | Go | Total overnmental Funds |
|--|----|------------|----|----------------------|-------|-----------------------------------|----|-------------------|----|-------------------------------|
| Revenue | | | | | | | | | | |
| Property taxes | \$ | 9,617,591 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 2,669,120 | \$ | 12,286,711 |
| Special assessments | | - | | - | | - | | 206,663 | | 206,663 |
| Intergovernmental: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Federal grants | | 507,990 | | - | | - | | 11,053 | | 519,043 |
| State-shared revenue and grants | | 2,267,891 | | 1,384,803 | | - | | 647,686 | | 4,300,380 |
| Charges for services | | 1,124,652 | | 12,087 | | - | | 1,337,650 | | 2,474,389 |
| Fines and forfeitures | | 150,730 | | - | | - | | - | | 150,730 |
| Licenses and permits | | 799,261 | | - | | - | | 96,952 | | 896,213 |
| Investment earnings | | 281,666 | | 74,453 | | - | | 98,195 | | 454,314 |
| Other revenue: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Franchise fees | | 184,507 | | - | | - | | - | | 184,507 |
| Other miscellaneous income | | 696,850 | | 25,849 | | - | | 22,213 | | 744,912 |
| Total revenue | | 15,631,138 | | 1,497,192 | | - | | 5,089,532 | | 22,217,862 |
| Expenditures | | | | | | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | | | | | | |
| General government | | 5,116,488 | | - | | - | | - | | 5,116,488 |
| Public safety | | 5,953,179 | | - | | - | | - | | 5,953,179 |
| Public works | | 1,144,634 | | 1,177,443 | | - | | 2,742,271 | | 5,064,348 |
| Health and welfare | | - | | - | | - | | 64,589 | | 64,589 |
| Recreation and culture | | 1,148,880 | | - | | - | | 1,055,362 | | 2,204,242 |
| Capital outlay | | 546,587 | | 1,764,384 | | - | | 2,301,390 | | 4,612,361 |
| Total expenditures | | 13,909,768 | | 2,941,827 | | - | | 6,163,612 | | 23,015,207 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over | | | | | | | | | | |
| expenditures | | 1,721,370 | | (1,444,635) | | - | | (1,074,080) | | (797,345) |
| Other financing sources (uses) | | | | | | | | | | |
| Transfers in | | 290,258 | | - | | - | | 1,184,074 | | 1,474,332 |
| Transfers out | | (984,074) | | (200,000) | | - | | (290,258) | | (1,474,332) |
| Sale of capital assets | | 5,500 | | - | | - | | - | | 5,500 |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | | (688,316) | | (200,000) | | - | | 893,816 | | 5,500 |
| Net change in fund balances | | 1,033,054 | | (1,644,635) | | - | | (180,264) | | (791,845) |
| Fund balance at beginning of year, as previously presented | | 4,068,030 | | 3,565,424 | | 1,201,041 | | 1,892,330 | | 10,726,825 |
| Adjustment - changes from major fund to nonmajor fund | | - | | - | | (1,201,041) | | 1,201,041 | | - |
| Adjustment - Restatement for correction of an error | | - | | (505,480) | | - | | (939,197) | | (1,444,677) |
| Fund balance at beginning of year - restated | | 4,068,030 | | 3,059,944 | | - | | 2,154,174 | | 9,282,148 |
| Fund balance at end of year | \$ | 5,101,084 | \$ | 1,415,309 | \$ | - | \$ | 1,973,910 | \$ | 8,490,303 |

Governmental Funds Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

| Net Change in Fund Balances – Total Governmental Funds | \$ (791,845) |
|---|-----------------|
| Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because: | |
| Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; however, in the statement of activities, these costs are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation: | |
| Capital outlay | 5,746,857 |
| Depreciation expense | (2,169,483) |
| Revenue in the statement of activities that does not provide current financial resources is not reported as revenue in the funds until it is available. | (59,313) |
| Some employee costs (pension, OPEB, and compensated absences) do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. | 4,055,453 |
| Change in Net Position in Governmental Activities | \$ 6,781,669 |

Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2024

| Enterprise Fund |
|---------------------------|
| Water and Sewer System |
| |
| |
| \$ 73,544 |
| 3,277,500 |
| 11,681 |
| 3,362,725 |
| |
| |
| 13,795 |
| 22,828,881 |
| 26,205,401 |
| |
| 304,606 |
| 111,647 |
| 416,253 |
| |
| |
| 434,348 |
| 3,947 |
| 25,451 |
| 62,727 |
| 39,666 |
| 566,139 |
| |
| 1,559,517 |
| 465,818 |
| 143,575 |
| 2,168,910 |
| 2,735,049 |
| |
| 114,615 |
| 198,782 |
| 313,397 |
| |
| 22,590,635 |
| 982,573 |
| |
| |

Proprietary Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

| | Water and Sewer System |
|---|---------------------------|
| Operating revenue | |
| Water and sewer charges | \$ 8,031,224 |
| Property and equipment rental | 13,225 |
| Miscellaneous | 238,508 |
| Total operating revenue | 8,282,957 |
| Operating expenses | |
| Water and sewer operations | 4,255,370 |
| Depreciation | 837,218 |
| Total operating expenses | 5,092,588 |
| Operating income (loss) | 3,190,369 |
| Nonoperating revenue (expenses) | |
| Investment income | 5,629 |
| Interest expense | (4,028) |
| Sale of capital assets | 181,620 |
| Total nonoperating revenue (expenses) | 183,221 |
| Change in net position | 3,373,590 |
| Net position at beginning of year | 19,193,190 |
| Adjustment - Restatement for correction of an error | 1,006,428 |
| Net position at beginning of year - restated | 20,199,618 |
| Net position at end of year | \$ 23,573,208 |

Proprietary Funds Statement of Cash Flows

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

| | Enterprise Fund |
|---|---------------------------|
| | Water and Sewer System |
| Cash flows from operating activities | * 0.000 005 |
| Receipts from customers | \$ 8,098,235 |
| Receipts from interfund services | (1,586,775) |
| Payments to suppliers | (4,326,175) |
| Payments to employees | (2,096,697) |
| Net cash provided (used) by operating activities | 88,588 |
| Cash flows from capital and related financing activities | |
| Purchase of capital assets | (520,950) |
| Sale of capital assets | 343,000 |
| Principal and interest paid on capital debt | (419,560) |
| Net cash used in capital and related financing activities | (597,510) |
| Cash flows provided by investing activities | |
| Interest received on investments | 5,629 |
| Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents | (503,293) |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year | 576,837 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of year | \$ 73,544 |
| Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: | |
| Operating income (loss) | \$ 3,190,369 |
| Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash | |
| provided by (used) by operating activities: | |
| Depreciation | 837,218 |
| Changes in assets and liabilities: | |
| Receivables | (171,497) |
| Prepaid and other assets | 33,306 |
| Accounts payable | (556,200) |
| Accrued and other liabilities | (69,876) |
| Due to other funds | (1,600,000) |
| Net pension and OPEB liabilities | (1,574,732) |
| Total adjustments | (3,101,781) |
| Net cash provided (used) by operating activities | \$ 88,588 |

Fiduciary Funds Statement of Fiduciary Net Position

June 30, 2024

| | Pension and Other Postemployment Benefits Funds | Custodial Fund Property Tax Collection Fund |
|--|---|---|
| Assets | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 344,220 | \$ - |
| Investments: | | |
| Common and preferred stock | 13,684,811 | - |
| Mutual funds - fixed income securities | 7,799,797 | - |
| Interest in MERS pooled investments | 7,920,244 | - |
| Accrued interest receivable | 26,236 | - |
| Prepaid Costs | 9,543 | - |
| Total assets | 29,784,851 | - |
| Liabilities | | |
| Accounts payable | 22,026 | - |
| Net position | | |
| Restricted: | | |
| Pensions | 21,842,581 | - |
| Postemployment benefits other than pension | 7,920,244 | - |
| Total net position | \$ 29,762,825 | \$- |

Fiduciary Funds Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

| | Pension and Other | | Custodial Fund |
|---|-------------------|---|-----------------------|
| | | PostemploymentProperty TaxBenefits FundsCollection Fund | |
| Additions: | | | |
| Investment income (loss): | | | |
| Net increase in fair value of investments | \$ | 3,108,139 | \$ - |
| Net investment income | | 3,108,139 | - |
| Contributions: | | | |
| Employer | | 2,073,991 | - |
| Employee | | 79,807 | - |
| Total contributions | | 2,153,798 | - |
| Property tax collections | | - | 19,400,240 |
| Total additions | | 5,261,937 | 19,400,240 |
| Deductions: | | | |
| Benefit payments | | 2,794,935 | - |
| Administrative expenses | | 211,202 | - |
| Tax distributions to other governments | | - | 19,400,240 |
| Total deductions | | 3,006,137 | 19,400,240 |
| Net increase in fiduciary net position | | 2,255,800 | - |
| Net position at beginning of year | | 27,507,025 | - |
| Net position at end of year | \$ | 29,762,825 | \$ - |

Notes to Financial Statements

Year Ended June 30, 2024

1. Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting Entity

The City of Berkley (City) is governed by an elected seven-member council. The accompanying financial statements present the City and its component units, entities for which the City is considered to be financially responsible. Although blended component units are legally separate entities, in substance, they are part of the City operations. The discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that is legally separate from the City (see discussion below for description).

Blended Component Unit

The City's building authority is governed by a three-member board appointed by the City Council. Although it is legally separate from the City, the building authority is reported as if it were part of the primary government because its primary purpose is to acquire, furnish, equip, own, improve, enlarge, operate, and maintain the ice arena and horseshoe pit for the use or benefit of the City. The building authority was inactive during the year ended June 30, 2024.

Discretely Presented Component Units

Downtown Development Authority

The Downtown Development Authority (Authority or DDA) was created to correct and prevent deterioration in the downtown district, encourage historical preservation, and promote economic growth within the downtown district. The Authority's governing body, which consists of the City Manager and twelve directors, is appointed by the City Manager and approved by the City Council. In addition, the Authority's budget is subject to approval by the City Council. Financial information can be obtained from the City of Berkley at 3338 Coolidge, Berkley, Michigan 48072.

Pension and Other Postemployment Benefits Funds

The Public Safety Pension Trust Fund is governed by a five-member board that includes the City's treasurer, three current or retired City of Berkley public safety officers, and an individual outside of the City of Berkley Public Safety Department appointed by the Mayor. The Other Postemployment Benefits Fund is governed by the City Council. Although they are legally separate from the City, they are reported as fiduciary component units because the City governs the plans or appoints a voting majority to the board and the plans impose a financial burden on the City.

Accounting and Reporting Principles

The City follows accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. Accounting and financial reporting pronouncements are promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

Notes to Financial Statements

Year Ended June 30, 2024

1. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Report Presentation

Governmental accounting principles require that financial reports include two different perspectives – the government-wide perspective and the fund-based perspective. The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units, as applicable. The government-wide financial statements are presented on the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. The statements also present a schedule reconciling these amounts to the modified accrual-based presentation found in the fund-based statements.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenue. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenue includes: (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided; (2) operating grants and contributions; and (3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Taxes, unrestricted intergovernmental receipts, and other items not properly included amount program revenue are reported instead as general revenue.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule occur when there are charges between the City's water and sewer function and various other factors. Eliminations of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenue reported for the various functions concerned.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Basis of Accounting

The governmental funds use the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting is intended to better demonstrate accountability for how the City has spent its resources.

Expenditures are reported when the goods are received, or the services are rendered. Capital outlays are reported as expenditures (rather than capital assets) because they reduce the ability to spend resources in the future; conversely, employee benefit costs that will be funded in the future (such as pension and retiree health care-related costs of sick and vacation pay) are not counted until they come due for payment. In addition, debt service expenditures, claims, and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

Notes to Financial Statements

Year Ended June 30, 2024

1. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Basis of Accounting (continued)

Revenue is not recognized until it is collected or collected soon enough after the end of the year that it is available to pay for obligations outstanding at the end of the year. For this purpose, the City considers amounts collected within 60 days of year end to be available for recognition. The following major revenue sources meet the availability criterion: state-shared revenue, state gas and weight tax revenue, district court fines, and interest associated with the current fiscal period. Conversely, for certain amount due from businesses and residents collected after the period of availability, receivables have been recorded for these along with a deferred inflow.

Proprietary funds and fiduciary funds use the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Fund Accounting

The City accounts for its various activities in several different funds in order to demonstrate accountability for how it spends certain resources; separate funds allow the City to show the particular expenditures for which specific revenue is used. The various funds are aggregated into three broad fund types:

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds include all activities that provide general governmental services that are not business-type activities. Governmental funds can include the General Fund, special revenue funds, debt service funds, capital project funds, and permanent funds. The City reports the following funds as major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the primary operating fund because it accounts for all financial resources used to provide government services other than those specifically assigned to another fund.

The Major Streets Fund accounts for the resources of the state gas and weight tax revenue that are restricted for use on the City's major streets.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds include enterprise funds (which provide goods or services to users in exchange for charges or fees) and internal service funds (which provide goods or services to other funds of the City).

Notes to Financial Statements

Year Ended June 30, 2024

1. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Fund Accounting (continued)

Proprietary Funds (continued)

The City reports the following fund as a major enterprise fund:

The Water and Sewer Fund provides water to customers and disposes of sanitary sewage in exchange for user charges.

The City's internal service fund was closed in fiscal year 2023.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds include amounts held in a fiduciary capacity for others. These amounts are not used to operate the City's programs. Activities that are reported as fiduciary include the following:

The Public Safety Pension Fund accumulates resources for pension benefit payments to qualified public safety employees.

The Other Postemployment Benefits Fund accumulates resources for future retiree health care payments to qualified retirees.

The Property Tax Collections Fund collects taxes on behalf of all the taxing authorities (county, school district, and the various other taxing authorities).

Interfund Activity

During the course of operations, the City has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities (i.e., the governmental and internal service funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included in business-type activities (i.e., the enterprise funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included in business-type activities (i.e., the enterprise funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included in business-type activities (i.e., the enterprise funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included in business-type activities (i.e., the business-type activities (i.e., the enterprise funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the business-type activities (i.e., the enterprise funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the business-type activities column.

Furthermore, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements, these amounts are reported as gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column.

Notes to Financial Statements

Year Ended June 30, 2024

1. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Specific Balances and Transactions

Cash and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with a maturity of three months or less when acquired. Investments are stated at fair value, except for investments in external investment pools, which are valued at amortized cost. Pooled investment income from all funds is generally allocated to each fund using a weighted average of balance for the principal.

Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories are valued at cost on a first-in, first-out basis. Inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased. Certain payments to vendors (i.e. purchases method) reflect costs applicable to future years and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements, when applicable.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant equipment, intangible assets, and infrastructure (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost, if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

Interest incurred during the construction of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

| Capital Asset Class | Depreciable Life – Years |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------|
| | |
| Roads and bridges | 15 - 20 |
| Water and sewer lines | 60 - 85 |
| Buildings | 15 - 50 |
| Building improvements | 7 - 20 |
| Equipment and books | 3 - 15 |
| Vehicles | 5 - 10 |
| Land improvements | 20 |

Notes to Financial Statements

Year Ended June 30, 2024

1. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Specific Balances and Transactions (continued)

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund-type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the lives of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed at the time they are incurred. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond issuances and premiums as other financing sources and bond discounts as other financing uses. The debt service funds are generally used to liquidate governmental long-term debt.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position and/or balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net assets that applies to future periods and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City reports deferred outflows related to pensions and OPEB, as detailed in Notes 8 and 9, respectively.

Net Position

Net position of the City is classified in three components. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and is reduced by the current balances of any liabilities the arise from the acquisition or construction of capital assets, including capital-related amounts included in accounts payable. The restricted component of net position consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. Unrestricted net position is the remaining net position that does not meet the definition of invested in capital or restricted.

Net Position Flow Assumption

The City will sometimes fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the City's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

Notes to Financial Statements

Year Ended June 30, 2024

1. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Specific Balances and Transactions (continued)

Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

The City will sometimes fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the City's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Furthermore, when the components of unrestricted fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

Fund Balance Policies

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The City itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the City's highest level of decision-making authority. The City Council is the highest level of decision-making authority for the City that can, by passing a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once passed, the limitation imposed by the resolution remains in place until a similar action is taken (the passing of another resolution) to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the government for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The City Council may assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally exist only temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential either to remove or revise a commitment.

Amounts that do not fall into the nonspendable, restricted, committed, or assigned categories of fund balance are reported as unassigned. This is the residual classification for amount in the General Fund and represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes in the General Fund. In other governmental funds, only negative unassigned amounts are reported, if any, and represent expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceeding the amounts previously restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes.

Notes to Financial Statements

Year Ended June 30, 2024

1. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Specific Balances and Transactions (continued)

Property Tax Revenue

Property taxes are levied and become an enforceable lien on each July 1; the tax is based on the taxable valuation of property as of the preceding December 31. Summer taxes are due on the first business day of September. Penalties and interest are assessed on late summer tax payments from approximately September 1 through the end of February. Winter taxes are due on the third Monday of February. Penalties and interest are assessed on late winter tax payments from approximately mid-February to the end of February. Delinquent real and personal property taxes are turned over to the county on March 1.

Pension

The City offers defined benefit pension benefits to its employees. The City records a net pension liability for the difference between the total pension liability calculated by the actuary and the pension plan's fiduciary net position. For the purpose of measuring the net position liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net positions have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Other Postemployment Benefit Costs

The City offers retiree health care benefits to retirees. The City records a net OPEB liability for the difference between the total OPEB liability calculated by the actuary and the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. For the purpose of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the OPEB plan and additions to/deductions from the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Compensated Absences (Vacation and Sick Leave)

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused sick and vacation pay benefits. Most annual leave and sick pay related to governmental activities is accrued when incurred. Annual leave and sick pay related to the Water and Sewer Fund is accrued when incurred in that fund.

Notes to Financial Statements

Year Ended June 30, 2024

1. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Specific Balances and Transactions (continued)

Proprietary Funds Operating Classification

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenue and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenue and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenue of proprietary funds is charges to customers for sales or services. The Water and Sewer Fund also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to cover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for these funds include the cost of sales or services and administrative expenses and may include depreciation on capital assets. All revenue and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenue and expenses.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Budgetary Information

The City is subject to the budgetary control requirements of the Uniform Budgeting Act (P.A. 621 of 1978 as amended). The annual budget is prepared by the city manager and adopted by the City Council; subsequent amendments are approved by the City Council. Unexpended appropriations lapse at year end; encumbrances are not included as expenditures. The amount of encumbrances outstanding as of June 30, 2023 has not been calculated.

The budget has been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, except that interfund reimbursements are budgeted as transfers. The budgetary comparison schedules (General Fund and major special revenue funds) are presented on the same basis of accounting used in preparing the adopted budget.

The budget has been adopted on an activity basis (i.e., City Council, city manager, etc.); expenditures at this level in excess of amounts budgeted are a violation of Michigan law. A comparison of actual results adopted by the City Council is included in the required supplemental information.

Notes to Financial Statements

Year Ended June 30, 2024

2. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability (continued)

Budgetary Information (continued)

Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations in Budgeted Funds

During the year, the city incurred expenditures which were in excess of the appropriated, as follows:

| | Budget | Actual | Variance | | |
|---------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|----------|-----------|--|
| General Fund: General government: | | | | | |
| Inspection | \$ 511,552 | \$ 528,723 | \$ | (17,171) | |
| Public safety: Operations | 3,002,939 | 3,069,677 | | (66,738) | |
| Major Streets Fund: Capital Outlay | 1,140,780 | 1,499,554 | | (358,774) | |

Construction Code Fees

The City oversees building construction in accordance with the State's Construction Code Act, including inspection of building construction and renovation to ensure compliance with the building codes. The City charges fees for these services. The law requires that collection of these fees be used only for construction code costs, including an allocation of estimated overhead costs. A summary of the current year activity and the cumulative surplus or shortfall generated since January 2, 2000 is as follows:

| Cumulative shortfall as of July 1, 2023 | \$ (2,297,906) |
|--|----------------|
| Current year permit revenue | 638,796 |
| Related expenditures | (528,723) |
| Current year surplus | 110,073 |
| Cumulative shortfall as of June 30, 2024 | \$ (2,187,833) |

3. Deposits and Investments

Michigan Compiled Law Section 129.91 (Public Act 20 of 1943, as amended) authorizes local governmental units to make deposits and invest in the accounts of federally insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loans associations that have offices in Michigan. The law also allows investments outside the State of Michigan when fully insured. The local unit is allowed to invest in bonds, securities, and other agreements; bankers' acceptances of United States banks; commercial paper rated within the two highest classifications that mature no more than 270 days after the date of purchase; obligations of the State of Michigan or its political subdivisions that are rated as investment grade; and mutual funds composed of investment vehicles that are legal for direct investment by local units of government in Michigan.

Notes to Financial Statements

Year Ended June 30, 2024

3. Deposits and Investments (continued)

The pension trust fund is also authorized by Michigan Public Act 314 of 1965, as amended, to invest in certain reverse repurchase agreements, stocks, diversified investment companies, annuity investment contracts, real estate leased to public entities, mortgages, real estate (if the trust fund's assets exceed \$250 million), debt or equity of certain small businesses, certain state and local government obligations, and certain other specified investment vehicles.

The City has designated one bank for the deposit of its funds. The investment policy adopted by the board in accordance with Public Act 196 of 1977 has authorized investment in accordance 20 of 1943, as amended. The City's deposits and investments are in accordance with statutory authority.

The City's cash and investments are subject to several types of risk, which are examined in more detail below:

Custodial Credit Risk of Bank Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The City does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At year end, the City and Downtown Development Authority had \$9,518,713 and \$271,402, respectively, of certificates of deposit and bank deposits that were uninsured and uncollateralized. The City believes that, due to the dollar amounts of cash deposits and the limits of FDIC insurance, it is impractical to insure all deposits. As a result, the City evaluates each financial institution with which it deposits funds and assesses the level of risk of each institution; only those institutions with an acceptable estimated risk level are used as depositories.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of investments will decrease as a result of a rise in interest rates. The City's investment policy does not restrict investment maturities other than commercial paper, which can only be purchased with a 270-day maturity.

At year end, the City had the following investments:

| Investment | Carrying/ Fair Value | Weighted Average Maturity (Years) |
|---|-------------------------|--|
| Mutual funds – fixed income securities | \$ 8,085,470 | n/a |
| Mutual funds – equities | 6,299,665 | n/a |
| Corporate stocks | 7,385,146 | n/a |
| Oakland County local government investment pool | 6,237 | Less than 1 year |
| Total | \$ 21,776,518 | _ |

Notes to Financial Statements

Year Ended June 30, 2024

3. Deposits and Investments (continued)

Credit Risk

State law limits investments in commercial paper to the top two ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The City has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices. As of June 30, 2024, the credit quality ratings of debt securities are as follows:

| Investment | | ir Value | Rating | Rating Organization | | |
|---|----|----------|-----------|------------------------|--|--|
| Oakland County local government investment pool | \$ | 6,237 | Not Rated | N/A | | |

Fair Value Measurements

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting policies. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets, Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs, and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. Investments that are measured at fair value using net asset value per share (NAV) (or its equivalent) as a practical expedient are not classified in the fair value hierarchy below.

In instances where inputs used to measure fair value fall into different levels in the above fair value hierarchy, fair value measurements in their entirety are categorized based on the lowest level input that is significant to the valuation. The City's assessment of the significance of particular inputs to these fair value measurements requires judgment and considers factors specific to each asset.

The City has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2024:

| | Assets Measured at Carrying Value on a Recurring Basis | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|--|--------------------------|-------------------------|-------------|----|------------|----------------|--------------|--|--|
| | Q | uoted Prices | | Significant | | | | | | |
| | | in Active Markets for | | | | Other | | Significant | | |
| |] | | | | | Observable | servable Unobs | | | |
| | Identical Assets | | Identical Assets Inputs | | | Inputs | Balance at | | | |
| | | (Level 1) | | (Level 2) | | (Level 3) | Ju | ine 30, 2024 | | |
| Mutual funds – equity | \$ | 6,299,665 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 6,299,665 | | |
| Mutual funds – fixed income | | 8,085,470 | | - | | - | | 8,085,470 | | |
| Stocks | | 7,385,146 | | - | | - | | 7,385,146 | | |
| Total investments by fair | | | | | | | | | | |
| value level | \$ | 21,770,281 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 21,770,281 | | |

Debt and equity securities classified in Level 1 are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities.

The fair value of certain assets as of June 30, 2024 was determined primarily based on Level 2 inputs. The City estimates the fair value of these investments using other inputs, such as interest rates and yield curves, that are observable at commonly quoted intervals.

Notes to Financial Statements

Year Ended June 30, 2024

3. Deposits and Investments (continued)

Fair Value Measurements (continued)

The valuation method for investments measured at net asset value per share (or its equivalent) is presented in the table below.

Investments in Entities that Calculated Net Asset Value per Share

The City holds shares or interests in investment companies where the fair value of the investments are measured on a recurring basis using net asset value per share (or its equivalent) of the investment companies as a practical expedient.

As of June 30, 2024, the fair value, unfunded commitments, and redemption rules of those investments are as follows:

| | tical Assets rying Value | ınded itments | Redemption Frequency, if Eligible | Redemption Notice Period | |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|---|-----------------------------|--|
| Oakland County Local Government | | | | | |
| Investment Pool | \$ 6,237 | \$ - | None | None | |
| MERS Total Market Portfolio | 7,920,244 | - | None | None | |

The Oakland County Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) is not registered with the SEC and does not issue a separate report. The pool does not meet the requirements under GASB 79 to report its value for financial reporting purposes at amortized costs. Accordingly, the investment is reported at fair value. The fair value of the position in the pool is not the same as the value of the pool shares because the pool redeems shares at \$1 per share, regardless of current fair value.

The MERS Total Market Portfolio is a fully diversified portfolio combining traditional stocks and bonds with alternative asset classes, including real estate, private equity, and commodities. The objective is to provide current income and capital appreciation while minimizing the volatility of the capital markets. The Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS) manages the asset allocation and monitors the underlying investment managers of the MERS Total Market Portfolio.

Notes to Financial Statements

Year Ended June 30, 2024

4. Capital Assets

Capital assets activity of the City's governmental and business-type activities was as follows:

Governmental Activities

| | Balance July 1, 2023 | PY Corrections & Reclassifications Additions Disposals | | osals | J | Balance une 30, 2024 | | |
|--|-------------------------|---|-------------|-------------|----|-------------------------|----|------------|
| Capital assets, not being depreciated: | | | | | | | | |
| Land | \$ 738,619 | \$ | - | \$ - | \$ | - | \$ | 738,619 |
| Construction in Progress | 1,786,347 | | (1,780,951) | 227,253 | | - | | 232,649 |
| | 2,524,966 | | (1,780,951) | 227,253 | | - | | 971,268 |
| Capital assets, being depreciated: | | | | | | | | |
| Roads and bridges | 61,663,298 | | 1,738,818 | 4,723,942 | | - | | 68,126,058 |
| Buildings | 7,954,225 | | - | 166,264 | | - | | 8,120,489 |
| Equipment and books | 5,076,945 | | 41,937 | 134,950 | | - | | 5,253,832 |
| Vehicles | 5,297,576 | | - | 494,644 | - | | | 5,792,220 |
| | 79,992,044 | | 1,780,755 | 5,519,800 | | - | | 87,292,599 |
| Accumulated depreciation: | | | | | | | | |
| Roads and bridges | 49,823,886 | | - | 1,128,703 | | - | | 50,952,589 |
| Buildings | 5,945,533 | | - | 187,036 | | - | | 6,132,569 |
| Equipment and books | 3,558,761 | | 3,635 | 403,973 | | - | | 3,966,369 |
| Vehicles | 2,302,835 | | - | 446,136 | | - | | 2,748,971 |
| | 61,631,015 | | 3,635 | 2,165,848 | | - | | 63,800,498 |
| Net capital assets being depreciated | 18,361,029 | | 1,777,120 | 3,353,952 | | - | | 23,492,101 |
| Governmental activities capital | | | | | | | | |
| assets, net | \$ 20,885,995 | \$ | (3,831) | \$3,581,205 | \$ | - | \$ | 24,463,369 |

Notes to Financial Statements

Year Ended June 30, 2024

4. Capital Assets (continued)

Business-type Activities

| | Balance July 1, 2023 | Reclassifications Additions | | Disposals | Balance June 30, 2024 |
|---|-------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------|----------------|--------------------------|
| Capital assets, not being depreciated: | | | | | |
| Land | \$ 13,795 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 13,795 |
| Construction in progress | 1,850,733 | (345,253) | - | (1,505,480) | - |
| | 1,864,528 | (345,253) | - | (1,505,480) | 13,795 |
| Capital assets, being depreciated: Water and sewer transmission | | | | | |
| lines | 23,773,826 | 345,253 | 317,973 | (4) | 24,437,048 |
| Buildings | 1,246,842 | | | - | 1,246,842 |
| Equipment | 3,753,773 | - | 1,709,373 | (485,362) | 4,977,784 |
| 1 1 | 28,774,441 | 345,253 | 2,027,346 | (485,366) | 30,661,674 |
| Accumulated depreciation: Water and sewer transmission | | | | | |
| lines | 4,959,034 | - | 372,618 | - | 5,331,652 |
| Buildings | 175,701 | - | 77,152 | - | 252,853 |
| Equipment | 2,183,910 | - | 387,448 | (323,070) | 2,248,288 |
| 1 1 | 7,318,645 | - | 837,218 | (323,070) | 7,832,793 |
| Net capital assets being depreciated | 21,455,796 | 345,253 | 1,190,128 | (162,296) | 22,828,881 |
| Business-type activities capital | | | | (102,270) | |
| assets, net | \$ 23,320,324 | \$ - | \$ 1,190,128 | \$ (1,667,776) | \$ 22,842,676 |

Depreciation expense was charged to programs of the primary government as follows:

| Governmental activities: | | |
|--|----|-----------|
| General government | \$ | 244,978 |
| Public safety | | 430,960 |
| Public works | | 1,314,966 |
| Recreation and culture | | 178,579 |
| Total governmental activities | \$ | 2,169,483 |
| Business-type activities: Water and sewer | \$ | 837,218 |
| | + | |

Notes to Financial Statements

Year Ended June 30, 2024

5. Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The General Fund has loaned \$155,136 to the Sidewalk Fund, a nonmajor governmental fund, for cash flow purposes.

Interfund transfers reported in the fund financial statements are composed of the following:

| Paying Fund (Transfers Out) | Amount | | | |
|---|---|----|-------------------------------|--|
| General Fund Major Streets Fund Nonmajor governmental funds | Nonmajor governmental funds Local Streets Fund General Fund | \$ | 984,074 200,000 290,258 | |
| | | \$ | 1,474,332 | |

The transfers from the General Fund to the Recreation Revolving Fund (\$900,000) and Sidewalk Fund (\$84,074) (nonmajor governmental funds) was to fund operating and capital outlay expenses during the year. The transfer from the Major Streets Fund to the Local Streets Fund represents the sharing of gas and weight tax revenue in accordance with Act 51. The transfer from the Court Projects Fund (\$280,210) and from the Eleven Mile Road Debt Service Fund (\$10,048) to the General Fund was to transfer the final remaining fund balance from the from those funds to the General Fund and close out those two funds.

6. Long-term Debt

Long-term debt activity for the year ended June 30, 2024 can be summarized as follows:

Governmental Activities

| | Beginning Balance | 8 8 | | | | | Due Within One Year | | |
|----------------------|----------------------|-----|---------|----|-----------|----|------------------------|----|---------|
| Compensated absences | \$ 751,133 | \$ | 959,246 | \$ | (978,576) | \$ | 731,803 | \$ | 121,967 |

Notes to Financial Statements

Year Ended June 30, 2024

6. Long-term Debt (continued)

Business-type Activities

| | Interest Rate Ranges | Beginning Balance | Additions | Reductions | Ending Balance | Due Within One Year |
|--|----------------------------|----------------------|--------------|----------------|-------------------|------------------------|
| General Obligation bonds – Direct borrowings and direct placements – contractual obligations with Oakland County, Michigan – George W. Kuhn Bonds: 2001-C: | | | | | | |
| Amount of issue - \$5,176,822 | | | | | | |
| Maturing through 2024 | 2.50% | \$ 324,023 | \$ - | \$ (324,023) | \$ - | \$ - |
| 2001-D: | | | | | | |
| Amount of issue – \$199,641 | 2 500/ | 0.255 | | (0.255) | | |
| Maturing through 2024 2000-B and 2001-E: | 2.50% | 8,355 | - | (8,355) | - | - |
| Refinanced 2016 | | | | | | |
| Amount of issue – \$486,508 | | | | | | |
| Maturing through 2024 | 2.00-2.50% | 33,694 | _ | (33,694) | _ | _ |
| 2005-F: | 2.00-2.3070 | 55,074 | | (55,074) | | |
| Amount of issue – \$103,573 | | | | | | |
| Maturing through 2026 | 1.625% | 16,583 | - | (5,438) | 11,145 | 5,438 |
| 2006-G: | | ; | | (0,000) | , | -, |
| Amount of issue - \$112,919 | | | | | | |
| Maturing through 2028 | 1.625% | 31,669 | - | (6,078) | 25,591 | 6,398 |
| 2008-Н: | | | | | | |
| Amount of issue - \$491,662 | | | | | | |
| Maturing through 2029 | 2.50% | 173,696 | - | (27,190) | 146,506 | 27,830 |
| Total bond obligations | | 588,020 | - | (404,778) | 183,242 | 39,666 |
| | | | | <i></i> | <i></i> | <i></i> |
| Compensated absences | | 92,424 | 103,506 | (133,203) | 62,727 | 62,727 |
| | | \$ 1,431,577 | \$ 1,062,752 | \$ (1,516,557) | \$ 977,772 | \$ 224,360 |

General Obligations Bonds and Contracts

The City issues general obligation bonds to provide for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligations have been issued for the business-type activities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the City. County contractual agreements are also general obligations of the City.

County Contractual Obligations

The above contractual obligations to Oakland County, Michigan, are the result of the issuance of bonds by the County on the City's behalf. The City has pledged substantially all revenue of the Water and Sewer Fund, net of operating expenses, to repay obligations. Proceeds from the bonds provided financing for the construction of the George G. Kuhn Drain. The remaining principal on the bonds total \$183,242.

Notes to Financial Statements

Year Ended June 30, 2024

6. Long-term Debt (continued)

Business-type Activities (continued)

Other Long-term Liabilities

Compensated absences attributable to governmental activities will be liquidated primarily by the funds from which the individual employees' salaries are paid, generally the General Fund, Major Streets Fund, and Local Streets Fund. The net pension liability and the net OPEB liability will be liquidated from the funds from which the individual employees' salaries are paid, generally the General Fund and the Water and Sewer Fund.

Debt Service Requirements to Maturity

| Annual debt service red | quirements to maturi | ty for the above be | onds and note obligations | are as follows: |
|-------------------------|----------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|-----------------|
| | 1 | 2 | 8 | |

| | Business-type Activities | | | | | |
|-------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------|----|---------|----|---------|
| Years Ending June 30 | l | Principal |] | nterest | | Total |
| | | | | | | |
| 2025 | \$ | 39,666 | \$ | 4,260 | \$ | 43,926 |
| 2026 | | 40,571 | | 3,371 | | 43,942 |
| 2027 | | 35,828 | | 2,463 | | 38,291 |
| 2028 | | 36,468 | | 1,623 | | 38,091 |
| 2029 | | 30,709 | | 768 | | 31,477 |
| | \$ | 183,242 | \$ | 12,485 | \$ | 195,727 |

7. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors and omissions, and employee injuries (workers' compensation), as well as medical benefits provided to employees. The City purchased commercial insurance for health and workers' compensation claims and participates in the Michigan Municipal Liability and Property Pool for claims related to property liability and errors. Settled claims relating to the commercial insurance above have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The Michigan Municipal League risk pool program operates as a common risk-sharing management program for local units of government in Michigan; member premiums are used to purchase commercial excess insurance coverage and to pay member claims in excess of deductible amounts.

Notes to Financial Statements

Year Ended June 30, 2024

8. Pension Plans

Plan Description

General Employees' Defined Benefit Pension Plan

The City participates in an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Municipal Employees Retirement System (MERS) of Michigan that covers substantially all employees of the City's merit system and all employees of the department of public works (the General Employees' Defined Benefit Pension Plan). MERS was established as a statewide public employee pension plan by the Michigan Legislature under PA 135 of 1945 and is administered by a nine-member retirement board. MERS issues a publicly available financial report, which includes the financial statements and required supplemental information of this defined benefit plan. This report can be obtained at www.mersofmich.com or in writing to MERS at 1134 Municipal Way, Lansing, MI 48917.

Public Safety Pension Plan

The City also administers the City of Berkley Public Safety Pension System (the Public Safety Pension Plan). This single employer defined benefit pension system that covers all public safety officers of the City, including the chief. This pension system is provided by State of Michigan, PA 345 of 1937, as amended. The voters of the City approved this type of pension system in April 1965.

The system is governed by a five-member board. The composition of this board is made up of one public safety command officer and one public safety officer. Each is voted onto the board by members of their respective bargaining units. The law also requires that the city treasurer have a seat on the board. The mayor appoints the final two members of the board with City Council approval.

Benefit terms have been established by contractual agreements and PA 345 of 1937, as amended. The financial statements of the plan are included in these financial statements as a pension fiduciary trust fund. A separate stand-alone financial report is not issued.

Benefits Provided

General Employees' Defined Benefit Pension Plan

The General Employees' Defined Benefit Pension Plan provides certain retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. A member must meet minimum employment and age requirements to vest and obtain a pension benefit. An employee from any group who leaves service may withdraw his or her contributions plus any accumulated interest and forfeit his or her pension benefit. The City is a Public Act 88 of 1961 city.

Notes to Financial Statements

Year Ended June 30, 2024

8. Pension Plans (continued)

Service or Deferred Retirement – Union Members Hired in Public Works Prior to July 1, 2004

Retirement benefits for members are calculated as 2.50% of the member's best three consecutive years of compensation while employed with the City. This sum is then multiplied by the number of years of service to obtain a pension benefit. The maximum benefit allowed is 80% of final average compensation. The member must be age 55 with 15 years of service, be age 60 with 10 years of service, or have a total of 25 years of service to obtain a pension benefit. This closed group does not contribute toward its pension benefit. There is a 10 year vesting requirement for this group. Compensation is defined as all wages, except overtime, uniform allowance, education pay, and license pay. Severance at retirement may or may not be included in compensation. If severance is included, sick leave payment will not be part of compensation.

Service or Deferred Retirement – Union Members Hired in Public Works on or after July 1, 2004

Retirement benefits for members are calculated as 2.50% of the member's best three consecutive years of compensation while employed with the City. This sum is then multiplied by the number of years of service to obtain a pension benefit. The maximum benefit allowed is 80% of final average compensation. The member must be age 55 with 15 years of service, be age 60 with 10 years of service, or have a total of 25 years of service to obtain a pension benefit. This open group pays 4.00% toward its pension benefit. There is a 10 year vesting requirement for this group. Compensation is defined as all wages, except overtime, uniform allowance, education pay, and license pay. Severance at retirement may or may not be included in compensation. If severance is included, sick leave payment will not be part of compensation.

Service or Deferred Retirement – Nonunion Members Hired Prior to July 1, 2008

Retirement benefits for members are calculated as 2.50% of the member's best three consecutive years of compensation while employed with the City. This sum is then multiplied by the number of years of service to obtain a pension benefit. The maximum benefit allowed is 80% of final average compensation. The member must be age 55 with 15 years of service, be age 60 with 10 years of service, or have a total of 25 years of service to obtain a pension benefit. This closed group pays 4.00% toward its pension benefit. There is a six year vesting requirement for this group. Compensation is defined as all wages, including earned overtime. Severance at retirement may or may not be included in compensation. If severance is included, sick leave payment will not be part of compensation.

Notes to Financial Statements

Year Ended June 30, 2024

8. Pension Plans (continued)

Service or Deferred Retirement – Nonunion Members Hired on or after July 1, 2008

Retirement benefits for members are calculated as 2.25% of the member's best three consecutive years of compensation while employed with the City. This sum is then multiplied by the number of years of service to obtain a pension benefit. The maximum benefit allowed is 80% of final average compensation. The member must be age 55 with 25 years of service, be age 60 with 10 years of service to obtain a pension benefit. This closed group pays 4.00% toward its pension benefit. There is a 10 year vesting requirement for this group. Compensation is defined as all wages, including overtime. Severance at retirement may or may not be included in compensation. If severance is included, sick leave payment will not be part of compensation.

Public Safety Pension Plan

The Public Safety Pension Plan provides retirement, disability, duty, and nonduty death benefits. A member must have 25 years or more years of service or be age 60, regardless of service. Military or prior employment and other public employment or generic credited service may be purchased by a member. A deferred retirement may be obtained after 10 years of service. Straight-life benefits only are paid under a deferred retirement at the date retirement would have occurred had the member remained employed.

Service or Deferred Retirement – Members Hired Prior to July 1, 2013

Retirement benefits for members are calculated as 2.80% of the member's best three consecutive years of the last 10 years of a member's average final compensation for the first 25 years of service, plus 1.00% of average final compensation times years of service in excess of 25 years. The maximum benefit allowed is 85% of base wages. Base wages are defined as the final rate of pay at retirement, multiplied by 2,080 hours, multiplied by 85%.

Service or Deferred Retirement – Members Hired on or after July 1, 2013

Retirement benefits for members are calculated as 2.50% of the member's best three consecutive years of the last 10 years of a member's average final compensation for the first 25 years of service, plus 1.00% of average final compensation times years of service in excess of 25 years. The maximum benefit allowed is 85% of base wages. Base wages are defined as the final rate of pay at retirement, multiplied by 2,080 hours, multiplied by 85%.

Death after Retirement – Survivor Pension

The benefit is payable to a surviving spouse, if any, upon the death of a retired member who was receiving a straight-life pension that was effective July 1, 1975 or later. The spouse's pension equals 60% of the straight-life pension the deceased retiree was receiving. Deferred retirees are ineligible for this benefit.

Notes to Financial Statements

Year Ended June 30, 2024

8. Pension Plans (continued)

Public Safety Pension Plan (continued)

Nonduty Death-in-service Survivor's Pension

The benefit is payable to a surviving spouse upon the death of a member with 20 or more years of service. Accrued straight-life pension is actuarially reduced in accordance with Option 1 election.

Duty Death-in-service Survivor's Pension

The benefit is payable upon the expiration of workers' compensation to the survivors of a member who died in the line of duty. The benefit is the same amount that was paid by workers' compensation.

Non-duty Disability

The benefit is payable upon the total and permanent disability of a member with five or more years of service. To age 55, it is equal to 1.50% of average final compensation times years of service. At age 55, it is equal to the same benefit as a service retirement pension.

Duty Disability

The benefit is payable upon the total and permanent disability of a member in the line of duty. To age 55, the benefit is payable at 50% of average final compensation. At age 55, it is payable at the same benefit as a service retirement pension.

Annuity Withdrawals

Accumulated member contributions may be withdrawn with an actuarial reduction in the pension that would otherwise be payable.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

The following members were covered by the benefit terms:

| | General Employees' Defined Benefit Pension Plan | Public Safety Pension Plan |
|--|--|-------------------------------|
| Date of member count | December 31, 2023 | June 30, 2023 |
| Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits | 78 | 58 |
| Inactive plan members entitled to but not receiving benefits | 43 | - |
| Active plan members | 37 | 32 |
| Total employees covered by plan | 158 | 90 |

Notes to Financial Statements

Year Ended June 30, 2024

8. Pension Plans (continued)

Contributions

General Employees' Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Article 9, Section 24 of the State of Michigan constitution requires public employers to make pension contributions in accordance with and an actuarial valuation. Accordingly, MERS retains an independent actuary to determine the annual contribution. The employer is required to contribute amounts at least equal to the actuarially determined rate, as established by the MERS retirement board. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by plan members during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The employer may establish contribution rates to be paid by its covered employees.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the average active employee contribution rate was 0.0% of annual pay for a union public works member hired prior to July 1, 2004; 4.0% of annual pay for a union public works member hired on or after July 1, 2004; and 4.0% for all nonunion eligible employees. The City's average contribution rate for a union public works employee was 49.80% of annual payroll and, for a nonunion eligible employee, it was 45.75% of annual payroll. Total contributions during the City's fiscal year were \$2,316,598.

Public Safety Pension Plan

Article 9, Section 24 of the State of Michigan constitution requires that financial benefits arising on account of employee service rendered in each year be funded during that year. Accordingly, the pension board retains an independent actuary to determine the annual contribution. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by plan members during the year with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contribution requirements of plan members are established and may be amended by the board in accordance with the charter, union contracts, and plan provisions. For the year ended June 30, 2024, the average active member contribution rate was 0% of annual pay, and the City's average contribution rate was 55.69% of annual payroll.

Net Pension Liability

The City chooses a date for each pension plan to measure its net pension liability. This is based on the measurement date of each pension plan, which may be based on a comprehensive valuation as of that date or based on an earlier valuation that has used procedures to roll the information forward to the measurement date.

Notes to Financial Statements

Year Ended June 30, 2024

8. Pension Plans (continued)

Net Pension Liability (continued)

| | General Employees' Defined Benefit Pension Plan | Public Safety Pension Plan |
|--------------------------------|---|-------------------------------|
| Measurement date used | December 31, 2023 | June 30, 2024 |
| Actuarial valuation date as of | December 31, 2023 | June 30, 2023 |

Changes in the net pension liability during the measurement year were as follows:

General Employees' Defined Benefit Pension Plan

| | Increase (Decrease) | | |
|---|------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|
| | Total Pension | Plan Net | Net Pension |
| Changes in Net Pension Liability | Liability | Position | Liability |
| | • • • • • • • • • • • | • • • • • • • • • • | • • • • • • • • • |
| Balance as of January 1, 2023 | \$ 24,416,767 | \$ 11,982,166 | \$ 12,434,601 |
| Service cost | 286,397 | - | 286,397 |
| Interest | 1,700,000 | - | 1,700,000 |
| Contributions – employer | - | 2,324,687 | (2,324,687) |
| Contributions – employee | - | 90,075 | (90,075) |
| Net investment income | - | 1,376,423 | (1,376,423) |
| Differences between expected and actual | | | |
| experience | 37,542 | - | 37,542 |
| Change in assumptions | 164,354 | - | 164,354 |
| Benefit payments, including refunds | (1,766,183) | (1,766,183) | - |
| Administrative expenses | - | (28,658) | 28,658 |
| Other Changes | 16,573 | - | 16,573 |
| Net changes | 438,683 | 1,996,344 | (1,557,661) |
| Balance as of December 31, 2023 | \$ 24,855,450 | \$ 13,978,510 | \$ 10,876,940 |

Notes to Financial Statements

Year Ended June 30, 2024

8. Pension Plans (continued)

Net Pension Liability (continued)

Public Safety Pension Plan

| | Increase (Decrease) | | | |
|---|----------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|--|
| Changes in Net Pension Liability | Total Pension Liability | Plan Net Position | Net Pension Liability | |
| Balance as of July 1, 2023 | \$ 28,760,185 | \$ 20,337,007 | \$ 8,423,178 | |
| Service cost | 605,667 | - | 605,667 | |
| Interest | 1,962,349 | - | 1,962,349 | |
| Contributions – employer | - | 1,325,000 | (1,325,000) | |
| Contributions – employee | - | 79,807 | (79,807) | |
| Net investment income | - | 2,327,486 | (2,327,486) | |
| Differences between expected and actual | | | | |
| experience | 838,969 | - | 838,969 | |
| Change in assumptions | 2,230,077 | - | 2,230,077 | |
| Benefit payments, including refunds | (2,058,931) | (2,058,931) | - | |
| Administrative expenses | - | (145,353) | 145,353 | |
| Other Changes | - | (22,435) | 22,435 | |
| Net changes | 3,578,131 | 1,505,574 | 2,072,557 | |
| Balance as of June 30, 2024 | \$ 32,338,316 | \$ 21,842,581 | \$ 10,495,735 | |

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the City recognized pension expense of \$1,539,377 related to the General Employees' Defined Benefit Pension Plan and \$2,449,340 related to the Public Safety Pension Plan for a total of \$3,988,717.

Notes to Financial Statements

Year Ended June 30, 2024

8. Pension Plans (continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

As of June 30, 2024, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

| | General Employees' Defined Benefit Pension Plan | | | Public Safety Pension Pl | | | nsion Plan | |
|---|--|-------------------------------------|----|-------------------------------------|----|--------------------------------------|------------|-------------------------------------|
| | 0 | Deferred utflows of Resources | | Deferred Inflows of Resources | C | Deferred Outflows of Resources | | Deferred Inflows of Resources |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments | \$ | 642,473 | \$ | - | \$ | 131,509 | \$ | - |
| Difference between expected and actual experience | | 18,771 | | - | | 927,408 | | - |
| Change in assumptions Employer contributions to the plan subsequent to the measurement date | | 82,177 581,688 | | - | | 1,636,845 | | - |
| Total | \$ | 1,325,109 | \$ | - | \$ | 2,695,762 | \$ | - |

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows. These amounts are exclusive of the employer contributions to the plan made subsequent to the measurement date, which will impact the net pension liability in fiscal year 2025, rather than pension expense.

| Year Ending June 30 | De | General Employees' fined Benefit ension Plan | ublic Safety ension Plan |
|------------------------|----|---|-----------------------------|
| 2025 | \$ | 211,537 | \$ 910,425 |
| 2026 | | 248,804 | 1,600,884 |
| 2027 2028 | | 381,849 (98,770) | 370,828 (186,375) |

Notes to Financial Statements

Year Ended June 30, 2024

8. Pension Plans (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in each actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement:

| | General Employees' Defined Benefit | Public Safety |
|---------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------|
| | Pension Plan | Pension Plan |
| Inflation | 2.50% | 2.50% |
| Salary increases | 3.00% | 3.50% |
| Investment rate of return | 7.18% | 6.50% |
| Mortality rates | Pub-2010 | RP-2014 |

General Employees' Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Salary increase assumptions are based on an age-related scale to reflect merit, longevity, and promotional pay increases.

The investment rate of return presented above is gross of pension plan investment expense, including inflation.

Mortality rates were based on a blend of the Pub-2010 Juvenile Mortality Tables, the PubG-2010 Employee Mortality Tables, and the PubG-2010 Healthy Retiree Tables.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2023 actuarial valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from January 1, 2014 through December 31, 2018.

Public Safety Pension Plan

Salary increase assumptions are based on an age-related scale to reflect merit, longevity, and promotional pay increases, including inflation.

The investment rate of return presented above is net of plan investment expense, including inflation.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table, the RP-2014 Health Annuitant Mortality Table, and the RP-2014 Disabled Annuitant Mortality Table, each adjusted for mortality improvements to 2025 using projection scale MP-2018 from 2006.

Notes to Financial Statements

Year Ended June 30, 2024

8. Pension Plans (continued)

Public Safety Pension Plan (continued)

Discount Rate

As shown below, the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was determined after considering a projection of the cash flows to determine whether the future contributions (made at the current contribution rates) will be sufficient to allow the pension plans' fiduciary net position to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

| | General Employees' Defined Benefit Pension Plan | Public Safety Pension Plan |
|--|---|-------------------------------|
| Assumed investment rate of return Are contributions expected to be sufficient to allow | 6.93% | 6.50% |
| fiduciary net position to pay future benefits Discount rate used to measure total pension liability | Yes 7.18% | Yes 6.50% |

Investment Rate of Return

General Employees' Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return as of the December 31, 2023 measurement date for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation, as disclosed in the investment footnote, are summarized in the following table:

| Asset Class | Target Allocation | Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return |
|---------------------|----------------------|--|
| Global equity | 60% | 2.70% |
| Global fixed income | 20% | 0.40% |
| Private investments | 20% | 1.40% |

Notes to Financial Statements

Year Ended June 30, 2024

8. Pension Plans (continued)

Investment Rate of Return (continued)

Public Safety Pension Plan

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return as of the June 30, 2024 measurement date for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation, as disclosed in the investment footnote, are summarized in the following table:

| Asset Class | Target Allocation | Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return |
|---|----------------------|--|
| Large-cap equity | 27.50% | 7.25% |
| Small-Mid-cap equity | 14.50% | 7.50% |
| International equity | 20.50% | 6.25% |
| Domestic fixed income | 30.00% | 4.60% |
| Treasury inflation-protected securities | 4.50% | 4.20% |
| High-yield bonds | 2.50% | 6.20% |
| T-Bills | 0.50% | 3.40% |

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

General Employees' Defined Benefit Pension Plan

The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 7.18%, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

| | | | Current | | | | |
|-----------------------|----|-----------------------|---------|-------------------------|------------------------|-----------|--|
| | | % Decrease (6.18%) | D | iscount Rate (7.18%) | 1% Increase (8.18%) | | |
| Net pension liability | \$ | 13,449,474 | \$ | 10,876,940 | \$ | 8,697,971 | |

Public Safety Pension Plan

The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 6.50%, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

| | | Current | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|----|-----------------------|----|-------------------------|------------------------|-----------|--|--|
| | | % Decrease (5.50%) | D | iscount Rate (6.50%) | 1% Increase (7.50%) | | | |
| Net pension liability | \$ | 14,471,833 | \$ | 10,495,735 | \$ | 7,205,934 | | |

Notes to Financial Statements

Year Ended June 30, 2024

8. Pension Plans (continued)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

General Employees' Defined Pension Plan

Detailed information about the General Employees' Defined Pension Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial report found at www.mersofmich.com. For the purpose of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the plan's fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. The plan uses the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Investments are stated at fair value. Contribution revenue is recorded as contributions are due, pursuant to legal requirements. Benefit payments and refunds of employee contributions are recognized as expense when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

Public Safety Pension Plan

For the purpose of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the plan's fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. The plan uses the economic resources measurement focus on the full accrual basis of accounting. Contribution revenue is recorded as contributions are due, pursuant to legal requirements. Benefit payments and refunds of employee contributions are recognized as expense when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

Investment Policy

The Public Safety Pension Plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the pension board by a majority vote of its members. It is the policy of the pension board to pursue an investment strategy that manages risk through the prudent diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes. The pension plan's investment policy discourages the use of case equivalents, except for liquidity purposes, and aims to refrain from dramatically shifting asset class allocations over short time spans.

Pension Plan Reserves

In accordance with Public Act 345, as amended, and the actions of the City Council and Public Safety Retirement Board, the following reserves are required to be set aside within the Public Safety pension plan:

The retiree reserve is to be computed annually by the actuary as the present value of estimated benefit payments for all current retirees. The amounts reserved may be used solely to pay monthly retiree benefit payments.

Notes to Financial Statements

Year Ended June 30, 2024

8. Pension Plans (continued)

Pension Plan Reserves (continued)

The employee reserve is credited as employee contributions are received through the year; the plan maintains a record of the amount contributed by each employee and credits interest annually at a rate of 2.0%. For any employee who terminates before vesting in the pension plan, his or her balance is returned to him or her; for those who stay until retirement, the balance is transferred into the retiree reserve.

The employer reserve account is used for the residual net position balance in the pension plan after funding the above two reserves and receives all investment income (or loss) earned within the fiscal year.

The balances of the reserve accounts as of June 30, 2024 are as follows:

| | Required Reserve | Amount Funded |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Retiree reserve Employee reserve | \$ 21,414,634 364,182 | \$ 21,414,634 364,182 |
| Employer reserve | | 63,765 |
| Total | \$ 21,778,816 | \$ 21,842,581 |

9. Other Postemployment Benefit Plan

Plan Description

The City has elected to provide postemployment health benefits and life insurance benefits to certain retirees and their beneficiaries in accordance with current employment labor contracts for union members, and the City Council adopted Merit System of Personnel Management for nonunion and court retirees.

This is a single-employer defined benefit plan administered by the City. The plan does not issue a separate stand-alone financial statement. Administrative costs are paid by the plan through employer contributions. The assets of the plan are being held in the MERS Retiree Health Funding Vehicle.

Benefits Provided

The plan provides health care, prescription drug, vision, and life insurance benefits for eligible retirees. Members are subject to age and service requirements in order to receive benefits. Member coverage is dependent upon the hire date and employee group of the member. Benefits are provided through a third-party insurer, and the full cost of the benefits is covered by the plan.

Notes to Financial Statements

Year Ended June 30, 2024

9. Other Postemployment Benefit Plan (continued)

Benefits Provided (continued)

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

| Date of member count | June 30, 2023 |
|---|---------------|
| Inactive plan members or beneficiaries receiving benefits | 100 |
| Active plan members | 82 |
| Total plan members | 182 |

Contributions

Retiree health care costs are paid by the City on a pay-as-you-go basis. The City has no obligation to make contributions in advance of when the insurance premiums are due for payment; however, the City does make discretionary contributions to the trust. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the City made payments for postemployment health benefit premiums of \$736,004.

Net OPEB Liability

The City has chosen to use the June 30 measurement date as its measurement date for the net OPEB liability. The June 30, 2024 fiscal year end reported net OPEB liability was determined using a measure of the total OPEB liability and the OPEB net position as of the June 30, 2024 measurement date. The June 30, 2024 total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2023.

Changes in the net OPEB liability during the measurement year were as follows:

| Increase (Decrease) | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|-------------|-----|----------------|----|-----------------------|--|--|
| Changes in Net OPEB Liability | in Net OPEB Liability Total OPEB Liability | | Pla | n Net Position | | Net OPEB Liability | | |
| Balance as of July 1, 2023 | \$ | 14,359,955 | \$ | 7,192,453 | \$ | 7,167,502 | | |
| Changes for the year: | | | | | | | | |
| Service cost | | 119,437 | | - | | 119,437 | | |
| Interest | | 909,490 | | - | | 909,490 | | |
| Differences between expected and actual | | | | | | | | |
| experience | | (1,420,451) | | - | | (1,420,451) | | |
| Change in assumptions | | 1,348,894 | | - | | 1,348,894 | | |
| Contributions-employer | | - | | 748,991 | | (748,991) | | |
| Net investment income (loss) | | - | | 714,804 | | (714,804) | | |
| Benefit payments, including refunds | | (855,043) | | (736,004) | | (119,039) | | |
| Net changes | | 102,327 | | 727,791 | | (625,464) | | |
| Balance as of June 30, 2024 | \$ | 14,462,282 | \$ | 7,920,244 | \$ | 6,542,038 | | |

The plan's fiduciary net position represents 54.76% of the total OPEB liability.

Notes to Financial Statements

Year Ended June 30, 2024

9. Other Postemployment Benefit Plan (continued)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the City recognized an OPEB cost recovery of \$(500,937).

As of June 30, 2024, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following resources:

| | C | Deferred Dutflows of Resources | Deferred Inflows of Resources | | |
|---|----|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------|--|
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments Difference between expected and actual experience | \$ | - | \$ | 33,484 2,323,697 | |
| Changes in assumptions | | 1,133,441 | | - | |
| Total | \$ | 1,133,441 | \$ | 2,357,181 | |

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

| Years Ending June 30 | Amount |
|-------------------------|-------------------|
| 2025 | \$ (1,084,419) |
| 2026 | (10,336) |
| 2027 | (76,800) |
| 2028 | (52,185) |

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2024 actuarial valuation was determined using an inflation assumption of 3.00%; assumed salary increases (including inflation) of between 3.50% and 10.20% depending on seniority and merit; an investment rate of return (net investment expenses) of 6.50%; a health care cost trend rate of 8.25%, decreasing 0.50% of 0.75% per year to an ultimate rate of 3.50%; and the RP-2014 Employee, Healthy Annuitant, and Disabled Annuitant Mortality Tables adjusted for mortality improvements to 2025 using scale MP-2018 from 2006. These assumptions were applied to all periods included in the measurement.

Notes to Financial Statements

Year Ended June 30, 2024

9. Other Postemployment Benefit Plan (continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 6.50%. The projections of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the City will continue to fund OPEB benefits on a pay as you go basis up to \$1.2 million per year. Benefit payments in excess of \$1.2 million in a given year would be paid from trust assets.

Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Investment Rate of Return

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the annual money-weighted rate of return on investments, net of plan investment expense, was 9.46%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return as of the June 30, 2024 measurement date for each major asset class included in the OPEB plan's target asset allocation, as disclosed in the investment footnote, are summarized in the following table:

| Asset Class | Target Allocation | Long-term Expected Rate of Return |
|---------------------|----------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Global equity | 60.0% | 4.95% |
| Global fixed income | 20.0% | 2.40% |
| Private investments | 20.0% | 7.00% |

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 6.50%, as well as what the City's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

Notes to Financial Statements

Year Ended June 30, 2024

9. Other Postemployment Benefit Plan (continued)

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate (continued)

| | | Current | |
|--------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|
| | 1% Decrease (5.50%) | Discount Rate (6.50%) | 1% Increase (7.50%) |
| Net OPEB liability | \$ 8,102,962 | \$ 6,542,038 | \$ 5,226,247 |

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rate

| | | Healthcare Cost Trend | |
|--------------------|--------------|--------------------------|--------------|
| | 1% Decrease | Rate | 1% Increase |
| Net OPEB liability | \$ 5,108,888 | \$ 6,542,038 | \$ 8,193,165 |

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the plan's fiduciary net position is not available in the separately issued financial report. For the purpose of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the plan's fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. The plan uses the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Investments are stated at fair value. Contribution revenue of employee contributions are recognized as expense when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

10. Joint Ventures

Southeastern Oakland County Water Authority

The City is a member of the Southeastern Oakland County Water Authority (Water Authority), which provides a water supply system serving 11 members and two nonmember municipalities in Oakland County. The City appoints one member of the joint venture's governing board, which approves the annual budget. The participating communities provide funding for its operations. During the year ended June 30, 2023, the City expensed \$880,498 of payments made to the Water Authority. The City has no explicit and measurable equity in the joint venture. The Southeastern Oakland County Water Authority's operations are financially independent of the City. The City is unaware of any circumstances that would cause an additional financial benefit or burden to the participating governments in the near future. Complete financial statements of the Southeastern Oakland County Water Authority can be obtained from the administrative offices at 3910 Webster Road, Royal Oak, MI 48073.

Notes to Financial Statements

Year Ended June 30, 2024

10. Joint Ventures (continued)

Southeastern Oakland County Resource Recovery Authority

The City is a member of the Southeastern Oakland County Resource Recovery Authority (Resource Recovery Authority), which collects, processes, and disposes of the municipal solid waste, yard waste, and recyclables accumulated within the City. The Resource Recovery Authority provides services to 12 member municipalities in Oakland County. The City appoints one member of the joint venture's governing board, which approves the annual budget. The participating communities provide funding for its operations. During the year ended June 30, 2024, the City expensed \$1,264,490 of payments made to the Resource Recovery Authority. The City has no explicit and measurable equity interests in the joint venture. Complete financial statements of the Southeastern Oakland County Resource Recovery Authority can be obtained from the administrative offices at 3910 W. Webster Road, Royal Oak, MI 48073.

11. Accounting Changes

During the year ended June 30, 2024, the City adopted GASB Statement No. 100, *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections* to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. This statement prescribes the accounting and financial reporting for each type of accounting change and error corrections. This statement also requires that the aggregate amount of adjustments to and restatements of beginning net position, fund balance, or fund net position, as applicable, be displayed by reporting unit in the financial statements.

Change in Major Fund

While the Infrastructure Fund (previously referred to as the Road Millage Fund) was presented as a major governmental fund in the City's June 30, 2023 ACFR, the Infrastructure Fund has been presented as a non-major fund in the City's June 30, 2024 ACFR.

Error Corrections

During the current year, it was determined that certain adjustments recorded during the City's 2023 fiscal year were improperly recorded to the Solid Waste Fund and Water & Sewer Fund, resulting in understatements in the aforementioned funds of \$60,803 and \$1,006,428, respectively. These improper adjustments resulted in overstatements in the Major Streets Fund and Infrastructure Fund of \$505,480 and \$1,000,000, respectively. To correct these errors, the beginning fund balance for the aforementioned funds and both the Governmental Activities and Business-Type Activities Net Position have been adjusted as follows:

| | <u>G</u> | <u>overnmental</u> <u>Activities</u> | <u>M</u> | ajor Streets <u>Fund</u> | Sol | lid Waste <u>Fund</u> | Int | frastructure <u>Fund</u> |
|-------------------------------------|----------|---|----------|-----------------------------|-----|--------------------------|-----|-----------------------------|
| Beginning net position / fund | | | | | | | | |
| balance, as previously reported | \$ | 3,723,774 | \$ | 3,565,424 | \$ | 303,467 | \$ | 1,201,041 |
| Correction of an error | | (1,444,677) | | (505,480) | | 60,803 | | (1,000,000) |
| Beginning net position, as restated | \$ | 2,279,097 | \$ | 3,059,944 | \$ | 364,270 | \$ | 201,041 |

Notes to Financial Statements

Year Ended June 30, 2024

11. Accounting Changes (continued)

| | Business-Type Activities | | Water & Sewer <u>Fund</u> | |
|--|-----------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Beginning net position, as previously reported Correction of an error | \$ | 19,193,190 1,006,428 | \$ | 19,193,190 1,006,428 |
| Beginning net position, as restated | \$ | 20,199,618 | \$ | 20,199,618 |

12. Upcoming Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2022, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*, which updates the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences as well as the disclosure requirements. This statement requires that the compensated absence liability be recognized for leave that has not been used and leave that has been used but not yet paid in cash or settlement through noncash means. This statement is effective for the City's financial statements beginning with the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025.

In December 2023, the GASB issued Statement No. 102, *Certain Risk Disclosures*, to provide users of government financial statements with essential information about risks related to vulnerabilities due to certain concentrations or constraints. As a result, an assessment will be required to determine whether a concentration or constraint makes the primary reporting unit or other reporting units that report a liability for revenue debt vulnerable to the risk of a substantial impact. Additionally, this statement requires a government to assess whether an event or events associated with a concentration or constraint that could cause the substantial impact have occurred, have begun to occur, or are more likely than not to begin to occur within 12 months of the date the financial statements are issued. If criteria for disclosure have been met for a concentration or constraint, it should disclose information in notes to financial statements in sufficient detail to enable users of financial statements to understand the nature of the circumstances disclosed and the vulnerability to the risk of a substantial impact. The City is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted. The provisions of this statement are effective for the City's financial statements for the year ending June 30, 2025.

In April 2024, the GASB issued Statement No. 103, *Financial Reporting Model Improvements*, to improve key components of the financial reporting model to enhance its effectiveness in providing information that is essential for decision making and assessing accountability. This statement continues the requirement that the basic financial statements be preceded by management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) enhanced with detailed analyses that explains why balances and results of operations changed rather than simply presenting the amounts or percentages by which they changed. Additionally, this statement requires additional disclosures and discussion of unusual or infrequent items, changes in the presentation of the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position, major component unit information, budgetary comparison information, and financial trends information in the statistical section. The City is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted. The provisions of this statement are effective for the City's financial statements for the year ending June 30, 2026.

Notes to Financial Statements

Year Ended June 30, 2024

13. Net Investment in Capital Assets

The composition of net investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2024 was as follows:

| | vernmental Activities | siness-Type Activities |
|--|------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Capital assets | | |
| Capital assets not being depreciated | \$ 971,268 | \$ 13,795 |
| Capital assets being depreciated | 23,492,101 | 22,828,881 |
| | 24,463,369 | 22,842,676 |
| Related liabilities | | |
| Current portion of long-term debt | - | 39,666 |
| Long-term debt, net of current portion | - | 143,575 |
| Payables related to capital assets | 238,350 | 68,800 |
| | 238,350 | 252,041 |
| | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | \$ 24,225,019 | \$ 22,590,635 |

Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of Pension Investment Returns Public Safety Pension Plan

Last Ten Fiscal Years

| | 2024 | 2023 | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 |
|--|--------|-------|---------|--------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|-------|
| Annual money-weighted rate of return - net | | | | | | | | | | |
| of investment expense | 11.04% | 3.82% | -12.90% | 25.41% | 4.36% | 5.34% | 7.33% | 11.80% | -0.40% | 1.80% |

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Public Safety Pension Plan

Last Ten Fiscal Years

| | 2024 | | 2023 | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 |
|---|------------------|----|-------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|----|-------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Total pension liability: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Service cost | \$ 605,667 | \$ | 522,246 | \$ 558,625 | \$ 539,011 | \$ 502,638 | \$ | 476,281 | \$ 427,320 | \$ 387,896 | \$ 369,308 | \$ 348,830 |
| Interest | 1,962,349 | | 1,892,986 | 1,847,947 | 1,805,389 | 1,752,414 | | 1,724,836 | 1,711,781 | 1,683,319 | 1,646,655 | 1,623,409 |
| Benefit changes | - | | 45,707 | - | - | - | | - | - | - | - | - |
| Differences between expected and actual | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| experience | 838,969 | | 535,705 | 194,594 | 61,418 | 251,209 | | 517,899 | (231,761) | 38,612 | 189,536 | 15,829 |
| Change in assumptions | 2,230,077 | | - | - | - | - | | 1,070,500 | - | - | - | - |
| Benefit payments, including refunds | (2,058,931) | | (2,035,977) | (1,843,155) | (1,772,154) | (1,763,153) |) | (1,768,878) | (1,752,501) | (1,742,208) | (1,703,842) | (1,678,258) |
| Net change in total pension liability | 3,578,131 | | 960,667 | 758,011 | 633,664 | 743,108 | | 2,020,638 | 154,839 | 367,619 | 501,657 | 309,810 |
| Total pension liability at beginning of year | 28,760,185 | | 27,799,518 | 27,041,507 | 26,407,843 | 25,664,735 | | 23,644,097 | 23,489,258 | 23,121,639 | 22,619,982 | 22,310,172 |
| Total pension liability at end of year | \$ 32,338,316 | \$ | 28,760,185 | \$ 27,799,518 | \$ 27,041,507 | \$ 26,407,843 | \$ | 25,664,735 | \$ 23,644,097 | \$ 23,489,258 | \$ 23,121,639 | \$ 22,619,982 |
| Plan fiduciary net position: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Contributions – employer | \$ 1,325,000 | \$ | 1,315,000 | \$ 1,303,500 | \$ 1,204,528 | \$ 1,013,557 | \$ | 774,630 | \$ 743,241 | \$ 713,669 | \$ 660,531 | \$ 726,568 |
| Contributions – member | 79,807 | | 16,393 | 58,982 | 204,534 | 6,718 | | 41,690 | 118,413 | - | - | - |
| Net investment income (loss) | 2,327,486 | | 2,057,990 | (3,448,733) | 4,750,831 | 758,066 | | 946,900 | 1,341,200 | 1,984,577 | (55,465) | 357,995 |
| Administrative expenses | (2,058,931) | | (89,594) | (78,809) | (80,192) | (68,702) |) | (65,541) | (62,621) | (51,027) | (44,152) | (46,951) |
| Benefit payments, including refunds | (145,353) | | (2,035,977) | (1,843,155) | (1,772,154) | (1,763,153) | | (1,768,878) | (1,752,501) | (1,742,208) | (1,703,842) | (1,678,258) |
| Other | (22,435) | | 640 | 1,030 | - | - | | 3,293 | - | - | - | 183 |
| Net change in plan fiduciary net position | 1,505,574 | | 1,264,452 | (4,007,185) | 4,307,547 | (53,514) |) | (67,906) | 387,732 | 905,011 | (1,142,928) | (640,463) |
| Plan fiduciary net position at beginning of year | 20,337,007 | | 19,072,555 | 23,079,740 | 18,772,193 | 18,825,707 | | 18,893,613 | 18,505,881 | 17,600,870 | 18,743,798 | 19,384,261 |
| Plan fiduciary net position at end of year | \$ 21,842,581 | \$ | 20,337,007 | \$ 19,072,555 | \$ 23,079,740 | \$ 18,772,193 | \$ | 18,825,707 | \$ 18,893,613 | \$ 18,505,881 | \$ 17,600,870 | \$ 18,743,798 |
| City's net position liability- ending | \$ 10,495,735 | \$ | 8,423,178 | \$ 8,726,963 | \$ 3,961,767 | \$ 7,635,650 | \$ | 6,839,028 | \$ 4,750,484 | \$ 4,983,377 | \$ 5,520,769 | \$ 3,876,184 |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percent of total pension liability | 67.54% | | 70.71% | 68.61% | 85.35% | 71.09% |) | 73.35% | 79.91% | 78.78% | 76.12% | 82.86% |
| Covered payroll | \$ 2,379,069 | \$ | 2,538,091 | \$ 2,422,387 | \$ 2,241,392 | \$ 2,218,820 | \$ | 2,085,703 | \$ 1,960,564 | \$ 1,915,375 | \$ 1,770,387 | \$ 1,923,665 |
| City's net pension liability as a percent of covered payroll | 441.17% | 1 | 331.87% | 360.26% | 176.75% | 344.13% | , | 327.90% | 242.30% | 260.18% | 311.84% | 201.50% |

Schedule of Pension Contributions Public Safety Pension Plan

Last Ten Fiscal Years

| | 2024 | 2023 | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|--------------------|--------------|---|--------------|-----------|-----------------|
| Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in realtion to the actuarially | \$ 1,232,358 | \$ 1,143,410 | \$ 1,167,348 | \$ 1,090,661 | \$ 1,013,557 | \$ 774,630 \$ | 743,054 \$ | 5 | 713,669 \$ | 660,531 | \$ 726,568 |
| determined contribution | 1,325,000 | 1,315,000 | 1,303,500 | 1,203,500 | 1,013,557 | 774,630 | 743,241 | | 713,669 | 660,531 | 726,568 |
| Contribution excess | \$ 92,642 | \$ 171,590 | \$ 136,152 | \$ 112,839 | \$ - | \$ - \$ | 187 \$ | 5 | - \$ | - | \$ - |
| Covered payroll | \$ 2,379,069 | \$ 2,538,091 | \$ 2,422,387 | \$ 2,241,392 | \$ 2,218,820 | \$ 2,085,703 \$ | 1,960,564 \$ | 5 | 1,915,375 \$ | 1,770,387 | \$ 1,923,665 |
| Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll | 55.69% | 51.81% | 53.81% | 53.69% | 45.68% | 37.14% | 37.91% | | 37.26% | 37.31% | 37.77% |

Actuarial valuation information relative to the determination of contributions:

Valuation date

Actuarially determined contribution amounts are calculated as of June 30 each year, which is 12 months prior to the beginning of the fiscal year in which the contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

| Actuarial Cost Method | Entry-age normal |
|-------------------------------|---|
| Amortization Method | Level percentage of pay |
| Remaining Amortization Period | 12 years, closed |
| Asset Valuation Method | 4-year smoothed fair value |
| Price Inflation | 2.5% |
| Salary Increase | 3.50% to 7.50% including wage inflation |
| Investment Rate of Return | 7.00% net of investment and administrative expenses |
| Retirement Age | Experience-based tables of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition |
| Mortality | RP-2014 Employee, Healthy Annuitant, and Disabled Annuitant Mortality Tables, adjusted for mortality improvements |
| | to 2025 using projection scale MP-2018 from 2006 |

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Municipal Employees' Retirement System

Last Ten Fiscal Years

| | 2023 | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 |
|--|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Total pension liability: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Service cost | \$ 286,397 | \$ 311,674 | \$ 300,191 | \$ 279,973 | \$ 253,811 | \$ 232,498 | \$ 224,700 | \$ 250,936 | \$ 231,896 | \$ 313,028 |
| Interest | 1,700,000 | 1,669,502 | 1,655,367 | 1,589,513 | 1,600,556 | 1,623,192 | 1,612,480 | 1,599,114 | 1,602,510 | 1,588,656 |
| Differences between expected and | | | | | | | | | | |
| actual experience | 37,542 | 423,373 | 238,479 | (2,393) | 171,132 | (388,478) | 50,262 | 63,274 | (432,248) | - |
| Change in assumptions | 164,354 | - | 763,167 | 723,288 | 621,435 | - | - | - | 868,163 | - |
| Benefit payments, including refunds | (1,766,183) | (1,719,118) | (1,713,834) | (1,754,148) | (1,750,488) | (1,771,161) | (1,743,690) | (1,722,576) | (1,707,986) | (1,678,420) |
| Other changes | 16,573 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Net change in total pension liability | 438,683 | 685,431 | 1,243,370 | 836,233 | 896,446 | (303,949) | 143,752 | 190,748 | 562,335 | 223,264 |
| Total pension liability at beginning of year | 24,416,767 | 23,731,336 | 22,487,966 | 21,651,733 | 20,755,287 | 21,059,236 | 20,915,484 | 20,724,736 | 20,162,401 | 19,939,137 |
| Total pension liability at end of year | \$ 24,855,450 | \$ 24,416,767 | \$ 23,731,336 | \$ 22,487,966 | \$ 21,651,733 | \$ 20,755,287 | \$ 21,059,236 | \$ 20,915,484 | \$ 20,724,736 | \$ 20,162,401 |
| Plan fiduciary net position: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Contributions – employer | \$ 2,324,687 | \$ 1,333,495 | \$ 1,390,129 | \$ 1,090,006 | \$ 1,232,770 | \$ 437,618 | \$ 907,736 | \$ 528,385 | \$ 546,145 | \$ 574,412 |
| Contributions - member | 90,075 | 169,179 | 127,518 | 86,385 | 96,041 | 74,880 | 116,858 | 72,550 | 80,039 | 90,641 |
| Net investment income (loss) | 1,376,423 | (1,422,503) | 1,550,018 | 1,533,090 | 1,390,885 | (429,097) | 1,471,376 | 1,231,253 | (176,950) | 792,022 |
| Administrative expenses | (28,658) | (25,137) | (19,521) | (22,351) | (23,897) | (22,404) | (23,315) | (24,362) | (26,595) | (28,852) |
| Benefit payments, including refunds | (1,766,183) | (1,719,118) | (1,713,834) | (1,754,148) | (1,750,488) | (1,771,161) | (1,743,690) | (1,722,576) | (1,707,986) | (1,678,420) |
| Net change in plan fiduciary net position | 1,996,344 | (1,664,084) | 1,334,310 | 932,982 | 945,311 | (1,710,164) | 728,965 | 85,250 | (1,285,347) | (250,197) |
| Plan fiduciary net position at beginning of year | 11,982,166 | 13,646,250 | 12,311,940 | 11,378,958 | 10,433,647 | 12,143,811 | 11,414,846 | 11,329,596 | 12,614,943 | 12,865,140 |
| Plan fiduciary net position at end of year | \$ 13,978,510 | \$ 11,982,166 | \$ 13,646,250 | \$ 12,311,940 | \$ 11,378,958 | \$ 10,433,647 | \$ 12,143,811 | \$ 11,414,846 | \$ 11,329,596 | \$ 12,614,943 |
| City's net pension liability- ending | \$ 10,876,940 | \$ 12,434,601 | \$ 10,085,086 | \$ 10,176,026 | \$ 10,272,775 | \$ 10,321,640 | \$ 8,915,425 | \$ 9,500,638 | \$ 9,395,140 | \$ 7,547,458 |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percent of total pension liability | 56.24% | 49.07% | 57.50% | 54.75% | 52.55% | 50.27% | 57.67% | 54.58% | 54.67% | 62.57% |
| Covered payroll | \$ 2,220,182 | \$ 2,408,210 | \$ 2,502,987 | \$ 2,376,127 | \$ 2,101,331 | \$ 1,918,830 | \$ 2,001,189 | \$ 2,014,906 | \$ 1,679,482 | \$ 1,679,482 |
| City's net pension liability as a percent of covered payroll | 489.91% | 516.34% | 402.92% | 428.26% | 488.87% | 537.91% | 445.51% | 471.52% | 559.41% | 449.39% |

Schedule is built prospectively upon implementation of GASB Statement No. 68.

Schedule of Pension Contributions Municipal Employees' Retirement System

Last Ten Fiscal Years Ended June 30

| | 2024 | | 2023 | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 |
|---|-----------------|----|-----------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially | \$ 1,108,140 | \$ | 1,150,332 | \$ 1,390,129 | \$ 1,119,653 | \$ 960,613 | \$ 424,931 | \$ 640,280 | \$ 528,385 | \$ 546,145 | \$ 574,412 |
| determined contribution | 1,108,140 | | 1,150,332 | 1,390,129 | 1,294,653 | 1,360,613 | 675,590 | 907,736 | 528,385 | 546,145 | 574,412 |
| Contribution excess (deficiency) | \$ - | \$ | - | \$ - | \$ 175,000 | \$ 400,000 | \$ 250,659 | \$ 267,456 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - |
| Covered employee payroll | \$ 2,220,182 | \$ | 2,408,210 | \$ 2,502,987 | \$ 2,622,540 | \$ 2,319,247 | \$ 2,404,170 | \$ 2,001,189 | \$ 2,001,644 | \$ 2,222,306 | \$ 2,253,166 |
| Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll | 49.91% | , | 47.77% | 55.54% | 49.37% | 58.67% | 28.10% | 45.36% | 26.40% | 24.58% | 25.49% |

Actuarial valuation information relative to the determination of contributions:

Valuation date

Actuarially determined contribution amounts are calculated as of December 31 each year, which is 18 months prior to the beginning of the fiscal year in which the contributions are required.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

| Actuarial Cost Method | Entry-age normal |
|-------------------------------|---|
| Amortization Method | Level percentage of pay - closed |
| Remaining Amortization Period | 20 years |
| Asset Valuation Method | 10 year smoothed fair value |
| Inflation | 2.50% |
| Salary Increase | 3.00% |
| Investment Rate of Return | 7.60% |
| Retirement Age | Experience-based tables of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition |
| Mortality | Blend of the Pub-2010 Juvenile Mortality Tables, the PubG-2010 Employee Mortality |
| | Tables, and the PubG-2010 Healthy Retiree Tables |

Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

Last Seven Fiscal Years

| | 2024 | 2023 | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 |
|---|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Total OPEB liability: | | | | | | | |
| Service cost | \$ 119,437 | \$ 138,622 | \$ 141,915 | \$ 147,830 | \$ 156,989 | \$ 190,339 | \$ 364,827 |
| Interest | 909,490 | 900,810 | 1,142,693 | 1,124,018 | 1,130,768 | 1,122,116 | 923,469 |
| Differences between expected and | | | | | | | |
| actual experience | (1,420,451) | - | (4,482,016) | - | (1,894,582) | (198,240) | (1,014,834) |
| Change in assumptions | 1,348,894 | - | 390,917 | - | 109,385 | - | - |
| Benefit payments, including refunds | (855,043) | (937,577) | (888,684) | (1,074,498) | (1,028,555) | (878,125) | (1,036,188) |
| Net change in total OPEB liability | 102,327 | 101,855 | (3,695,175) | 197,350 | (1,525,995) | 236,090 | (762,726) |
| Total OPEB liability at beginning of year | 14,359,955 | 14,258,100 | 17,953,275 | 17,755,925 | 19,281,920 | 19,045,830 | 19,808,556 |
| Total OPEB liability at end of year | \$ 14,462,282 | \$ 14,359,955 | \$ 14,258,100 | \$ 17,953,275 | \$ 17,755,925 | \$ 19,281,920 | \$ 19,045,830 |
| Plan fiduciary net position: | | | | | | | |
| Contributions – employer | \$ 748,991 | \$ 816,786 | \$ 738,812 | \$ 1,253,876 | \$ 1,032,759 | \$ 1,135,210 | \$ 1,041,123 |
| Net investment income | 714,804 | 486,265 | (599,936) | 1,575,924 | 121,322 | 137,994 | 350,035 |
| Administrative expenses | - | - | (13,060) | (11,606) | - | - | - |
| Benefit payments, including refunds | (736,004) | (791,293) | (717,395) | (1,074,498) | (1,028,555) | (878,125) | (1,036,188) |
| Net change in plan fiduciary net position | 727,791 | 511,758 | (591,579) | 1,743,696 | 125,526 | 395,079 | 354,970 |
| Plan fiduciary net position at beginning of year | 7,192,453 | 6,680,695 | 7,272,274 | 5,528,578 | 5,403,052 | 5,007,973 | 4,653,003 |
| Plan fiduciary net position at end of year | \$ 7,920,244 | \$ 7,192,453 | \$ 6,680,695 | \$ 7,272,274 | \$ 5,528,578 | \$ 5,403,052 | \$ 5,007,973 |
| Net OPEB liability - ending | \$ 6,542,038 | \$ 7,167,502 | \$ 7,577,405 | \$ 10,681,001 | \$ 12,227,347 | \$ 13,878,868 | \$ 14,037,857 |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percent of total OPEB liability | 54.76% | 50.09% | 46.86% | 40.51% | 31.14% | 28.02% | 26.29% |
| Covered employee payroll | \$ 5,088,064 | \$ 5,632,492 | \$ 5,753,643 | \$ 5,129,064 | \$ 4,913,491 | \$ 3,652,907 | \$ 3,722,725 |
| Net OPEB liability as a percent of covered employee payroll | 128.58% | 127.25% | 131.70% | 208.24% | 248.85% | 379.94% | 377.09% |

Schedule is built prospectively upon implementation of GASB Statement No. 75.

Schedule of OPEB Contributions

Last Ten Fiscal Years Ended June 30

| | | 2024 | | 2023 | | 2022 | | 2021 | | 2020 | 2019* | | 2018* | | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 |
|---|---|---|--------------------------|---|---------------|----------------------------------|-------|----------------|--------|------------------|----------------|-----|------------------|-----|---------------------|---------------------|-----------|
| Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially | \$ | 708,807 | \$ | 675,568 | \$ | 685,635 | \$ | 1,068,849 | \$ | 1,074,788 \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 2,512,485 \$ | 2,531,410 \$ | 2,603,419 |
| determined contribution | | 748,991 | | 816,786 | | 738,812 | | 1,253,876 | | 1,032,759 | - | | - | | 1,541,815 | 1,571,446 | 1,604,630 |
| Contribution excess (deficiency) | \$ | 40,184 | \$ | 141,218 | \$ | 53,177 | \$ | 185,027 | \$ | (42,029) \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | (970,670) \$ | (959,964) \$ | (998,789) |
| Covered employee payroll | \$ | 5,088,064 | \$ | 5,632,492 | \$ | 5,753,643 | \$ | 5,129,064 | \$ | 4,913,491 \$ | 3,652,907 | \$ | 3,722,725 | \$ | 2,635,197 \$ | 2,635,197 \$ | 2,635,197 |
| Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll | | 14.72% | | 14.50% | | 12.84% | | 24.45% | | 21.02% | 0.00% | ó | 0.00% | | 58.51% | 59.63% | 60.89% |
| Actuarial valuation information relative to the determi | nation | of contributi | ons: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Valuation date | | uarially dete tributions ar | | | on a | mounts are ca | alcu | lated as of De | cem | ber 31 each year | , which is 18 | mon | ths prior to the | beg | ginning of the fise | cal year in which t | the |
| *No actuarially determined employer contribution (AI | DC) wa | is calculated | in co | onnection wit | h th | e valuation of | f the | plan for this | year | | | | | | | | |
| Actuarial valuation information relative to the determi | nation | on contribut | ions: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Valuation Date | Act | uarially dete | rmin | ed contributi | on a | mounts are ca | alcu | lated as of Ju | ne 3(|) each year. | | | | | | | |
| Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution | ion rate | es: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Actuarial Cost Method Asset Valuation Method Inflation Health Care Cost Trend Rates Salary Increase Investment Rate of Return Retirement Age Mortality | Fair 3.0 8.2: 3.5 6.5 Exp RP- | 5% decreasin 0% to 10.20 0% perience-base -2014 Emplo | ng .5 %, ir ed tal | 0% or .70% p acluding infla bles of rates t | tion hat a | are specific to nt, and Disab | o the | | oility | | ed for mortali | ty | | | | | |

Schedule of OPEB Investment Returns

Last Seven Fiscal Years

| | 2024 | 2023 | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 |
|---|-------|-------|--------|--------|-------|-------|-------|
| Annual money-weighted rate of return – net of investment expense | 9.46% | 6.32% | -3.35% | 28.19% | 2.36% | 2.97% | 7.78% |

Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund

| | Budgeted | l Amou | nts | | | Var | iance with |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|--------|----------------------|----|--------------------|-----|---------------------|
| | Original | | Final | - | Actual | | nal Budget |
| Revenue | 8 | | | | | | 8 |
| Property taxes | \$ 9,337,839 | \$ | 9,583,587 | \$ | 9,617,591 | \$ | 34,004 |
| Intergovernmental: | | | | | | | |
| Federal grants | 501,500 | | 501,500 | | 507,990 | | 6,490 |
| State-shared revenue and grants | 3,997,540 | | 3,963,831 | | 2,267,891 | | (1,695,940) |
| Charges for services | 927,975 | | 1,099,954 | | 1,124,652 | | 24,698 |
| Fines and forfeitures | 152,000 | | 152,000 | | 150,730 | | (1,270) |
| Licenses and permits | 667,300 | | 764,115 | | 799,261 | | 35,146 |
| Investment earnings Franchise fees | 210,000 | | 281,946 | | 281,666 | | (280) |
| Other miscellaneous income | 270,000 418,663 | | 249,900 593,888 | | 184,507 696,850 | | (65,393) 102,962 |
| Total revenue | 16,482,817 | | 17,190,721 | | 15,631,138 | | (1,559,583) |
| Expenditures | | | | | | | |
| Current services: | | | | | | | |
| General government: | | | | | | | |
| City council | 18,925 | | 45,925 | | 31,524 | | 14,401 |
| Manager | 306,553 | | 426,553 | | 426,081 | | 472 |
| Clerk/elections | 206,780 | | 176,780 | | 176,719 | | 61 |
| Finance | 524,217 | | 608,867 | | 572,731 | | 36,136 |
| Legal | 141,000 | | 116,000 | | 104,198 171,899 | | 11,802 |
| Treasurer | 171,199 | | 174,899 | | , | | 3,000 |
| City hall | 189,135 | | 2,143,715 | | 458,109 | | 1,685,606 |
| Planning Inspection | 230,137 310,002 | | 278,807 511,552 | | 261,634 528,723 | | 17,173 (17,171) |
| Community promotion | 55,260 | | 65,760 | | 39,705 | | 26,055 |
| Insurance | 1,293,712 | | 1,281,082 | | 1,110,923 | | 170,159 |
| Active employee benefits | 1,446,146 | | 1,258,172 | | 1,234,242 | | 23,930 |
| Total general government | 4,893,066 | | 7,088,112 | | 5,116,488 | | 1,971,624 |
| Public safety: | | | | | | | |
| Administration | 209,981 | | 228,981 | | 217,300 | | 11,681 |
| Operations | 2,922,467 | | 3,002,939 | | 3,069,677 | | (66,738) |
| Service aides | 502,790 | | 537,113 | | 537,108 | | 5 |
| Pension administration | 1,691,678 | | 1,684,678 | | 1,655,382 | | 29,296 |
| Animal control Total public safety | 84,025 5,410,941 | | 84,025 5,537,736 | | 73,956 | | 10,069 (15,687) |
| | 5,410,541 | | 5,557,750 | | 3,333,423 | | (13,007) |
| Public works: | | | | | | | |
| Operations | 986,779 | | 1,084,964 | | 927,313 | | 157,651 |
| Street programs | 214,609 | | 246,609 | | 241,968 | | 4,641 |
| Garage Total public works | 525,439 | | 580,439 1,912,012 | | 452,901 | | 127,538 289,830 |
| - | 1,720,827 | | 1,912,012 | | 1,022,182 | | 289,830 |
| Recreation and culture: | | | | | | | |
| Library | 684,666 | | 684,766 | | 666,840 | | 17,926 |
| WBRK | 295,809 | | 296,228 | | 271,263 | | 24,965 |
| Communications | 193,406 | | 238,256 | | 210,777 | | 27,479 |
| Total recreation and culture | 1,173,881 | | 1,219,250 | | 1,148,880 | | 70,370 |
| Capital outlay | 2,337,500 | | 628,135 | | 468,795 | | 159,340 |
| Total expenditures | 15,542,215 | | 16,385,245 | | 13,909,768 | | 2,475,477 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues | | | | | | | |
| over expenditures | 940,602 | | 805,476 | | 1,721,370 | | (915,894) |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | | | | | | |
| Transfers in | 100,000 | | 292,876 | | 290,258 | | 2,618 |
| Transfers out | (1,050,000) | | (993,900) | | (984,074) | | 9,826 |
| Sale of capital assets | 60,000 | | 58,000 | | 5,500 | | (52,500) |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | (890,000) | | (643,024) | | (688,316) | | (45,292) |
| Change in fund balance | 50,602 | | 162,452 | | 1,033,054 | | 870,602 |
| Fund balance as of July 1 | 4,068,030 | | 4,068,030 | | 4,068,030 | | - |
| Fund balance as of June 30 | \$ 4,118,632 | \$ | 4,230,482 | \$ | 5,101,084 | \$ | 870,602 |

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Major Streets Fund

| | Budgeted | Am | ounts | | Vari | ance with |
|--|-----------------|----|-------------|-----------------|------|-----------|
| | Original | | Final | Actual | Fir | al Budget |
| Revenue: | | | | | | |
| State shared revenue and grants | \$ 1,376,910 | \$ | 1,479,000 | \$ 1,384,803 | \$ | (94,197) |
| Charges for services | 15,095 | | 15,095 | 12,087 | | (3,008) |
| Investment income | 70,000 | | 70,000 | 74,453 | | 4,453 |
| Other revenue | 17,115 | | 22,905 | 25,849 | | 2,944 |
| Total revenue | 1,479,120 | | 1,587,000 | 1,497,192 | | (89,808) |
| Expenditures: | | | | | | |
| Public works | 1,146,924 | | 1,495,441 | 1,442,273 | | 53,168 |
| Capital Outlay | 1,800,000 | | 1,140,780 | 1,499,554 | | (358,774) |
| Total Expenditures | 2,946,924 | | 2,636,221 | 2,941,827 | | (305,606) |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues | | | | | | |
| over expenditures | (1,467,804) | | (1,049,221) | (1,444,635) | | (395,414) |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | | | | | |
| Transfer out | (200,000) | | (200,000) | (200,000) | | - |
| Net change in fund balance | (1,667,804) | | (1,249,221) | (1,644,635) | | (395,414) |
| Fund balance at beginning of year | 3,565,424 | | 3,565,424 | 3,565,424 | | - |
| Adjustment - restatement for correction of an erro | (505,480) | | (505,480) | (505,480) | | - |
| Fund balance at beginning of year - restated | 3,059,944 | | 3,059,944 | 3,059,944 | | - |
| Fund balance at end of year | \$ 1,392,140 | \$ | 1,810,723 | \$ 1,415,309 | \$ | 395,414 |

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

June 30, 2024

Budgetary Information – Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for all governmental funds except that fund balance appropriations and transfers are budgeted as either revenue or expenditures to balance the budget. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. During the fiscal year, the budget was amended in a legally permissible manner.

Other Supplementary Information

Nonmajor Governmental Funds Description

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue courses that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes.

Local Streets Fund

The Local Streets Fund accounts for state gas and weight tax revenues received by the City and restricted in use to be used on the local streets.

Community Development Block Grant

The Community Development Block Grant Fund accounts for federal grant funds received from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development to assist economically disadvantaged areas within the community and those citizens who are also economically disadvantaged.

Seniors' Program

The Seniors' Program Fund accounts for all senior recreation revenue and expenses related to senior activities planned within the recreation department, including SMART senior transportation programming. User fees and nonprofit and corporate grants are the major funding sources of this fund.

Recreation Revolving

The Recreation Revolving Fund accounts for all revenue and expenditures associated with parks and recreation youth and adult recreation programs. This fund also accounts for all dream cruise revenue and expenditures for the City. User fees are the main revenue source for this fund.

Solid Waste Service

The Solid Waste Service Fund accounts for the activities of the City's sanitation system. Revenue in the fund is generated from a dedicated millage and charges to customers with the City for trash pickup.

Infrastructure

The Infrastructure Fund (previously referred to as the Road Millage fund) accounts for resources of the specific voter approved millage tax revenue that is restricted for use on City infrastructure projects such as road improvements and water and sewer line replacement.

Debt Service Funds

Eleven Mile Road Project Debt Service

The Eleven Mile Road Project Debt Service Fund accounts for a 2006 voter-approved debt issue and supporting tax increase to finance the reconstruction of Eleven Mile Road within the City of Berkley. The bonds are issued in accordance with Michigan Public Act 279 of 1909, as amended.

Nonmajor Governmental Funds Description

Capital Project Funds

Capital Project Funds are used to record bond proceeds or other revenue and the disbursement of invoices specifically designated for acquiring land, buildings, and equipment; technology upgrades; and remodeling repairs.

Court Projects

The Court Projects Fund accounts for capital activity of the district court building. In March 2006, the Berkley City Council approved an ordinance under Michigan Compiled Law Section 141.261, which allows for a specific fine to be levied by the district court on a civil infraction. The funds derived from these fines are to be utilized to provide for the renovation or expansion of the Berkley District Court facility, including furniture, fixtures, and necessary equipment. Beginning on July 1, 2015, the 45-A District Court was consolidated with the City of Royal Oak, Michigan's 44th District Court. Upon the dissolution of the 45-A District Court, the capital improvement funds are permissible to be transferred to the General Fund to be used pursuant to MCLA 141.262.

<u>Sidewalk</u>

The Sidewalk Fund will manage any special assessment sidewalk projects with the City. All future special assessment revenue will be collected here to offset the construction expenses of the sidewalk project. Engineering costs related to the project are budgeted in the Major Streets and Local Streets funds.

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds

June 30, 2024

| | Local Streets | Special Community Development Block Grant | <u>Revenue Fu</u> Seniors' Program | nds Recreation Revolving | Solid Waste Service | Infrastructure | Debt Service Fund Eleven Mile Road Project Debt Service | Capital P Court Projects | roject Funds Sidewalk | Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds |
|--|---------------|--|--|--------------------------------|------------------------|----------------|---|--------------------------------|--------------------------|---|
| Assets: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Cash and investments | \$ 657,343 | \$ 17,494 | \$ 58,808 | \$ 407,627 | \$ 689,603 | \$ 49,737 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 1,880,612 |
| Receivables: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Customers | 14,374 | - | - | - | 258,806 | - | - | - | 155,136 | 428,316 |
| Other Governmental Units | 79,381 | 4,535 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 83,916 |
| Prepaid Costs | - | - | 2,271 | 3,785 | - | - | - | - | - | 6,056 |
| Total Assets | 751,098 | 22,029 | 61,079 | 411,412 | 948,409 | 49,737 | - | - | 155,136 | 2,398,900 |
| Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Fund Balance Liabilities: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | 48,165 | 534 | 3,287 | 48,446 | 60,268 | 29,481 | - | - | - | 190,181 |
| Due to other funds | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 155,136 | 155,136 |
| Accrued Liabilities and other | 4,316 | - | 1,784 | 40,606 | 1,282 | - | - | - | - | 47,988 |
| Unearned revenue | - | 4,535 | - | 27,150 | - | - | - | - | - | 31,685 |
| Total Liabilities | 52,481 | 5,069 | 5,071 | 116,202 | 61,550 | 29,481 | - | - | 155,136 | 424,990 |
| Fund Balance: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Nonspendable - Prepaid costs Restricted for: | - | - | 2,271 | 3,785 | - | - | - | - | - | 6,056 |
| Streets | 698.617 | - | - | - | - | 20,256 | - | - | - | 718,873 |
| Community service | - | 16,960 | 53,737 | - | - | | - | - | - | 70,697 |
| Solid waste service | - | - | - | - | 886,859 | - | - | - | - | 886,859 |
| Committed - Recreation | - | - | - | 291,425 | - | - | - | - | - | 291,425 |
| Total Fund Balance | 698,617 | 16,960 | 56,008 | 295,210 | 886,859 | 20,256 | - | - | - | 1,973,910 |
| Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balance | \$ 751,098 | \$ 22,029 | \$ 61,079 | 411,412 | \$ 948,409 | \$ 49,737 | \$- | \$- | \$ 155,136 | \$ 2,398,900 |

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2024

| | | | Special Rev | enue Funds | | | Debt Service Fund | Capital Pro | ject Funds | |
|--|---------------|---|---------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|----------------|---|-------------------|------------|---|
| | Local Streets | Community Development Block Grant | Seniors' Program | Recreation Revolving | Solid Waste Service | Infrastructure | Eleven Mile Road Project Debt Service | Court Projects | Sidewalk | Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds |
| Revenue: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Property taxes | \$ - | \$ - | \$- | \$ - | \$ 1,283,238 | \$ 1,385,882 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 2,669,120 |
| Special assessments | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 206,663 | 206,663 |
| Intergovernmental: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Federal grants | - | 11,053 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 11,053 |
| State-shared revenue and grants | 514,868 | - | 22,007 | 94,000 | 7,826 | 8,985 | - | - | - | 647,686 |
| Charges for services | - | - | 63,708 | 443,765 | 830,177 | - | - | - | - | 1,337,650 |
| Licenses and permits | 96,952 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 96,952 |
| Investment earnings | 26,861 | - | 1,405 | 2,366 | 24,416 | 38,980 | - | 3,500 | 667 | 98,195 |
| Other revenue | 6,079 | - | - | - | 16,134 | - | - | - | - | 22,213 |
| Total revenue | 644,760 | 11,053 | 87,120 | 540,131 | 2,161,791 | 1,433,847 | - | 3,500 | 207,330 | 5,089,532 |
| Expenditures: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Current services: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Public works | 1,100,451 | - | - | - | 1,639,202 | - | 2,618 | - | - | 2,742,271 |
| Health and welfare | - | 4,535 | 60,054 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 64,589 |
| Recreation and culture | - | - | - | 1,055,362 | - | - | - | - | - | 1,055,362 |
| Capital outlay | 100,119 | - | - | 278,318 | - | 1,614,632 | - | - | 308,321 | 2,301,390 |
| Total expenditures | 1,200,570 | 4,535 | 60,054 | 1,333,680 | 1,639,202 | 1,614,632 | 2,618 | - | 308,321 | 6,163,612 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues | | | | | | | | | | |
| over expenditures | (555,810) | 6,518 | 27,066 | (793,549) | 522,589 | (180,785) | (2,618) | 3,500 | (100,991) | (1,074,080) |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | | | | | | | | | |
| Transfers in | 200,000 | - | - | 900,000 | - | - | - | - | 84,074 | 1,184,074 |
| Transfers out | | - | - | - | - | - | (10,048) | (280, 210) | - | (290,258) |
| Total other financing | | | | | | | | | | <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u> |
| sources (uses) | 200,000 | - | - | 900,000 | - | - | (10,048) | (280,210) | 84,074 | 893,816 |
| Net change in fund balance | (355,810) | 6,518 | 27,066 | 106,451 | 522,589 | (180,785) | (12,666) | (276,710) | (16,917) | (180,264) |
| Fund balance at beginning of year, as previously presented | 1,054,427 | 10,442 | 28,942 | 188,759 | 303,467 | - | 12,666 | 276,710 | 16,917 | 1,892,330 |
| Adjustment - changes from major fund to nonmajor fund | -, | | | - | - | 1,201,041 | | - | | 1,201,041 |
| Adjustment - Restatement for correction of an error | - | - | - | - | 60,803 | (1,000,000) | | - | - | (939,197) |
| Fund balance at beginning of year - restated | 1,054,427 | 10,442 | 28,942 | 188,759 | 364,270 | 201,041 | 12,666 | 276,710 | 16,917 | 2,154,174 |
| Fund balance at end of year | \$ 698,617 | , | | \$ 295,210 | | | | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 1,973,910 |
| and canalies at old of your | \$ 070,017 | ÷ 10,700 | \$ 50,000 | ÷ 275,210 | \$ 000,007 | ÷ 20,230 | Ψ - | Ψ | Ψ | ÷ 1,775,710 |

Budgetary Comparison Schedules – Nonmajor Governmental Funds Local Streets Fund

| | Budgeted Amounts | | | Variance with | |
|---------------------------------|------------------|--------------|-----------|---------------|---------------------|
| | | Original | Final | Actual | Final Budget |
| Revenue: | | | | | |
| State shared revenue and grants | \$ | 525,390 \$ | 521,600 | \$ 514,868 | \$ (6,732) |
| Charges for services | | - | 89,000 | 96,952 | 7,952 |
| Investment income | | 20,000 | 20,000 | 26,861 | 6,861 |
| Other revenue | | 35,000 | 26,200 | 6,079 | (20,121) |
| Total revenue | | 580,390 | 656,800 | 644,760 | (12,040) |
| Expenditures: | | | | | |
| Public works | | 832,835 | 976,988 | 1,100,451 | (123,463) |
| Capital Outlay | | - | - | 100,119 | (100,119) |
| Total Expenditures | | 832,835 | 976,988 | 1,200,570 | (223,582) |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues | | | | | |
| over expenditures | | (252,445) | (320,188) | (555,810) | (235,622) |
| Other financing sources: | | | | | |
| Transfers in | | 200,000 | 200,000 | 200,000 | - |
| Net change in fund balance | | (52,445) | (120,188) | (355,810) | (235,622) |
| Fund balance as of July 1 | | 1,054,427 | 1,054,427 | 1,054,427 | - |
| Fund balance as of June 30 | \$ | 1,001,982 \$ | | \$ 698,617 | \$ (235,622) |

Budgetary Comparison Schedules – Nonmajor Governmental Funds Community Development Block Grant

| | | Budgeted A | mounts | _ | | Var | iance with |
|----------------------------|----|------------|--------|----|--------|---------------------|------------|
| | C | riginal | Final | _ | Actual | Final Budget | |
| Revenue: | | | | | | | |
| Federal grants | \$ | 35,000 \$ | 35,000 | \$ | 11,053 | \$ | (23,947) |
| Total revenue | | 35,000 | 35,000 | | 11,053 | | (23,947) |
| Expenditures: | | | | | | | |
| Health and welfare | | 35,000 | 35,000 | | 4,535 | | 30,465 |
| Net change in fund balance | | - | - | | 6,518 | | 6,518 |
| Fund balance as of July 1 | | 10,442 | 10,442 | | 10,442 | | - |
| Fund balance as of June 30 | \$ | 10,442 \$ | 10,442 | \$ | 16,960 | \$ | 6,518 |

Budgetary Comparison Schedules – Nonmajor Governmental Funds Seniors' Program

Variance with **Budgeted Amounts** Original Final Actual **Final Budget** Revenue: \$ 22,007 \$ State-shared revenue and grants 22,880 \$ 22,880 \$ (873) Charges for services 66,706 66,759 63,708 (3,051) Investment earnings 700 1,000 1,405 405 Total revenue 90,286 90,639 87,120 (3,519) **Expenditures:** Health and welfare 87,671 88,171 60,054 28,117 24,598 Net change in fund balance 2,615 2,468 27,066 28,942 Fund balance as of July 1 28,942 28,942 -Fund balance as of June 30 31,557 \$ 31,410 \$ 56,008 \$ 24,598 \$

Budgetary Comparison Schedules – Nonmajor Governmental Funds Recreation Revolving

| | Budgeted Amounts | | | | _ | | Variance with | |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------|----|-----------|----|-----------|---------------|-----------|
| | | Original | | Final | - | Actual | Final Budget | |
| Revenue: | | | | | | | | |
| State shared revenues and grants | \$ | 300,000 | \$ | 300,000 | \$ | 94,000 | \$ | (206,000) |
| Charges for services | | 530,815 | | 530,915 | | 443,765 | | (87,150) |
| Investment earnings | | 300 | | 2,200 | | 2,366 | | 166 |
| Other revenue | | 5,000 | | 5,000 | | - | | (5,000) |
| Total revenue | | 836,115 | | 838,115 | | 540,131 | | (297,984) |
| Expenditures: | | | | | | | | |
| Current services: | | | | | | | | |
| Recreation and culture | | 1,228,850 | | 1,233,343 | | 1,055,362 | | 177,981 |
| Capital outlay | | 362,000 | | 362,000 | | 278,318 | | 83,682 |
| Total Expenditures | | 1,590,850 | | 1,595,343 | | 1,333,680 | | 261,663 |
| Excess of expenditures over revenue | | (754,735) | | (757,228) | | (793,549) | | (559,647) |
| Other financing sources: | | | | | | | | |
| Transfers in | | 900,000 | | 900,000 | | 900,000 | | - |
| Net change in fund balance | | 145,265 | | 142,772 | | 106,451 | | (36,321) |
| Fund balance as of July 1 | | 188,759 | | 188,759 | | 188,759 | | - |
| Fund balance as of June 30 | \$ | 334,024 | \$ | 331,531 | \$ | 295,210 | \$ | (36,321) |

Budgetary Comparison Schedules – Nonmajor Governmental Funds Solid Waste Service

| | Budgeted Amounts | | | | | Var | iance with | |
|---|-------------------------|-----------|----|-----------|----|-----------|------------|-----------|
| | | Original | | Final | - | Actual | Fin | al Budget |
| Revenue: | | | | | | | | |
| Property taxes | \$ | 1,175,461 | \$ | 1,176,291 | \$ | 1,283,238 | \$ | 106,947 |
| State shared revenues and grants | | - | | 5,600 | | 7,826 | | 2,226 |
| Charges for services | | 673,173 | | 841,227 | | 830,177 | | (11,050) |
| Investment earnings | | 15,000 | | 15,000 | | 24,416 | | 9,416 |
| Other revenue | | 11,000 | | 11,000 | | 16,134 | | 5,134 |
| Total revenue | | 1,874,634 | | 2,049,118 | | 2,161,791 | | 112,673 |
| Expenditures: | | | | | | | | |
| Public works | | 1,563,589 | | 1,662,818 | | 1,639,202 | | 23,616 |
| Net change in fund balance | | 311,045 | | 386,300 | | 522,589 | | 89,057 |
| Fund balance as of July 1 | | 303,467 | | 303,467 | | 303,467 | | - |
| Adjustment - Restatement for correction of an error | | 60,803 | | 60,803 | | 60,803 | | - |
| Fund balance as of July 1 - restated | | 364,270 | | 364,270 | | 364,270 | | - |
| Fund balance as of June 30 | \$ | 675,315 | \$ | 750,570 | \$ | 886,859 | \$ | (136,289) |

Budgetary Comparison Schedules – Nonmajor Governmental Funds Infrastructure Fund

| | Budgeted Am | ounts | | Variance with |
|---|--------------------|----------------|-------------|---------------|
| | Original | Final | Actual | Final Budget |
| Revenue: | | | | |
| Property taxes | \$ 1,349,519 \$ | 1,381,000 \$ | 1,385,882 | \$ 4,882 |
| State-shared revenue and grants | - | 6,400 | 8,985 | 2,585 |
| Investment earnings | 50,000 | 50,000 | 38,980 | (11,020) |
| Total revenue | 1,399,519 | 1,437,400 | 1,433,847 | (3,553) |
| Expenditures: | | | | |
| Capital outlay | 1,850,000 | 2,638,441 | 1,614,632 | 1,023,809 |
| Net change in fund balance | (450,481) | (1,201,041) | (180,785) | 1,020,256 |
| Fund balance as of July 1, as previously presented | 1,201,041 | 1,201,041 | 1,201,041 | - |
| Adjustment - Restatement for correction of an error | (1,000,000) | (1,000,000) | (1,000,000) | - |
| Fund balance as of July 1 - restated | 201,041 | 201,041 | 201,041 | - |
| Fund balance as of June 30 | \$ (249,440) \$ | (1,000,000) \$ | 20,256 | \$ 1,020,256 |

Budgetary Comparison Schedules – Nonmajor Governmental Funds Eleven Mile Road Project Debt Service

| | | Budgeted An | nounts | | Variance with |
|-------------------------------------|----|-------------|----------|----------|---------------|
| | 0 | riginal | Final | Actual | Final Budget |
| Revenue: | | | | | |
| Property taxes | \$ | - \$ | - \$ | - 5 | \$ - |
| Charges for services | | - | - | - | - |
| Investment earnings | | - | - | - | - |
| Total revenue | | - | - | - | - |
| Expenditures: | | | | | |
| Debt service | | - | - | 2,618 | (2,618) |
| Excess of expenditures over revenue | | - | - | (2,618) | 2,618 |
| Other financing uses: | | | | | |
| Transfers out | | - | (12,666) | (10,048) | 2,618 |
| Net change in fund balance | | - | (12,666) | (12,666) | - |
| Fund balance as of July 1 | | 12,666 | 12,666 | 12,666 | - |
| Fund balance as of June 30 | \$ | 12,666 \$ | - \$ | - | \$ - |

Budgetary Comparison Schedules – Nonmajor Governmental Funds Court Projects

| | | Budgeted Am | ounts | | Variance with | |
|-------------------------------------|----------|--------------------|-----------|-----------|---------------|---|
| | Original | | Final | Actual | Final Budget | |
| Revenue: | | | | | | |
| Investment earnings | \$ | 3,500 \$ | 3,500 | \$ 3,500 | \$ | - |
| Expenditures: | | | | | | |
| General government | | - | - | - | | - |
| Excess of expenditures over revenue | | 3,500 | 3,500 | 3,500 | | - |
| Other financing uses: | | | | | | |
| Transfers out | | (100,000) | (280,210) | (280,210) | | - |
| Net change in fund balance | | (96,500) | (276,710) | (276,710) | | - |
| Fund balance as of July 1 | | 276,710 | 276,710 | 276,710 | | - |
| Fund balance as of June 30 | \$ | 180,210 \$ | - | \$ - | \$ | - |

Budgetary Comparison Schedules – Nonmajor Governmental Funds Sidewalk

| | Budgeted Amounts | | | | | Variance with | |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------|-----------|----|-----------|---------------|-----------|
| | (| Original | Final | _ | Actual | Fina | al Budget |
| Revenue: | | | | | | | |
| Special assessments | \$ | 94,000 \$ | 244,415 | \$ | 206,663 | \$ | (37,752) |
| Investment earnings | | 1,000 | 1,000 | | 667 | | (333) |
| Total revenue | | 95,000 | 245,415 | | 207,330 | | (38,085) |
| Expenditures: | | | | | | | |
| Capital outlay | | 240,000 | 348,732 | | 308,321 | | 40,411 |
| Excess of expenditures over revenue | | (145,000) | (103,317) | | (100,991) | | (78,496) |
| Other financing sources: | | | | | | | |
| Transfers in | | 150,000 | 93,900 | | 84,074 | | (9,826) |
| Net change in fund balance | | 5,000 | (9,417) | | (16,917) | | (7,500) |
| Fund balance as of July 1 | | 16,917 | 16,917 | | 16,917 | | - |
| Fund balance as of June 30 | \$ | 21,917 \$ | 7,500 | \$ | - | \$ | (7,500) |

Fiduciary Funds Description

Pension and Other Postemployment Benefits Funds

Public Safety Pension

The Public Safety Pension accumulates resources for pension benefit payments to qualified public safety employees.

Other Postemployment Benefits

The Other Postemployment Benefits Fund accumulated resources for future retiree health care payments to qualified retirees.

Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds

June 30, 2024

| | Pe | ension and Oth | er P | ostemploymen | t Be | nefits Funds |
|--|----|----------------|------|--------------|------|--------------|
| | | | | | | |
| | P | ublic Safety | Pos | temployment | | |
| | | Pension | Be | enefits Fund | | Total |
| Assets | | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ | 344,220 | \$ | - | \$ | 344,220 |
| Investments: | | | | | | |
| Common and preferred stock | | 13,684,811 | | | | 13,684,811 |
| Mutual funds - fixed income securities | | 7,799,797 | | - | | 7,799,797 |
| Interest in pooled investments | | - | | 7,920,244 | | 7,920,244 |
| Accrued interest receivable | | 26,236 | | - | | 26,236 |
| Prepaid Costs | | 9,543 | | - | | 9,543 |
| Total assets | | 21,864,607 | | 7,920,244 | | 29,784,851 |
| Liabilities | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | | 22,026 | | - | | 22,026 |
| Net position | | | | | | |
| Restricted: | | | | | | |
| Pension | | 21,842,581 | | - | | 21,842,581 |
| Postemployment benefits other than pension | | - | | 7,920,244 | | 7,920,244 |
| Total net position | \$ | 21,842,581 | \$ | 7,920,244 | \$ | 29,762,825 |

Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds

| | Pension and Other Postemployment Benefits Funds | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|--------------|----------------|-------------|----|------------|--|--|--|--|
| | | | | Other | | | | | | |
| | P | ublic Safety | Postemployment | | | | | | | |
| | | Pension | Bei | nefits Fund | | Total | | | | |
| Additions | | | | | | | | | | |
| Investment income (loss): | | | | | | | | | | |
| Net increase in fair value of investments | \$ | 2,377,586 | \$ | 730,553 | \$ | 3,108,139 | | | | |
| Net investment income | | 2,377,586 | | 730,553 | | 3,108,139 | | | | |
| Contributions: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Employer | | 1,325,000 | | 748,991 | | 2,073,991 | | | | |
| Employee | | 79,807 | | - | | 79,807 | | | | |
| Total contributions | | 1,404,807 | | 748,991 | | 2,153,798 | | | | |
| Total additions | | 3,782,393 | | 1,479,544 | | 5,261,937 | | | | |
| Deductions | | | | | | | | | | |
| Benefit payments | | 2,058,931 | | 736,004 | | 2,794,935 | | | | |
| Administrative expenses | | 195,453 | | 15,749 | | 211,202 | | | | |
| Total deductions | | 2,254,384 | | 751,753 | | 3,006,137 | | | | |
| Net increase in fiduciary net position | | 1,528,009 | | 727,791 | | 2,255,800 | | | | |
| Net position at beginning of year | | 20,314,572 | | 7,192,453 | | 27,507,025 | | | | |
| Net position at end of year | \$ | 21,842,581 | \$ | 7,920,244 | \$ | 29,762,825 | | | | |

Statistical Section

Description of Statistical Section

This part of the City of Berkley's annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required and other supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

Financial Trend Information

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity Information

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, property taxes.

Debt Capacity Information

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.

Operating Information

These schedules contain information about the City's operations and resources to help the reader understand how the City's financial information relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules are derived from the annual financial reports for the applicable year.

Net Position by Component

Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

| | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 |
|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Governmental activities: | | | | | | | | | | <u> </u> |
| Net investment in capital assets | \$ 11,765,355 | \$ 12,605,508 | \$ 12,566,628 | \$ 12,991,485 | \$ 13,045,304 | \$ 14,370,876 | \$ 17,716,646 | \$ 18,244,394 | \$ 20,885,995 | \$ 24,225,019 |
| Restricted | 2,575,308 | 3,481,448 | 3,299,179 | 3,022,602 | 3,618,304 | 5,298,444 | 6,417,046 | 8,319,600 | 6,311,248 | 3,091,738 |
| Unrestricted | (7,387,648) | (8,329,077) | (10,002,030) | (18,442,146) | (18,885,704) | (20,254,877) | (21,486,529) | (24,629,012) | (23,473,469) | (18,255,991) |
| Total governmental activities net position | \$ 6,953,015 | \$ 7,757,879 | \$ 5,863,777 | \$ (2,428,059) | \$ (2,222,096) | \$ (585,557) | \$ 2,647,163 | \$ 1,934,982 | \$ 3,723,774 | \$ 9,060,766 |
| Business-type activities: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | \$ 11,078,068 | \$ 11,829,788 | \$ 12,902,134 | \$ 14,339,122 | \$ 15,633,718 | \$ 16,470,852 | \$ 17,373,929 | \$ 19,170,640 | \$ 22,732,304 | \$ 22,590,635 |
| Unrestricted | 2,314,089 | 2,524,710 | 2,292,463 | 1,585,079 | 1,052,583 | 1,211,761 | 1,760,506 | 1,034,773 | (3,539,114) | 982,573 |
| Total business-type activities net position | \$ 13,392,157 | \$ 14,354,498 | \$ 15,194,597 | \$ 15,924,201 | \$ 16,686,301 | \$ 17,682,613 | \$ 19,134,435 | \$ 20,205,413 | \$ 19,193,190 | \$ 23,573,208 |
| Primary government: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | \$ 22,843,423 | \$ 24,435,296 | \$ 25,468,762 | \$ 27,330,607 | \$ 28,679,022 | \$ 30,841,728 | \$ 35,090,575 | \$ 37,415,034 | \$ 43,618,299 | \$ 46,815,654 |
| Restricted | 2,575,308 | 3,481,448 | 3,299,179 | 3,022,602 | 3,618,304 | 5,298,444 | 6,417,046 | 8,319,600 | 6,311,248 | 3,091,738 |
| Unrestricted | (5,073,559) | (5,804,367) | (7,709,567) | (16,857,067) | (17,833,121) | (19,043,116) | (19,726,023) | (23,594,239) | (27,012,583) | (17,273,418) |
| Total primary government net position | \$ 20,345,172 | \$ 22,112,377 | \$ 21,058,374 | \$ 13,496,142 | \$ 14,464,205 | \$ 17,097,056 | \$ 21,781,598 | \$ 22,140,395 | \$ 22,916,964 | \$ 32,633,974 |

Changes in Governmental Activities Net Position

| Last Ten Fiscal Years |
|-------------------------------|
| (accrual basis of accounting) |

| | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 |
|--|--------------|--------------|----------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| Expenses: | | | | | | | | | | |
| General government | \$ 3,713,410 | \$ 2,960,882 | \$ 3,253,442 | \$ 2,457,584 | \$ 2,717,055 | \$ 2,796,098 | \$ 3,581,763 | \$ 4,325,018 | \$ 4,402,918 | \$ 4,856,682 |
| Public safety | 5,108,392 | 5,827,300 | 6,537,971 | 5,502,213 | 6,153,144 | 5,883,336 | 4,712,094 | 8,721,090 | 7,241,289 | 4,126,161 |
| Public works | 3,710,743 | 3,263,194 | 3,961,969 | 4,169,167 | 4,307,344 | 4,327,550 | 4,556,860 | 4,316,306 | 4,351,707 | 4,634,453 |
| Health and welfare | 166,478 | 119,477 | 212,793 | 132,247 | 110,335 | 102,322 | 36,488 | 64,126 | 78,070 | 46,764 |
| Recreation and culture | 1,828,480 | 1,887,724 | 2,070,940 | 2,071,555 | 2,097,708 | 1,992,930 | 1,918,176 | 1,899,692 | 2,335,123 | 1,777,633 |
| Interest on long-term debt | 104,750 | 68,928 | 46,083 | 36,100 | 26,250 | 18,500 | - | - | - | - |
| Total governmental activities expenses | 14,632,253 | 14,127,505 | 16,083,198 | 14,368,866 | 15,411,836 | 15,120,736 | 14,805,381 | 19,326,232 | 18,409,107 | 15,441,693 |
| Program revenue: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Charges for services | 3,057,180 | 2,367,271 | 2,599,640 | 2,845,944 | 3,079,982 | 2,660,224 | 2,498,465 | 3,173,417 | 3,918,823 | 4,266,244 |
| Operating grants and contributions | 1,612,680 | 1,850,630 | 1,385,111 | 1,621,962 | 1,726,321 | 1,702,719 | 2,613,999 | 1,920,792 | 1,916,057 | 1,958,597 |
| Capital grants and contributions | 249,360 | 240,677 | 30,933 | 73,692 | 1,343 | - | - | 521,806 | 750,870 | 921,061 |
| Total governmental program revenue | 4,919,220 | 4,458,578 | 4,015,684 | 4,541,598 | 4,807,646 | 4,362,943 | 5,112,464 | 5,616,015 | 6,585,750 | 7,145,902 |
| Net governmental activities expense | (9,713,033) | (9,668,927) | (12,067,514) | (9,827,268) | (10,604,190) | (10,757,793) | (9,692,917) | (13,710,217) | (11,823,357) | (8,295,791) |
| General revenue: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Property taxes | 8,477,367 | 8,544,699 | 8,236,436 | 8,295,631 | 8,685,875 | 10,351,643 | 10,654,406 | 10,805,968 | 11,260,203 | 12,493,374 |
| State-shared revenue | 1,316,074 | 1,314,979 | 1,429,058 | 1,449,940 | 1,485,102 | 1,456,465 | 1,659,482 | 1,854,884 | 1,887,088 | 1,939,765 |
| Unrestricted investment earnings | 55,102 | 60,242 | 77,244 | 129,208 | 173,030 | 147,103 | 43,432 | 16,505 | 167,701 | 454,314 |
| Other | 459,510 | 553,871 | 430,674 | 781,620 | 466,146 | 439,121 | 568,317 | 320,679 | 297,157 | 190,007 |
| Total governmental activities general revenues | 10,308,053 | 10,473,791 | 10,173,412 | 10,656,399 | 10,810,153 | 12,394,332 | 12,925,637 | 12,998,036 | 13,612,149 | 15,077,460 |
| Change in governmental activities net position | \$ 595,020 | \$ 804,864 | \$ (1,894,102) | \$ 829,131 | \$ 205,936 | \$ 1,636,539 | \$ 3,232,720 | \$ (712,181) | \$ 1,788,792 | \$ 6,781,669 |

Changes in Business-type Net Position

Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

| | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 |
|--|--------------|--------------|----------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|
| Operating revenue: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Charges for services – water/sewer | \$ 5,729,719 | \$ 6,285,422 | \$ 6,296,971 | \$ 6,683,811 | \$ 6,717,244 | \$ 6,915,755 | \$ 7,146,772 | \$ 7,333,257 | \$ 6,722,000 | \$ 8,282,957 |
| Charges for services – arena | 340,729 | 237,581 | 275,454 | 14,369 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Total business-type operating revenue | 6,070,448 | 6,523,003 | 6,572,425 | 6,698,180 | 6,717,244 | 6,915,755 | 7,146,772 | 7,333,257 | 6,722,000 | 8,282,957 |
| Operation expenses: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Water/sewer | 4,874,414 | 5,214,208 | 5,762,885 | 5,721,616 | 5,991,515 | 5,944,829 | 5,702,556 | 6,268,860 | 7,740,235 | 5,096,616 |
| Arena | 392,804 | 387,124 | 138,126 | 52,870 | 73,980 | 157,113 | - | - | - | - |
| Total business-type operating expenses | 5,267,218 | 5,601,332 | 5,901,011 | 5,774,486 | 6,065,495 | 6,101,942 | 5,702,556 | 6,268,860 | 7,740,235 | 5,096,616 |
| Net business-type operating income | 803,230 | 921,671 | 671,414 | 923,694 | 651,749 | 813,813 | 1,444,216 | 1,064,397 | (1,018,235) | 3,186,341 |
| Nonoperating revenue: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Unrestricted investment earnings | 10,097 | 13,670 | 18,685 | 22,587 | 30,351 | 23,681 | 7,606 | 6,581 | 6,012 | 5,629 |
| Other | 275 | - | 150,000 | 30,000 | 80,000 | 158,818 | - | - | - | 181,620 |
| Total business-type nonoperating revenue | 10,372 | 13,670 | 168,685 | 52,587 | 110,351 | 182,499 | 7,606 | 6,581 | 6,012 | 187,249 |
| Change in business-type net position | 813,602 | 935,341 | 840,099 | 976,281 | 762,100 | 996,312 | 1,451,822 | 1,070,978 | (1,012,223) | 3,373,590 |
| Change in net position, total primary | | | | | | | | | | |
| government | \$ 1,408,622 | \$ 1,740,205 | \$ (1,054,003) | \$ 1,805,412 | \$ 968,063 | \$ 2,632,851 | \$ 4,684,542 | \$ 358,797 | \$ 776,569 | \$ 10,155,259 |

Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

| | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 |
|------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|
| General fund: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Nonspendable | \$ 291,749 | \$ 327,691 | \$ 305,101 | \$ 203,072 | \$ 1,302,781 | \$ 1,246,313 | \$ 334,280 | \$ 336,586 | \$ 317,858 | \$ 376,477 |
| Restricted | 129,814 | 142,012 | 166,408 | 257,678 | 393,516 | 826,899 | 1,197,384 | 1,605,949 | 149,249 | - |
| Assigned | - | - | - | 1,791,139 | 351,237 | 447,244 | 996,194 | 878,557 | - | - |
| Unassigned | 3,103,391 | 3,909,081 | 4,646,335 | 3,979,977 | 4,601,416 | 3,940,515 | 2,575,826 | 1,885,606 | 3,600,923 | 4,724,607 |
| Total general fund | 3,524,954 | 4,378,784 | 5,117,844 | 6,231,866 | 6,648,950 | 6,460,971 | 5,103,684 | 4,706,698 | 4,068,030 | 5,101,084 |
| All other governmental funds | | | | | | | | | | |
| Nonspendable | 24,361 | 19,707 | 15,485 | 16,607 | 8,258 | 236 | 40,997 | 17,708 | 19,891 | 6,056 |
| Restricted | 2,320,355 | 3,305,159 | 3,009,016 | 2,685,461 | 3,138,502 | 4,344,607 | 5,105,670 | 6,713,651 | 6,161,999 | 3,091,738 |
| Committed | 835,919 | 976,873 | 989,553 | 901,471 | 909,394 | 722,864 | 8,988 | 12,718 | 183,278 | 291,425 |
| Assigned | 774,901 | 800,592 | 709,313 | 721,710 | 671,893 | 400,238 | 395,976 | 370,301 | 293,627 | - |
| Unassigned | - | - | (29,971) | - | - | - | (117,392) | - | - | - |
| Total all other governmental funds | 3,955,536 | 5,102,331 | 4,693,396 | 4,325,249 | 4,728,047 | 5,467,945 | 5,434,239 | 7,114,378 | 6,658,795 | 3,389,219 |
| Total all governmental funds | \$ 7,480,490 | \$ 9,481,115 | \$ 9,811,240 | \$ 10,557,115 | \$ 11,376,997 | \$ 11,928,916 | \$ 10,537,923 | \$ 11,821,076 | \$ 10,726,825 | \$ 8,490,303 |

Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

| | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 |
|--|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Revenue: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Local revenue | \$ 12,468,368 | \$ 12,002,658 | \$ 11,581,688 | \$ 12,090,257 | \$ 12,543,928 | \$ 13,681,126 | \$ 13,758,568 | \$ 14,574,460 | \$ 15,731,061 | \$ 17,398,439 |
| State revenue | 2,372,622 | 2,918,786 | 2,599,706 | 2,957,014 | 3,154,981 | 3,069,271 | 3,392,458 | 3,967,182 | 3,840,792 | 4,300,380 |
| Federal revenue | 383,305 | 120,601 | 22,240 | 68,914 | 11,092 | 53,347 | 861,316 | 12,375 | 617,528 | 519,043 |
| Total revenue | 15,224,295 | 15,042,045 | 14,203,634 | 15,116,185 | 15,710,001 | 16,803,744 | 18,012,342 | 18,554,017 | 20,189,381 | 22,217,862 |
| Expenditures: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | | | | | | |
| General government | 2,724,425 | 2,254,700 | 2,546,261 | 2,564,713 | 3,014,867 | 3,518,325 | 4,241,335 | 4,397,004 | 4,846,934 | 5,116,488 |
| Public safety | 4,866,822 | 4,668,617 | 5,170,198 | 4,928,196 | 5,156,993 | 5,313,236 | 5,637,089 | 5,829,779 | 6,142,535 | 5,953,179 |
| Public works | 4,101,935 | 3,123,736 | 3,470,559 | 4,154,574 | 3,685,816 | 3,815,701 | 3,608,516 | 3,488,114 | 3,760,349 | 5,064,348 |
| Health and welfare | 196,602 | 153,445 | 218,459 | 148,967 | 134,388 | 102,556 | 52,609 | 64,126 | 78,070 | 64,589 |
| Recreation and culture | 1,533,968 | 1,485,044 | 1,594,881 | 1,773,307 | 1,814,049 | 1,591,818 | 1,489,008 | 1,848,742 | 2,361,639 | 2,204,242 |
| Debt service: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Principal | 860,000 | 925,000 | 225,000 | 225,000 | 250,000 | 275,000 | 300,000 | - | - | - |
| Interest | 114,276 | 76,174 | 47,194 | 38,349 | 28,750 | 18,250 | 6,000 | - | - | - |
| Capital outlay | 277,496 | 327,704 | 450,957 | 507,204 | 725,256 | 1,527,759 | 4,133,507 | 1,702,112 | 4,147,503 | 4,612,361 |
| Total expenditures | 14,675,524 | 13,014,420 | 13,723,509 | 14,340,310 | 14,810,119 | 16,162,645 | 19,468,064 | 17,329,877 | 21,337,030 | 23,015,207 |
| Excess of revenue over expenditures | 548,771 | 2,027,625 | 480,125 | 775,875 | 89,988 | 641,099 | (1,455,722) | 1,224,140 | (1,147,649) | (797,345) |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | | | | | | | | | |
| Transfers in | 916,693 | 555,034 | 189,916 | 570,000 | 630,000 | 749,921 | 938,500 | 973,000 | 1,755,000 | 1,474,332 |
| Transfers out | (1,057,508) | (582,034) | (339,916) | (600,000) | (710,000) | (947,607) | (938,500) | (973,000) | (1,755,000) | (1,474,332) |
| Other | - | - | - | - | - | 108,506 | 64,729 | 59,013 | 53,398 | 5,500 |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | (140,815) | (27,000) | (150,000) | (30,000) | (80,000) | (89,180) | 64,729 | 59,013 | 53,398 | 5,500 |
| Net change in fund balances | 407,956 | 2,000,625 | 330,125 | 745,875 | 819,882 | 551,919 | (1,390,993) | 1,283,153 | (1,094,251) | (791,845) |
| Fund balances at beginning of year, | | | | | | | | | | |
| as previously presented | 7,072,534 | 7,480,490 | 9,481,115 | 9,811,240 | 10,557,115 | 11,376,997 | 11,928,916 | 10,537,923 | 11,821,076 | 10,726,825 |
| Restatement for correction of an error | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | (1,444,677) |
| Fund balance at beginning of year - restated | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 9,282,148 |
| Fund balances at end of year | \$ 7,480,490 | \$ 9,481,115 | \$ 9,811,240 | \$ 10,557,115 | \$ 11,376,997 | \$ 11,928,916 | \$ 10,537,923 | \$ 11,821,076 | \$ 10,726,825 | \$ 8,490,303 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| Debt service as a percentage of | | | | | | | | | | |
| noncapital expenditures | 6.77% | 7.89% | 2.09% | 2.07% | 2.06% | 2.15% | 2.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% |

Taxable Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property

Last Ten Tax Years

| | | Т | axa | ble Value by l | Pro | perty Type | è | | _ | | | | | |
|----------|----------------|-------------------|-----|----------------|-----|------------|----|----------------------|----|-------------|---------------------|-----|-------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Tax Year | Fiscal Year | Residential | (| Commercial | I | ndustrial | | Personal Property | | Total Value | Tax Rate (mills) | Est | timated Actual Value | Taxable Value as a % of Actual |
| 2014 | 2015 | \$ 410,885,648 | \$ | 50,207,950 | \$ | 816,550 | \$ | 11,907,130 | \$ | 473,817,278 | 17.5454 | \$ | 521,957,503 | 90.78% |
| 2015 | 2016 | 429,367,950 | | 51,202,520 | | 831,010 | | 12,626,360 | | 494,027,840 | 16.9791 | | 591,165,960 | 83.57% |
| 2016 | 2017 | 444,824,760 | | 51,074,430 | | 795,420 | | 12,251,880 | | 508,946,490 | 15.8215 | | 634,050,220 | 80.27% |
| 2017 | 2018 | 470,165,800 | | 51,766,210 | | 817,790 | | 12,972,020 | | 535,721,820 | 15.1746 | | 683,000,240 | 78.44% |
| 2018 | 2019 | 503,477,610 | | 53,456,860 | | 707,960 | | 13,749,000 | | 571,391,430 | 14.9025 | | 722,186,870 | 79.12% |
| 2019 | 2020 | 534,781,150 | | 55,499,230 | | 828,050 | | 14,150,420 | | 605,258,850 | 16.8238 | | 787,137,440 | 76.89% |
| 2020 | 2021 | 562,563,170 | | 58,179,770 | | 843,750 | | 14,896,210 | | 636,482,900 | 16.5476 | | 838,198,290 | 75.93% |
| 2021 | 2022 | 589,237,040 | | 60,710,000 | | 852,840 | | 16,728,530 | | 667,528,410 | 15.9886 | | 875,290,290 | 76.26% |
| 2022 | 2023 | 627,499,920 | | 62,256,160 | | 880,950 | | 16,691,080 | | 707,328,110 | 15.7752 | | 922,269,888 | 76.69% |
| 2023 | 2024 | 679,099,435 | | 63,841,698 | | 909,987 | | 22,273,590 | | 766,124,710 | 15.7698 | | 1,025,340,830 | 74.72% |

Note: Under Michigan law, the revenue base is referred to as "Taxable Value." This amount represents Assessed value (50% of true cash value), limited for each property by the lower of 5.00% or inflation.

Taxes levied in a particular "tax year" become revenue of the subsequent fiscal year.

Source: Oakland County Equalization

Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates

Last Ten Tax Years

| | | | | | | | | Overlapp | ing Taxes |
|-----------|--|--|--|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| | | | Millage Rate | es – City of Berkl | ey | | | Berkley | Schools |
| City | | | Community | Public Safety | | | Total Direct | | Non- |
| Operating | Public Safety | Sanitation | Promotions | Pension | City Debt | Infrastructure | Taxes | Homestead | Homestead |
| 9.2831 | 1.8872 | 1.8872 | 0.1055 | 2.7120 | 1.6704 | - | 17.5454 | 4.7353 | 22.7353 |
| 9.1456 | 1.8592 | 1.8592 | 0.1012 | 2.4290 | 1.5849 | - | 16.9791 | 7.7269 | 25.7269 |
| 8.9818 | 1.8259 | 1.8259 | 0.0982 | 2.5445 | 0.5452 | - | 15.8215 | 7.7148 | 25.7148 |
| 8.7590 | 1.7806 | 1.7806 | 0.0933 | 2.2684 | 0.4927 | - | 15.1746 | 7.6993 | 25.6993 |
| 8.5697 | 1.7421 | 1.7421 | 0.0875 | 2.2684 | 0.4927 | - | 14.9025 | 7.6843 | 25.3465 |
| 8.4034 | 1.7083 | 1.7083 | 0.0826 | 2.4975 | 0.4625 | 1.9612 | 16.8238 | 6.6517 | 24.0366 |
| 8.2436 | 1.6758 | 1.6758 | 0.0785 | 2.5000 | 0.4500 | 1.9239 | 16.5476 | 6.1038 | 24.1038 |
| 8.0696 | 1.6404 | 1.6404 | 0.0749 | 2.6800 | - | 1.8833 | 15.9886 | 6.0524 | 24.0524 |
| 7.9299 | 1.6120 | 1.6120 | 0.0706 | 2.7000 | - | 1.8507 | 15.7752 | 6.0090 | 24.0090 |
| 7.9299 | 1.6120 | 1.6120 | 0.0652 | 2.7000 | | 1.8507 | 15.7698 | 6.0098 | 24.0098 |
| | Operating 9.2831 9.1456 8.9818 8.7590 8.5697 8.4034 8.2436 8.0696 7.9299 | OperatingPublic Safety9.28311.88729.14561.85928.98181.82598.75901.78068.56971.74218.40341.70838.24361.67588.06961.64047.92991.6120 | OperatingPublic SafetySanitation9.28311.88721.88729.14561.85921.85928.98181.82591.82598.75901.78061.78068.56971.74211.74218.40341.70831.70838.24361.67581.67588.06961.64041.64047.92991.61201.6120 | CityCommunityOperatingPublic SafetySanitationPromotions9.28311.88721.88720.10559.14561.85921.85920.10128.98181.82591.82590.09828.75901.78061.78060.09338.56971.74211.74210.08758.40341.70831.70830.08268.24361.67581.67580.07858.06961.64041.64040.07497.92991.61201.61200.0706 | City OperatingCommunity Public SafetyPublic Safety SanitationPublic Safety PromotionsPublic Safety Pension9.28311.88721.88720.10552.71209.14561.85921.85920.10122.42908.98181.82591.82590.09822.54458.75901.78061.78060.09332.26848.56971.74211.74210.08752.26848.40341.70831.70830.08262.49758.24361.67581.67580.07852.50008.06961.64041.64040.07492.68007.92991.61201.61200.07062.7000 | OperatingPublic SafetySanitationPromotionsPensionCity Debt9.28311.88721.88720.10552.71201.67049.14561.85921.85920.10122.42901.58498.98181.82591.82590.09822.54450.54528.75901.78061.78060.09332.26840.49278.56971.74211.74210.08752.26840.49278.40341.70831.70830.08262.49750.46258.24361.67581.67580.07852.50000.45008.06961.64041.64040.07492.6800-7.92991.61201.61200.07062.7000- | City OperatingCommunity Public SafetyPublic SafetyCity DebtInfrastructure9.28311.88721.88720.10552.71201.6704-9.14561.85921.85920.10122.42901.5849-9.14561.82591.82590.09822.54450.5452-8.98181.82591.78060.78060.09332.26840.4927-8.56971.74211.74210.08752.26840.4927-8.40341.70831.70830.08262.49750.46251.96128.24361.67581.67580.07852.50000.45001.92398.06961.64041.64040.07492.6800-1.88337.92991.61201.61200.07062.7000-1.8507 | City OperatingPublic SafetySanitationPromotionsPublic SafetyTotal Direct Taxes9.28311.88721.88720.10552.71201.6704-17.54549.14561.85921.85920.10122.42901.5849-16.97918.98181.82591.82590.09822.54450.5452-15.82158.75901.78061.78060.09332.26840.4927-14.90258.40341.70831.70830.08262.49750.46251.961216.82388.24361.67581.67580.07852.50000.45001.923916.54768.06961.64041.64040.07492.6800-1.883315.98867.92991.61201.61200.07062.7000-1.850715.7752 | Millage Rates - City of Berkley Berkley City Community Public Safety Total Direct Taxes Homestead 9.2831 1.8872 1.8872 0.1055 2.7120 1.6704 - 17.5454 4.7353 9.1456 1.8592 1.8592 0.1012 2.4290 1.5849 - 16.9791 7.7269 8.9818 1.8259 1.8259 0.0982 2.5445 0.5452 - 15.8215 7.7148 8.7590 1.7806 1.7806 0.0933 2.2684 0.4927 - 14.9025 7.6843 8.4034 1.7083 1.7083 0.0826 2.4975 0.4625 1.9612 16.8238 6.6517 8.2436 1.6758 1.6758 0.0785 2.5000 0.4500 1.9239 16.5476 6.1038 8.0696 1.6404 0.0749 2.6800 - 1.8833 15.9886 6.0524 7.9299 1.6120 0.0706 2.7000 - 1.8507 |

Note: Michigan law restricts the maximum millage that may be levied by the City without a vote of our residents, as follows:

| General operating | 7.9299 |
|----------------------|--------|
| Public safety | 1.6120 |
| Sanitation | 1.6120 |
| Community promotions | 0.0706 |

The public safety pension and debt millages noted in the table above are limited by law to the millage required to cover estimated eligible expenditures.

Source: Oakland County Equalization – Apportionment Reports City of Berkley Treasury Department

Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates, Continued

Last Ten Tax Years

| | Overlapp | ing Taxes | | | | | | | | |
|----------------|-----------|------------------|-------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|--------------------|--------|---------------|--------------------------------------|
| | Royal Oa | k Schools | | | | Millage Rates - (| City of Berkley | | | |
| Fiscal Year | Homestead | Non- Homstead | Oakland County | Oakland Intermediate Schools | Oakland Community College | Oakland County Public Transportation Authority | State Education | НСМА | Zoo Authority | Downtown Development Authority |
| 2015 | 7.1928 | 25.1928 | 4.1900 | 3.3690 | 1.5844 | 1.0000 | 6.0000 | 0.2146 | 0.1000 | 1.9217 |
| 2016 | 7.3842 | 22.7466 | 4.3310 | 3.3633 | 1.5819 | 0.9998 | 6.0000 | 0.2146 | 0.0998 | 1.9217 |
| 2017 | 7.2911 | 22.5797 | 4.0900 | 3.3633 | 1.5819 | 0.9998 | 6.0000 | 0.2146 | 0.0998 | 1.9217 |
| 2018 | 6.6965 | 22.2263 | 4.0400 | 3.1113 | 1.5555 | 0.9863 | 6.0000 | 0.2140 | 0.0998 | 1.9217 |
| 2019 | 6.6245 | 22.2160 | 4.0400 | 3.0863 | 1.5431 | 1.0000 | 6.0000 | 0.2129 | 0.0982 | 1.9084 |
| 2020 | 6.0511 | 24.0511 | 4.0400 | 3.0605 | 1.5303 | 0.9927 | 6.0000 | 0.2117 | 0.0973 | 1.8776 |
| 2021 | 6.2372 | 28.5804 | 4.0200 | 3.0362 | 1.5184 | 0.9851 | 6.0000 | 0.2104 | 0.0965 | 1.8676 |
| 2022 | 5.3966 | 21.5366 | 4.0132 | 3.0110 | 1.5057 | 0.9765 | 6.0000 | 0.2089 | 0.0965 | 1.8225 |
| 2023 | 3.9331 | 21.9331 | 0.3431 | 2.9777 | 1.4891 | 0.9500 | 6.0000 | 0.2070 | 0.0945 | 1.8184 |
| 2024 | 4.3109 | 22.3109 | 3.9686 | 3.1658 | 1.4891 | 0.9500 | 6.0000 | 0.2070 | 0.0945 | 1.8184 |

Note: Michigan law restricts the maximum millage that may be levied by the City without a vote of our residents, as follows:

| General operating | 7.9299 |
|----------------------|--------|
| Public safety | 1.6120 |
| Sanitation | 1.6120 |
| Community promotions | 0.0706 |

The public safety pension and debt millages noted in the table above are limited by law to the millage required to cover estimated eligible expenditures.

Source: Oakland County Equalization – Apportionment Reports City of Berkley Treasury Department

Principal Property Tax Payers

Current Year and Ten Years Prior

| | Taxpayer | 20 |)24 Taxable Value | % of Total | 2015 Taxable Value | % of Total | 2015 Rank |
|----|------------------------------------|----|----------------------|---------------|-----------------------|---------------|--------------|
| 1 | Consumers Energy | \$ | 10,942,320 | 1.43% | \$ 2,373,540 | 0.48% | 3 |
| 2 | DTE Electric | \$ | 5,450,000 | 0.71% | \$ 2,517,250 | 0.51% | 2 |
| 3 | DHS Management | \$ | 3,314,970 | 0.43% | \$ 2,751,530 | 0.56% | 1 |
| 4 | Woodward Berkley LLC | \$ | 2,306,990 | 0.30% | | | N/A |
| 5 | 814 Berkley LLC | \$ | 2,179,120 | 0.28% | | | N/A |
| 6 | Essco of Berkley LLC | \$ | 1,571,130 | 0.21% | \$ 1,178,510 | 0.24% | 6 |
| 7 | Anusbigian LLC | \$ | 1,549,700 | 0.20% \$ | \$ 1,168,880 | 0.24% | 9 |
| 8 | Capital Development Corp | \$ | 1,167,860 | 0.15% | \$ 1,234,120 | 0.25% | 7 |
| 9 | 2200 Berkley LLC | \$ | 1,150,270 | 0.15% | | | N/A |
| 10 | Monarch Acquisition LLC | \$ | 1,120,830 | 0.15% | | | N/A |
| | Northwood Medical Limited Partners | | | | \$ 1,676,400 | 0.34% | 4 |
| | SD Investments | | | | \$ 865,300 | 0.18% | 10 |
| | Berkley Twelve Associates II | | | 9 | \$ 1,202,540 | 0.24% | 8 |
| | Dynex Commercial Services | | | 9 | \$ 1,485,360 | 0.30% | 5 |
| | Total taxable value | \$ | 30,753,190 | 4.01% | \$ 16,453,430 | 3.33% | |

Source: Oakland County Equalization Department City of Berkley Treasury Department

Property Tax Levies and Collections

Last Ten Fiscal Years

| Tax Year | Fiscal Year Ended June 30 |] | Fotal Levy | Co | Current ollections (1) | Percent Collected | elinquent ections (2) | Total Tax Collections | Percent of Levy Collected |
|----------|---------------------------------|----|------------|----|---------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 2014 | 2015 | \$ | 9,231,605 | \$ | 9,225,574 | 99.93% | \$ 5,111 | \$ 9,230,685 | 99.99% |
| 2015 | 2016 | | 9,279,449 | | 9,265,679 | 99.85% | 9,786 | 9,275,465 | 99.96% |
| 2016 | 2017 | | 8,962,059 | | 8,950,100 | 99.87% | 11,959 | 8,962,059 | 100.00% |
| 2017 | 2018 | | 9,042,743 | | 9,033,469 | 99.90% | 9,274 | 9,042,743 | 100.00% |
| 2018 | 2019 | | 9,138,215 | | 9,122,750 | 99.83% | 15,465 | 9,138,215 | 100.00% |
| 2019 | 2020 | | 10,340,646 | | 10,318,128 | 99.78% | 22,518 | 10,340,646 | 100.00% |
| 2020 | 2021 | | 11,010,588 | | 10,773,161 | 97.84% | 237,427 | 11,010,588 | 100.00% |
| 2021 | 2022 | | 12,133,120 | | 11,828,625 | 97.49% | 296,941 | 12,125,566 | 99.94% |
| 2022 | 2023 | | 12,308,913 | | 12,025,045 | 97.69% | 283,868 | 12,308,913 | 100.00% |
| 2023 | 2024 | | 13,265,264 | | 12,889,934 | 97.17% | 375,330 | 13,265,264 | 100.00% |

Source: Oakland County Settlement Documents City of Berkley Accounting Records

(1) Represents collections through the final distribution of taxes, including delinquent real taxes purchased by the county.

(2) Represents all collections after the final distribution date, through the current date.

Ratios of Outstanding Debt

Last Ten Fiscal Years

| | | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 |
|--|------|-------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Governmental activities: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| General obligation bonds | \$ | 2,000,000 | \$ 1,275,000 | \$ 1,050,000 | \$ 825,000 | \$ 575,000 | \$ 300,000 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - |
| Installment purchase agreements | | 200,000 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Total governmental activities debt | | 2,200,000 | 1,275,000 | 1,050,000 | 825,000 | 575,000 | 300,000 | - | - | - | - |
| Business-type activities: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| General obligation bonds | | 4,214,602 | 3,798,436 | 3,341,323 | 2,890,818 | 2,431,167 | 1,960,800 | 1,479,711 | 986,951 | 588,020 | 183,241 |
| Total debt of the government | \$ | 6,414,602 | \$ 5,073,436 | \$ 4,391,323 | \$ 3,715,818 | \$ 3,006,167 | \$ 2,260,800 | \$ 1,479,711 | \$ 986,951 | \$ 588,020 | \$ 183,241 |
| Total taxable value (1) | \$ 4 | 473,817,278 | \$ 494,027,840 | \$ 508,946,490 | \$ 535,721,820 | \$ 571,391,430 | \$ 605,258,850 | \$ 636,482,900 | \$ 667,528,410 | \$ 707,328,110 | \$ 766,124,710 |
| Ratio of total debt to personal income | | 1.35% | 1.03% | 0.86% | 0.69% | 0.53% | 0.37% | 0.23% | 0.15% | 0.08% | 0.02% |
| Total population | | 15,089 | 15,135 | 15,272 | 15,239 | 15,269 | 15,513 | 15,194 | 15,238 | 14,928 | 14,858 |
| Total debt per capita | \$ | 425 | \$ 335 | \$ 288 | \$ 244 | \$ 197 | \$ 146 | \$ 97 | \$ 65 | \$ 39 | \$ 12 |

(1) Personal income is not available

Source: Population information obtained from U.S. Census Bureau

Taxable value obtained from Oakland County Equilization

Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding

Last Ten Fiscal Years

| Fiscal Year | TGO City General)bligation Bonds | Ι | General Obligation Bonds ssued by County on Behalf of the City | - | otal General ligation Debt | Т | axable Values | Bonde a Perc | General d Debt as centage of ble Value | Debt as Percentag Taxable V | e of | Population | bt Per apita |
|----------------|--|---|--|----|-------------------------------|----|---------------|-----------------|---|-----------------------------------|------|------------|-----------------|
| 2015 | \$ 2,000,000 | e | \$ 4,214,602 | \$ | 6,214,602 | \$ | 473,817,278 | 0 | .42% | 1.31% | | 15,089 | \$ 412 |
| 2016 | 1,275,000 | | 3,798,436 | | 5,073,436 | | 494,027,840 | 0 | .26% | 1.03% | | 15,135 | 335 |
| 2017 | 1,050,000 | | 3,341,323 | | 4,391,323 | | 508,946,490 | 0 | .21% | 0.86% | | 15,272 | 288 |
| 2018 | 825,000 | | 2,890,818 | | 3,715,818 | | 535,721,820 | 0 | .15% | 0.69% | | 15,239 | 244 |
| 2019 | 575,000 | | 2,431,167 | | 3,006,167 | | 571,391,430 | 0 | .10% | 0.53% | | 15,269 | 197 |
| 2020 | 300,000 | | 1,960,800 | | 2,260,800 | | 605,258,850 | 0 | .05% | 0.37% | | 15,513 | 146 |
| 2021 | - | | 1,479,711 | | 1,479,711 | | 636,482,900 | 0 | .00% | 0.23% | | 15,194 | 97 |
| 2022 | - | | 986,951 | | 986,951 | | 667,528,410 | 0 | .00% | 0.15% | | 15,238 | 65 |
| 2023 | - | | 587,381 | | 587,381 | | 707,328,110 | 0 | .00% | 0.08% | | 14,928 | 39 |
| 2024 | - | | 183,241 | | 183,241 | | 766,329,150 | 0 | .00% | 0.02% | | 14,858 | 12 |

Source: SEMCOG Tax Value - Oakland County Equalization

Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt

June 30, 2024

| Governmental Unit | Del | ot Outstanding | Estimated Percent Applicable | imated Share Overlapping Debt |
|-----------------------------------|-----|----------------|---------------------------------|---|
| Overlapping debt: | | | | |
| Berkley School District | \$ | 136,435,000 | 54.61% | \$ 74,507,154 |
| Royal Oak School District | | 29,235,000 | 0.44% | 128,634 |
| Oakland County | | 144,919,913 | 1.03% | 1,492,675 |
| Oakland County Intermediate | | | | |
| School District | | 38,215,000 | 1.03% | 393,615 |
| Oakland County Community | | | | |
| College | | - | 0.00% | - |
| Total overlapping debt | | | | 76,522,077 |
| Direct city debt | | | | \$ - |
| Total Direct and Overlapping Debt | | | | \$ 76,522,077 |

Source: Percentages obtained from Municipal Advisory Council of Michigan

The percentage of overlapping bonded debt applicable to each governmental unit is estimated using the taxable valuation of assessed property. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of each governmental unit's taxable property located within the boundaries of the City of Berkley and dividing it by that governmental unit's total taxable value.

Legal Debt Margin

Last Ten Fiscal Years

| | 2015 | | 2016 | 20 | 017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | | 2024 |
|--|------------------------------------|-----|-----------------------------|----|----------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----|-----------------------------|
| Calculation of debt limit: State equalized valuation (SEV) Debt limit (10% of SEV) | \$ 521,957,503 \$ 52,195,750 | | 91,165,960 \$ 59,116,596 | | ,050,220 ,405,022 | \$ 683,000,240 68,300,024 | \$ 772,186,870 77,218,687 | \$ 787,137,440 78,713,744 | \$ 838,198,290 83,819,829 | \$ 875,290,290 87,529,029 | \$ 922,269,888 92,226,989 | \$1 | ,025,340,830 102,534,083 |
| Calculation of debt subject to limit: Total debt (1) Less: debt not subject to limit | 6,414,602 | | 5,073,436 | 4 | ,391,323 | 3,715,818 | 3,006,167 | 2,260,800 | 1,479,711 | 986,953 | 587,381 | | 183,241 |
| State qualified debt issuance | - | | - | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | | |
| Net debt subject to limit | 6,414,602 | | 5,073,436 | 4 | ,391,323 | 3,715,818 | 3,006,167 | 2,260,800 | 1,479,711 | 986,953 | 587,381 | | 183,241 |
| Net debt margin | \$ 45,781,148 \$ | 5 5 | 54,043,160 \$ | 59 | ,013,699 | \$ 64,584,206 | \$ 74,212,520 | \$ 76,452,944 | \$ 82,340,118 | \$ 86,542,076 | \$ 91,639,608 | \$ | 102,350,842 |
| Net debt subject to limit as % of debt limit | 12.29% | | 8.58% | | 6.93% | 5.44% | 3.89% | 2.87% | 1.77% | 1.13% | 0.64% | | 0.18% |
| Same Oaldand County Freedlingting | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Source: Oakland County Equalization

City annual financial statements

(1) All debt including PA 99 installment debt

Legal Debt Margin PA 99 Debt Only

Last Ten Fiscal Years

| | 2015 | 2016 | 20 | 017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | | 2024 |
|---|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----|------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----|--------------------------|
| Calculation of debt limit: Taxable value (TV) Debt limit (1.25% of TV) | \$ 473,817,278 5,922,716 | \$ 494,027,840 \$ 6,175,348 | | 3,946,490 5,361,831 | \$ 535,721,820 6,696,523 | \$ 571,391,430 7,142,393 | \$ 605,258,850 7,565,736 | \$ 636,482,900 7,956,036 | \$ 667,528,410 8,344,105 | \$ 707,328,110 \$ 8,841,601 | 6 7 | 766,124,710 9,576,559 |
| Calculation of debt subject to limit: Total debt Less: debt not subject to limit State qualified debt issuance | 200,000 | - | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | | - |
| Net debt subject to limit | 200,000 | - | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | | - |
| Net debt margin | \$ 5,722,716 | \$ 6,175,348 \$ | 6 | 5,361,831 | \$ 6,696,523 | \$ 7,142,393 | \$ 7,565,736 | \$ 7,956,036 | \$ 8,344,105 | \$ 8,841,601 \$ | 5 | 9,576,559 |
| Net debt subject to limit as % of debt limit | 3.38% | 0.00% | | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | | 0.00% |

Source: City annual financial statements

Pledged-Revenue Coverage

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Water and Sewer Debt Service

| Fiscal Year (1) | Fu | ater and Sewer and Operating Revenue (2) | Less: Operating Expenses | N | et Revenue |] | Principal | Interest | Total | Coverage |
|-----------------|----|--|--------------------------------|----|------------|----|-----------|---------------|---------------|----------|
| 2015 | \$ | 5,816,011 | \$ 4,752,286 | \$ | 1,063,725 | \$ | 413,008 | \$ 125,137 | \$ 538,145 | 1.98% |
| 2016 | | 6,197,517 | 5,099,352 | | 1,098,165 | | 424,983 | 90,968 | 515,951 | 2.13% |
| 2017 | | 6,429,612 | 5,493,331 | | 936,281 | | 439,794 | 92,664 | 532,458 | 1.76% |
| 2018 | | 6,196,595 | 6,337,214 | | (140,619) | | 450,505 | 79,271 | 529,776 | -0.27% |
| 2019 | | 6,170,042 | 5,485,593 | | 684,449 | | 459,651 | 69,706 | 529,357 | 1.29% |
| 2020 | | 6,915,755 | 5,888,960 | | 1,026,795 | | 470,368 | 55,869 | 526,237 | 1.95% |
| 2021 | | 7,146,772 | 5,658,086 | | 1,488,686 | | 481,089 | 47,303 | 528,392 | 2.82% |
| 2022 | | 7,333,257 | 6,233,151 | | 1,100,106 | | 492,760 | 35,709 | 528,469 | 2.08% |
| 2023 | | 6,722,000 | 6,493,293 | | 228,707 | | 398,933 | 23,883 | 422,766 | 0.54% |
| 2024 | | 8,464,576 | 5,830,101 | | 2,634,475 | | 404,778 | 4,028 | 408,806 | 6.44% |

Source: City of Berkley finance department

(1) Debt starts in fiscal year 2004

(2) Interest income is not included in operating revenue

Demographic and Economic Statistics

Last Ten Fiscal Years

| Population | | Median Houshold Income | | - | Unemployment Rate | | | |
|------------|--|---|---|--|---|--|--|--|
| | | | | | | | | |
| 15,089 | \$ | 75,856 | \$ | 38,872 | 5.40% | | | |
| 15,135 | | * | | * | 4.70% | | | |
| 15,727 | | * | | * | 4.40% | | | |
| 15,239 | | 74,172 | | 38,667 | 2.90% | | | |
| 15,269 | | 77,772 | | 40,009 | 3.70% | | | |
| 15,513 | | 82,095 | | 38,667 | 14.90% | | | |
| 15,194 | | 74,172 | | 38,667 | 3.60% | | | |
| 15,238 | | 93,038 | | 47,840 | 2.10% | | | |
| 14,928 | | 96,993 | | 51,070 | 2.80% | | | |
| 14,858 | | 108,125 | | 58,286 | 2.60% | | | |
| | 15,089 15,135 15,727 15,239 15,269 15,513 15,194 15,238 14,928 | 15,089 \$ 15,135 15,727 15,239 15,269 15,513 15,194 15,238 14,928 | Houshold IncomePopulationHoushold Income15,089\$ 75,85615,135*15,727*15,23974,17215,26977,77215,51382,09515,19474,17215,23893,03814,92896,993 | PopulationHoushold IncomePer15,089\$75,856\$15,135***15,727***15,23974,172**15,26977,772**15,51382,09515,19474,17215,23893,03896,993* | Houshold IncomePer Capita Personal Income15,089\$75,856\$38,87215,135***15,727***15,23974,17238,66715,26977,77240,00915,51382,09538,66715,19474,17238,66715,23893,03847,84014,92896,99351,070 | | | |

Sources: Census Homefacts.com City-data.com Areavibes.com World Population Review Incomebyzipcode.com

* Information not available

Principal Employers

Current Year and Ten Years Prior

| | Year En | ded June | 30, 2024 | Year En | Year Ended June 30, 2014 | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------|----------|--------------|-------------|--------------------------|------------|--|--|--|
| | | | Percentage | | | Percentage | | | |
| Employer | Employees | Rank | of Total (1) | Employees | Rank | of Total | | | |
| | 50.4 | | | 60 5 | | 15 510/ | | | |
| Berkley School District | 724 | 1 | - | 605 | 1 | 17.51% | | | |
| Westborn Market | 170 | 2 | - | 94 | 4 | 2.72% | | | |
| Crispelli's | 85 | 3 | - | 58 | 6 | 1.68% | | | |
| City of Berkley | 78 | 4 | - | 71 | 5 | 2.05% | | | |
| Green Lantern | 78 | 5 | - | - | - | - | | | |
| Vinsetta Garage | 70 | 6 | - | 108 | 3 | 3.13% | | | |
| Stantec | 45 | 7 | - | - | - | - | | | |
| 24 Seconds | 25 | 8 | - | - | - | - | | | |
| Berkley Common | 17 | 9 | - | - | - | - | | | |
| Durst Lumber | 15 | 10 | - | 29 | 8 | 0.84% | | | |
| O'Mara's Restaurant | - | - | - | 30 | 7 | 0.87% | | | |
| The Doll Hospital & Toy Soldier Shop | - | - | - | 25 | 9 | 0.72% | | | |
| Sila's Pizzeria | - | - | - | 25 | 10 | 0.72% | | | |
| Farina's Banquet Center | - | - | - | 25 | 10 | 0.72% | | | |
| SHW Group | - | - | - | 109 | 2 | 3.15% | | | |
| Total | 1307 | | | 1179 | | | | | |

(1) Total number of all employees not available

Source: Berkley Finance Department

Southeast Michigan Council of Governments (U.S. Census Bureau – Community Data)

Full-time Equivalent City Government Employees

Last Ten Fiscal Years

| Department | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 |
|------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| City Manager | 1.60 | 2.60 | 3.00 | 2.00 | 2.00 | 2.00 | 2.00 | 4.00 | 3.00 | 2.00 |
| Communications | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| Information Technology | 0.75 | 0.75 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 2.00 | 2.00 |
| City Clerk/Elections | 1.60 | 1.60 | 2.00 | 2.00 | 2.00 | 2.00 | 2.00 | 2.00 | 2.00 | 2.00 |
| Treasury | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 2.00 | 2.00 |
| Finance | 1.15 | 1.15 | 3.00 | 3.00 | 3.00 | 3.00 | 3.00 | 3.00 | 2.00 | 3.00 |
| Public safety | 33.15 | 34.00 | 34.00 | 35.00 | 40.00 | 40.00 | 40.00 | 40.00 | 39.00 | 39.00 |
| Building | 0.95 | 0.95 | 2.00 | 3.00 | 3.00 | 3.00 | 3.00 | 3.00 | 4.00 | 5.00 |
| Public works (1) | 5.83 | 5.73 | 12.00 | 12.00 | 8.00 | 8.00 | 8.00 | 8.00 | 8.00 | 6.00 |
| Public works garage | 0.56 | 0.60 | 1.00 | 2.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 2.00 |
| Solid waste | 2.21 | 2.21 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| Water and sewer | 7.17 | 9.76 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 5.00 | 5.00 | 5.00 | 5.00 | 7.00 | 6.00 |
| Parks and recreation | 4.70 | 4.05 | 5.00 | 5.00 | 5.00 | 5.00 | 5.00 | 5.00 | 6.00 | 5.00 |
| Arena | 1.30 | 0.95 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Library | 2.95 | 2.95 | 4.00 | 3.00 | 2.00 | 2.00 | 3.00 | 3.00 | 2.00 | 2.00 |
| Court | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Total | 65.97 | 69.35 | 70.00 | 71.00 | 75.00 | 75.00 | 76.00 | 78.00 | 80.00 | 78.00 |

Source: City of Berkley finance department budget record

(1) Public works includes major and local streets

Operating Indicators

Last Ten Fiscal Years

| | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 |
|--------------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| General government: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Registered voters | 12,295 | 12,527 | 12,719 | 12,353 | 12,774 | 13,182 | 13,268 | 13,259 | 12,918 | 12,677 |
| Voters at polls | 3,214 | 1,664 | 7,383 | 2,318 | 6,598 | 3,555 | 2,441 | 1,850 | 3,018 | 2,023 |
| Absentee ballots | 940 | 833 | 2,292 | 748 | 2,254 | 4,576 | 5,626 | 1,844 | 2,887 | 2,212 |
| Percent voting | 33.79% | 19.93% | 76.07% | 24.82% | 69.30% | 61.68% | 60.80% | 27.86% | 45.71% | 29.00% |
| Public safety: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Responses to calls for service | 16,910 | 16,308 | 15,654 | 17,029 | 16,992 | 15,982 | 11,275 | 12,757 | 12,836 | 12,631 |
| Motor vehicle accidents | 404 | 360 | 394 | 377 | 370 | 385 | 233 | 292 | 28 | 294 |
| Assaults | 80 | 45 | 43 | 45 | 36 | 29 | 36 | 49 | 47 | 38 |
| Burglary | 22 | 37 | 12 | 14 | 10 | 4 | 3 | 9 | 6 | 4 |
| Property damage | 45 | 25 | 27 | 45 | 17 | 43 | 17 | 10 | 14 | 13 |
| Number of arrests | 1,113 | 1,295 | 1,199 | 1,120 | 978 | 498 | 450 | 655 | 753 | 699 |
| Fire: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Fire incidents (1) | 183 | 120 | 186 | 154 | 180 | 157 | 167 | 260 | 38 | 221 |
| Fire inspections conducted | 48 | 157 | 406 | 233 | 423 | 484 | 576 | 784 | 646 | 551 |
| Medical emergencies | 894 | 849 | 838 | 842 | 879 | 912 | 850 | 929 | 875 | 841 |
| Parks and recreation: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Youth classes | 90 | 94 | 88 | 85 | 95 | 24 | 52 | 68 | 70 | 48 |
| Adult classes | 80 | 79 | 78 | 82 | 120 | 24 | 53 | 56 | 57 | 64 |
| Youth leagues | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Adult leagues | 5 | 5 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 7 |
| Summerday camp participants | 250 | 305 | 347 | 389 | 427 | - | 146 | 300 | 329 | 106 |
| Senior citizens programs | 25 | 27 | 24 | 28 | 45 | 10 | 10 | 42 | 45 | 63 |
| Ice arena: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Number of skaters enrolled | 106 | 130 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Hours of ice time sold | 1,470 | 1,500 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Public works | | | | | | | | | | |
| Water purchased from SOCWA | 45,348,400 | 51,593,000 | 54,613,400 | 51,661,800 | 54,203,700 | 47,761,000 | 47,488,300 | 48,486,404 | 48,458,331 | 45,574,744 |
| Water sold to customers | 46,240,200 | 46,216,000 | 47,797,400 | 47,124,100 | 44,495,600 | 42,367,500 | 44,670,200 | 41,913,600 | 42,310,850 | 41,398,700 |
| Number of meters | 6,833 | 6,832 | 6,835 | 6,871 | 6,873 | 6,871 | 6,887 | 6,896 | 6,904 | 6,905 |

Operating Indicators, Continued

Last Ten Fiscal Years

| | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 |
|---------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Library: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Items circulated | 145,770 | 146,573 | 147,623 | 150,004 | 157,256 | 136,610 | 132,093 | 185,403 | 201,373 | 211,759 |
| Circulation per capita | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 11 | 9 | 9 | 12 | 13 | 14 |
| Reference and patron assistance | 14,440 | 14,351 | 13,769 | 12,839 | 12,710 | 8,174 | 10,500 | 5,106 | 8,638 | 8,130 |
| Electronic access | 11,239 | 13,290 | 13,537 | 15,885 | 19,625 | 27,191 | 35,043 | 30,540 | 35,242 | 44,876 |
| Registered borrowers | 7,991 | 7,826 | 7,454 | 7,396 | 6,368 | 6,475 | 6,541 | 6,178 | 5,820 | 5,942 |
| Materials borrowed - | | | | | | | | | | |
| non-residents | 41,900 | 41,478 | 42,206 | 41,565 | 46,029 | 37,804 | 21,250 | 54,606 | 58,756 | 58,177 |
| Materials borrowed - | | | | | | | | | | |
| Berkley residents | 19,816 | 19,038 | 17,687 | 19,745 | 19,471 | 11,115 | 11,340 | 9,351 | 14,534 | 16,649 |
| Number of participants in | | | | | | | | | | |
| activities | 6,536 | 4,260 | 5,507 | 5,942 | 5,959 | 4,425 | 2,546 | 2,836 | 3,677 | 4,155 |
| Public internet sessions | 32,111 | 31,264 | 19,763 | 16,906 | 16,108 | 11,573 | 47 | 6,018 | 8,357 | 8,686 |
| Books borrowed | 99,365 | 99,178 | 99,499 | 96,383 | 89,209 | 70,692 | 53,907 | 124,317 | 136,741 | 137,043 |
| Audio/Video/CDs borrowed | 45 | 40,902 | 39,428 | 36,219 | 29,439 | 21,576 | 9,645 | 39,842 | 28,576 | 29,840 |
| Library visits* | - | - | 118,263 | 116,217 | 111,901 | 75,323 | 2,947 | 65,247 | 83,522 | 89,944 |
| Treasury: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Summer tax bills processed | 3,564 | 3,495 | 3,423 | 3,360 | 3,360 | 3,355 | 3,378 | 3,378 | 3,374 | 3,274 |

*Category initiated FYE 2017

(1) Fire incidents includes open burns and downed wires

Capital Asset Statistics

Last Ten Fiscal Years

| Function/program | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 |
|------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| General government: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Square footage of buildings: | | | | | | | | | | |
| City Hall | 17,481 | 17,481 | 17,481 | 17,481 | 17,481 | 17,481 | 17,481 | 17,481 | 17,481 | 17,481 |
| Library | 15,000 | 15,000 | 15,000 | 15,000 | 15,000 | 15,000 | 15,000 | 15,000 | 15,000 | 15,000 |
| Parks and recreation | 8,200 | 8,200 | 8,200 | 8,200 | 8,200 | 8,200 | 8,200 | 8,200 | 8,200 | 8,200 |
| Ice arena | 34,200 | 34,200 | 34,200 | 34,200 | 34,200 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Public safety | 12,000 | 12,000 | 12,000 | 12,000 | 12,000 | 12,600 | 12,600 | 12,600 | 12,600 | 12,600 |
| Public works | 2,475 | 2,475 | 2,475 | 2,475 | 2,475 | 2,475 | 2,475 | 2,475 | 26,146 | 26,146 |
| Public safety: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Fire vehicles | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Police vehicles | 15 | 15 | 15 | 16 | 16 | 17 | 17 | 22 | 22 | 26 |
| Stations | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Public works: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Major streets (miles) | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 18 | 18 | 18 |
| Local streets (miles) | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 |
| Street lights | 720 | 720 | 720 | 720 | 720 | 720 | 720 | 723 | 723 | 723 |
| Vehicles in City fleet | 41 | 40 | 40 | 40 | 40 | 40 | 40 | 40 | 48 | 50 |
| Parks and Recreation: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Parks | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 |
| Park land (acres) | 42 | 42 | 42 | 42 | 42 | 42 | 42 | 42 | 42 | 42 |
| Baseball fields | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 |
| Ice arena | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Historical museum | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Tennis courts | - | - | - | - | - | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| Water and sewer | | | | | | | | | | |
| Water mains (miles) | 53 | 53 | 53 | 53 | 53 | 53 | 53 | 57 | 57 | 57 |
| Sanitary sewers (miles) | 56 | 56 | 69 | 69 | 69 | 69 | 69 | 71 | 71 | 71 |
| Fire hydrants | 500 | 500 | 500 | 500 | 500 | 500 | 500 | 522 | 522 | 522 |

Source: Berkley Building Department - Square Footage

Berkley Public Safety-Capital Asset Information

Berkley Public Works- Capital Asset Information including water/sewer

Berkley Parks and Recreation - Program Information

Berkley Finance Department Fleet Information